

AIR TO WATER HEAT PUMP UNITS

SERVICE MANUAL R32

[Model Name]

PUZ-SWM60VAA PUZ-SWM80VAA PUZ-SWM100VAA PUZ-SWM120VAA PUZ-SWM140VAA

PUZ-SWM80YAA PUZ-SWM100YAA PUZ-SWM120YAA PUZ-SWM140YAA

PUZ-SHWM60VAA PUZ-SHWM80VAA PUZ-SHWM100VAA PUZ-SHWM120VAA PUZ-SHWM140VAA

PUZ-SHWM80YAA PUZ-SHWM100YAA PUZ-SHWM120YAA PUZ-SHWM140YAA [Service Ref.] PUZ-SWM60VAA.TR PUZ-SWM80VAA.TR PUZ-SWM100VAA.TR PUZ-SWM120VAA.TR PUZ-SWM140VAA.TR

PUZ-SWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SWM140YAA.TR

PUZ-SHWM60VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM80VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140VAA.TR

PUZ-SHWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR

December 2023 No. OCH809 REVISED EDITION-A

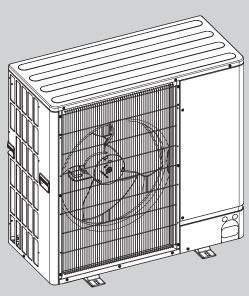
Note:

• This manual describes service data of the outdoor units only.

Revision:

 Added connectable indoor units in REVISED EDITION-A.

OCH809 is void.



OUTDOOR UNIT

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB809)

INDOOR UNIT SERVICE MANUAL 1-1. FOR AIR TO WATER SYSTEM

1

Model name	Service ref.	Service
		manual No.
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SAFETY PRECAUTION

2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

Preparation before the repair service.

- Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the heat pump units, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

Precautions during the repair service.

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R32

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In the case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following:

- Be sure to clean the pipes and make sure that the insides of the pipes are clean.
- Change flare nut to the one provided with this product. Use a newly flared pipe.
- · Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc., which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Do not use refrigerant other than R32.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R32 refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R32 refrigerant.

Tools f	or R32
Gauge manifold	Flare tool
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant
	charging scale

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

[1] WARNING for service

$(\bar{1})$ Do not alter the unit.

- (2) For installation and relocation work, follow the instructions in the Installation Manual and use tools and pipe components specifically made for use with refrigerant specified in the outdoor unit installation manual.
- (3) Ask a dealer or an authorized technician to install, relocate and repair the unit.
- For appliances not accessible to the general public.
- (4) Refrigerant pipes connection shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- (5) If the air conditioner is installed in a small room or closed room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration in the room from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the concentration limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room may result.
- (6) Keep gas-burning appliances, electric heaters, and other fire sources (ignition sources) away from the location where installation, repair, and other air conditioner work will be performed.
- If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.
- (7) When installing or relocating, or servicing the air conditioner, use only the specified refrigerant (R32) to charge the refrigerant lines.
 - Do not mix it with any other refrigerant and do not allow air to remain in the lines.

If air is mixed with the refrigerant, then it can be the cause of abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant line, and may result in an explosion and other hazards.

- (8) After installation has been completed, check for refrigerant leaks. If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with the flame of a heater or portable cooking range, poisonous gases will be released.
- (9) Do not use low temperature solder alloy in the case of brazing the refrigerant pipes.
- (10) When performing brazing work, be sure to ventilate the room sufficiently. Make sure that there are no hazardous or flammable materials nearby.

When performing the work in a closed room, small room, or similar location, make sure that there are no refrigerant leaks before performing the work.

- If refrigerant leaks and accumulates, it may ignite or poisonous gases may be released.
- (11) Do not install the unit in places where refrigerant may build-up or places with poor ventilation such as a semi-basement or a sunken place in outdoor: Refrigerant is heavier than air, and inclined to fall away from the leak source.
- (12) Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- (13) The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- (14) Do not pierce or burn.
- (15) Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- (16) Pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- (17) The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
- (18) Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- (19) Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- (20) Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- (21) The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
- (22) Maintenance, service and repair operations shall be performed by authorized technician with required qualification.(23) Be sure to have appropriate ventilation in order to prevent ignition. Furthermore, be sure to carry out fire prevention measures that there are no dangerous or flammable objects in the surrounding area.

[2] Cautions for service

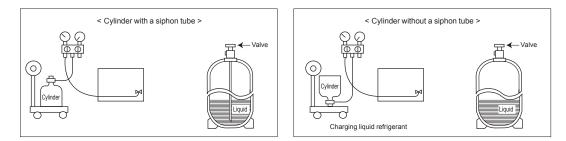
- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously.

Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[3] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

R32 is a single refrigerant and its composition does not change. Therefore, both liquid charging and gas charging are possible. Liquid charging of refrigerant all at once from the low pressure side may cause the compressor malfunction. Accordingly, make sure that charging is gradual.



[4] Cautions for unit using R32 refrigerant

Basic work procedures are the same as those for conventional units using refrigerant R410A. However, pay careful attention to the following points.

- (1) Information on servicing
- (1-1) Checks on the Area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

For repair to the refrigerating systems, (1-3) to (1-7) shall be completed prior to conducting work on the systems. (1-2) Work Procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

(1-3) General Work Area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

(1-4) Checking for Presence of Refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

(1-5) Presence of Fire Extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand.

Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

(1-6) No Ignition Sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

(1-7) Ventilated Area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

(1-8) Checks on the Refrigeration Equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- · Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being corroded.
- (1-9) Checks on Electrical Devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial safety checks shall include that:

- · capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- there is continuity of earth bonding
- (2) Repairs to Sealed Components
- (2-1) During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- (2-2) Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc. Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

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(3) Repair to intrinsically Safe Components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

(4) Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or pumps.

(5) Detection of Flammable Refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

(6) Leak Detection Methods

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

(7) Removal and Evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant
- purge the circuit with inert gas
- evacuate
- purge again with inert gas
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times.

Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

(8) Charging Procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed:

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- · Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leaktested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

(9) Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.

- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- e) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- f) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- g) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- h) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- i) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- j) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

(10) Labelling

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

(11) Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

[5] Service tools

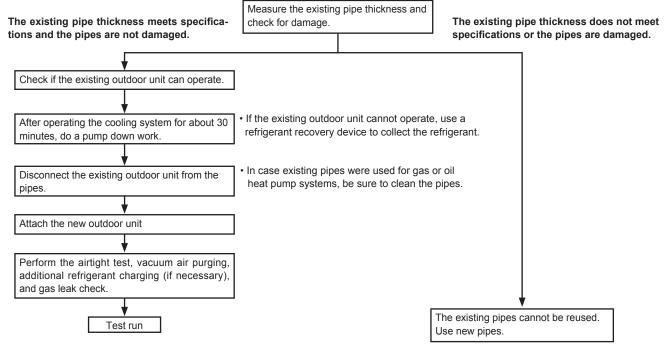
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R32 refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
	Gauge manifold	· Only for R32
1		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	· Only for R32
(2)		· Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic weighing scale	_
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134A, R407C, R410A or R32.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	_
	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R32
		· Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_

2-3. PRECAUTIONS WHEN REUSING EXISTING R22/R410A REFRIGERANT PIPES

(1) Flowchart

- Refer to the flowchart below to determine if the existing pipes can be used and if it is necessary to use a filter drier.
- If the diameter of the existing pipes is different from the specified diameter, refer to technical data materials to confirm if the pipes can be used.



(2) Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R32 is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R32 is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R32 is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

① Thickness of pipes

Because the working pressure of R32 is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7 mm or below.)

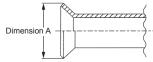
Diagram below: Piping diameter and thickness

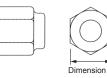
Nominal	Outside	Thickne	ss (mm)
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R32/R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05		1.0

② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R32 is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R32 has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R32 also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R32 below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch pipes, the dimension B changes.

Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.





Flare cutting dimensions

<u> </u>						
Nominal	Outside	Dimension	A (+0.4)(mm)			
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R32	R22			
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0			
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0			
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2			
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4			
3/4	19.05	_	23.3			

Flare nut dimensions

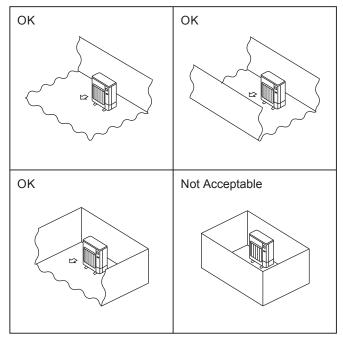
Nominal	Outside	Dimensic	on B(mm)					
dimensions (in)	diameter (mm)	R32	R22					
1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0					
3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0					
1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0					
5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0					
3/4	19.05		36.0					
	Nominal dimensions (in) 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8	dimensions (in)diameter (mm)1/46.353/89.521/212.705/815.88	Nominal dimensions (in) Outside diameter (mm) Dimension R32 1/4 6.35 17.0 3/8 9.52 22.0 1/2 12.70 26.0 5/8 15.88 29.0					

				· · ·	
Tools and materials		R32 tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?	Can R410A tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge and operation check	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	0
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	0
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	0
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	×
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	0
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R32	×	×	0
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adopter for reverse flow check	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	△(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)	△(Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Refrigerant charge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermistor vacuum gauge and vacuum valve	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum valve prevents back flow of oil and refrigerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0	0
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R32	×	-	×

③ Tools for R32 (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

 \times : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R32.) \triangle : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions. \bigcirc : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

2-4. Choosing the outdoor unit installation location



R32 is heavier than air-as well as other refrigerantsso tends to accumulate at the base (in the vicinity of the floor). If R32 accumulates around base, it may reach a flammable concentration in case room is small. To avoid ignition, maintaining a safe work environment is required by ensuring appropriate ventilation. If a refrigerant leak is confirmed in a room or an area where there is insufficient ventilation, refrain from using of flames until the work environment can be improved by ensuring appropriate ventilation.

Install outdoor units in a place where at least one of the four sides is open, and in a sufficiently large space without depressions.

2-5. Minimum installation area

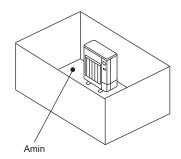
If you unavoidably install a unit in a space where all four sides are blocked or there are depressions, confirm that one of these situations (A, B or C) is satisfied.

Note: These countermeasures are for keeping safety not for specification guarantee.

A) Secure sufficient installation space (minimum installation area Amin).

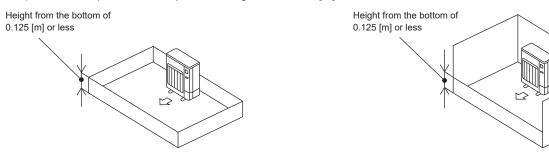
Install in a space with an installation area of Amin or more, corresponding to refrigerant amount M (factory-charged refrigerant + locally added refrigerant).

M [kg]	Amin [m ²]
1.0	12
1.5	17
2.0	23
2.5	28
3.0	34
3.5	39
4.0	45
4.5	50
5.0	56
5.5	62
6.0	67
6.5	73
7.0	78
7.5	84



M: Refrigerant amount (factory - charged refrigerant + locally added refrigerant) [kg] Amin: Minimum installation area [m²]

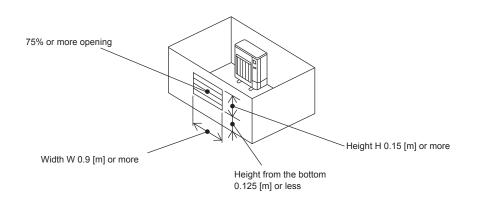
B) Install in a space with a depression height of ≤ 0.125 [m]



C) Create an appropriate ventilation open area.

Make sure that the width of the open area is 0.9 [m] or more and the height of the open area is 0.15 [m] or more. However, the height from the bottom of the installation space to the bottom edge of the open area should be 0.125 [m] or less.

Open area should be 75% or more opening.



120VAA 120VAA 140VAA Single 50 Hz, 230 V 3-Phase 50 Hz, 230 V 2300 V 230 V 12.0 28.0 28.0 12.0 28.0 Iagnelis 28.0 28.0 SE RAL0002500)> 28.0 28.0 Valve 12.0 28.0 Valve 12.0 28.0 Valve 3. Valve 58 Valve 60 (2120) 1 112 (247) 112 (247) 124.5 (275) 1 112 (247) 8(5/8F)'1 30 m (50 m²)								PU7-SWM				
sec cyde, voltage) ingle 50 Hz, 230 V 230	Service Ref.			60VAA	80VAA	80YAA	100VAA	100YAA	120VAA	120YAA	140VAA	140YAA
Image:	Power sour	ce (Phase, cycle, vol	tage)	Single 50 h		3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230V	3-Phase 50 Hz 400V
Model Founder Capiton on Magnelis Model Lineal Expansion Valve Model Lineal Expansion Valve Model DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Model DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Moder output KW DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Feating K Comp. surface term DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Fain motroroutput KW M Comp. surface term DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Fain motroroutput KW M Comp. surface term DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Fain motroroutput KW M Comp. surface term DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT Fain motroroutput	2	lax. current	A	13.5	17.0	8.0	22.0	0.0	28.0	12.0	28.0	12.0
Model Linear Expansion Value Model DVB28FECMT DVB28FECMT <td>External fin</td> <td>sh</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Pc <ral260900< td=""><td>wder paint on Ma 35 (FRONT/ BASE</td><td>gnelis RAL0002500)></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></ral260900<></td>	External fin	sh					Pc <ral260900< td=""><td>wder paint on Ma 35 (FRONT/ BASE</td><td>gnelis RAL0002500)></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></ral260900<>	wder paint on Ma 35 (FRONT/ BASE	gnelis RAL0002500)>			
Model Hemetic Motor output KW DVB28FECMT D	Refrigerant	control						inear Expansion V	/alve			
Model DVB28FEGMT DV28FEGMT </td <td>Compresso</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Hermetic</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Compresso							Hermetic				
Motor output WW 2.2 Inventor 3.6 Starter type Inventor Inventor </td <td></td> <td>Model</td> <td></td> <td>DVB28F</td> <td>ECMT</td> <td>DVB28FEDMT</td> <td>DVB28FECMT</td> <td>DVB28FEDMT</td> <td>DVB28FECMT</td> <td></td> <td>DVB36FEAMT</td> <td>DVB36FEBMT</td>		Model		DVB28F	ECMT	DVB28FEDMT	DVB28FECMT	DVB28FEDMT	DVB28FECMT		DVB36FEAMT	DVB36FEBMT
		Motor output					2.2					3.6
Protection devices HP switch, Discharge thermo. Thermal protector. Image: comparison devices V Fan (drive) × No. Plate fin coll Aintio cuptur m/nin (CFN) 58 (2050) 62 (2190) 60 (2120) Aintio cuptur mm (inch) S8 (2050) 1050 (41-30) 60 (2120) 60 (212) Heating mm (inch) S8 (2050) 1050 (41-30) 58 1050 (41-30) 60 (2120) 60 (2120) Mm (inch) mm (inch) Nmm (inch) 104.5 (231) 112 (247) 113.5 (251) 113.5 (211) 113.5 (211) 113.5 (211) 113.5		Starter type						Inverter				
W Plate fin coll Fan dicrouput kW Plate fin coll Fan moto couput kW 58 (2050) 60 (2120)		Protection d	evices				HP switch, Disc Comp. su	charge thermo, Over rface thermo, The	ercurrent detection	on,		
	R Crankcase	neater	M					1				
	O Heat excha	nger						Plate fin coil				
	Fan Fan		< No.					Propeller fan x	-			
	.nc							0.200				
Heating dB Feverse cycle Eleverse cycle 58 W mm (inch) mm (inch) 1050 (41-3/8) 58 W mm (inch) 1040 (40) 1040 (40) 1040 (40) M mm (inch) 104.5 (231) 113.5 (251) 113.5 (251) 113.5 (251) 113.5 (251) M mm (inch) 104.5 (231) 113.5 (251))		m ³ /min (CFM)		58 (2050)		62 (2	(190)	60 (2	2120)	909	2120)
Heating dB 54 58 W mm (inch) mm (inch) 1050 (41-3/8) 113.5 (251) 13.5 (251) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21) 113.5 (21)	Defrost met	hod						Reverse cycle				
	Sound powe	er level Heating	dB		54				56			
	Dimensions		mm (inch)					1050 (41-3/8)				
			mm (inch)					480 (18-7/8)				
		Н	mm (inch)					1040 (40)				
r chargelesskg (lb)R32lel)L1.8 (3.97)lel)L0.9 (FW68CA)liquidmm (inch)0.9 (FW68CA)Liquidmm (inch)0.3 (1/4F)loor side12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F)^1Indoor side12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F)^1Height differenceMaximum 30 mPiping length50 m	Weight		kg (lb)	104.5	(231)	113.5 (251)	105.5 (233)	113.5 (251)	112 (247)	124.5 (275)	113.5 (251)	124.5 (275)
r chargeless kg (lb) 1.8 (3.97) le1) L L 0.9 (FW68CA) Liquid mm (inch) 0.9 (FW68CA) Sas (1/4F) Gas mm (inch) 12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F) ⁻¹ Indoor side Flared Flared Outdoor side Flared Flared Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m	Refrigerant							R32				
lel) L 0.9 (FW68CA) Liquid mm (inch) 6.35 (1/4F) Liquid mm (inch) 12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F) ⁻¹ Indoor side 12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F) ⁻¹ Outdoor side Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m		uantity chargeless	kg (lb)					1.8 (3.97)				
Liquid mm (inch) 6.35 (1/4F) Gas mm (inch) 12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F) ⁻¹ Indoor side Flared Outdoor side Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m		il (Model)	_					0.9 (FW68CA)				
Gas mm (inch) 12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F) ⁻¹ Indoor side Flared Outdoor side Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m	Dipe size O		mm (inch)					6.35 (1/4F)				
Indoor side Flared Outdoor side Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m	uidio		mm (inch)				12	.7 (1/2F) or 15.88(5/8F)*1			
Outdoor side Flared Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m	E Connection							Flared				
Height difference Maximum 30 m Piping length 50 m	Bern method	-	0					Flared				
Piping length 50 m	Between th		ence					Maximum 30 m				
	R indoor & ou		- -			50 m				30 m (f	50 m* ²)	

*1 When connecting to a reversible indoor unit for cooling operation, please use MAC-001FN-E and connect ø15.88 gas pipe. Otherwise, the cooling capacity may be down.

*2 If used as heating only.

SPECIFICATIONS

3

Service Ket. Power source (Phase, cycle, voltage) External finish Refrigerant control Compressor Model Motor output Starter type Protection devices	age)	60VAA	80VAA	~~~~~					140VAA	140YAA
Power source (Phas External finish Refrigerant control Compressor	age)			BUTAA	100VAA	100YAA	120VAA	14U TAA		
External finish Refrigerant control Compressor		Single 50 Hz, 230	, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V	Single 50 Hz, 230 V	3-Phase 50 Hz, 400 V
External finish Refrigerant control Compressor	A	13.5	19.0	8.0	27.0	9.0	28.0	12.0	35.0	12.0
Refrigerant control Compressor					-RAL2609005	Powder paint on Magnelis <ral2609005 (front="" base="" ral0002500)=""></ral2609005>	nelis RAL0002500)>			
Compressor					Line	Linear Expansion Valve	lve			
						Hermetic				
		DVK28FECM1	CMT	DVK28FEDMT	DVK28FECMT	DVK28FEDMT	DVK28FECMT	DVK28FEDMT	DVK36FEAMT DVK36FEBMT	DVK36FEBMT
	kW				2.2				e	3.6
						Inverter				
	vices			Ŧ	P switch, Discha Comp. surfa	HP switch, Discharge thermo, Overcurrent detection, Comp. surface thermo, Thermal protector	current detection	'n,		
Crankcase heater	>									
O Heat exchanger						Plate fin coil				
E Fan (drive) × No	No.					Propeller fan x 1				
Ean motor output	ut kW					0.200				
Airflow	m ³ /min (CFM)		58 (2050)		62 (2	62 (2190)	60 (2	60 (2120)	60 (2	60 (2120)
Defrost method						Reverse cycle				
Sound power level Heating	dB		54				5	58		
Dimensions	mm (inch)					1050 (41-3/8)				
D	mm (inch)					480 (18-7/8)				
I	mm (inch)					1040 (40)				
Weight	kg (lb)	106 (234)	(4)	115 (254)	106.5 (235)	115 (254)	113.5 (251)	125.5 (277)	114.5 (253)	126 (278)
Refrigerant						R32				
Quantity chargeless	kg (lb)					1.8 (3.97)				
Oil (Model)						0.9 (FW68CA)				
Pipe size OD Liquid	mm (inch)					6.35 (1/4)				
	mm (inch)				12.7 (12.7 (1/2F) or 15.88 (5/8F) *1	/8F) *1			
E Connection Indoor side						Flared				
B method Outdoor side						Flared				
Between the Height difference	nce					Maximum 30 m				
Indoor & outdoor Piping length						30 m (50m * ²)				

1 When connecting to a reversible indoor unit for cooling operation, please use MAC-001FN-E and connect ø15.88 gas pipe. Otherwise, the cooling capacity may be down.

*2 If used as heating only.

4

4-1. REFILLING REFRIGERANT CHARGE (R32: kg)

	Heating only	Initial amount	Chargeless piping length	piping	Permitted vertical difference		2 to 3 m	-5 m	-10 m	-15 m	-20 m	-25 m	-30 m	-35 m	-40 m	-45 m	-50 m	Max. amount
						Total amount, kg	1	.30 *2		1.40 ^{*2}	1.50 ^{*2}	1.60 *2	1.70 ^{*2}	1.80	2.00	2.10	2.20	
DUIT	S(H)WM60/80/100*AA	1.80 kg	35 m	-50 m	-30 m	Additional charge amount, kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+0.20	+0.30		2.20 kg
PUZ-						Total amount, kg	1	.50 ^{*2}		1.60 ^{*2}	1.70 ^{*2}	1.80	1.80	2.00	2.20	2.30	2.40	
	S(H)WM120/140*AA	1.80 kg 30 m	30 m	-50 m	-30 m	Additional charge amount, kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+0.20	+0.40	+0.50		2.40 kg
(Co	Reversible oling and Heating)	Initial amount	Chargeless piping length	Permitted piping length	Permitted vertical difference	Piping length	2 to 3 m	-5 m	-10 m	-15 m	-20 m	-25 m	-30 m	-35 m	-40 m	-45 m	-50 m	Max. amount
	S(H)WM60/80/100*AA	. 1.80 kg	15 m	-50 m		Total amount, kg	1.70	*2	1.80	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.4	40	
					-30 m	Additional charge amount, kg	-	-	-	-	+0.10	+0.20	+0.30	+0.40	+0.50	+0.		2.40 kg
PUZ-						Total amount, kg	2.20	2	.30		2.	40			_			
	S(H)WM120/140*AA	1.80 kg	None. *1	-30 m	-30 m	Additional charge amount, kg	+0.40	+().50		+0	.60						2.40 kg

*1 The piping length of 5 m is usable if the cases below are allowable.

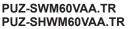
The piping length of S in Susable in the cases below are anowable.
The maximum cooling capacity may drop over 20 percent. In this case, cooling efficiency will be less and the input increases as well.
The running-water noise may occur from the extended pipings of the indoor unit.
*2 These values are recommended only in the case of recharging. At the initial installment, an adjustment for the amounts of refrigerant is not necessary.
*3 When setting the water temperature to 60°C or higher, add the refrigerant amount for the "reversible" even when using the "heating only". Otherwise, the system may not operate due to the refrigerant shortage.

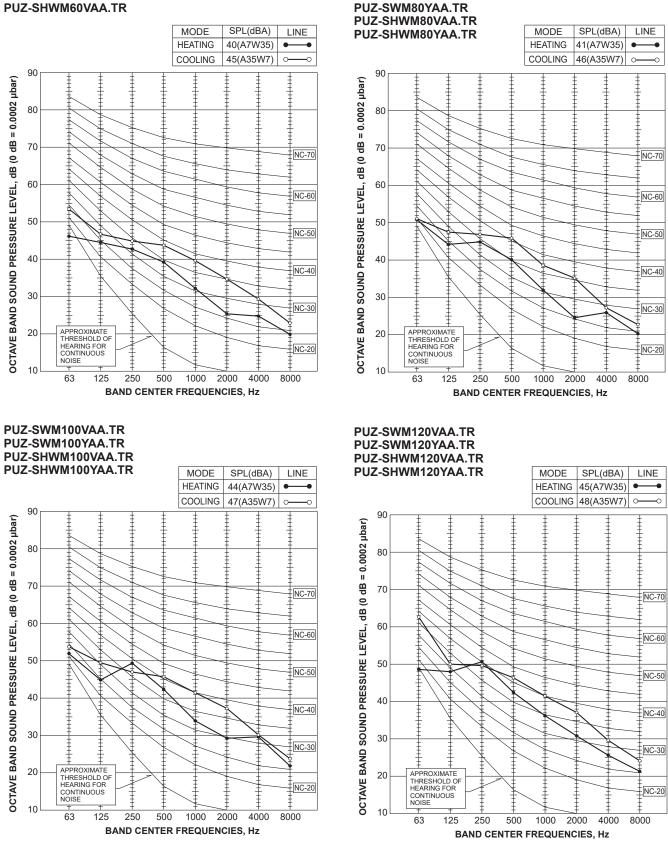
4-2. COMPRESSOR TECHNICAL DATA

4-2. COM	PRI	ESSOR TECHNIC	(Winding temperature at 20°C)		
Service Ref.		PUZ-SWM60VAA.TR PUZ-SWM80VAA.TR PUZ-SWM100VAA.TR PUZ-SWM120VAA.TR	PUZ-SWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SWM120YAA.TR	PUZ-SWM140VAA.TR	PUZ-SWM140YAA.TR
Compressor model		DVB28FECMT	DVB28FEDMT	DVB36FEAMT	DVB36FEBMT
Winding U-V		0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94
Resistance	U-W	0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94
(Ω)	W-V	0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94

Service Ref.		PUZ-SHWM60VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM80VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120VAA.TR	PUZ-SHWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120YAA.TR	PUZ-SHWM140VAA.TR	PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR
Compressor m	nodel	DVK28FECMT	DVK28FEDMT	DVK36FEAMT	DVK36FEBMT
Winding U-V		0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94
Resistance U-W		0.94	0.94	0.32	0.94
(Ω) W-Y		0.95	0.94	0.32	0.94

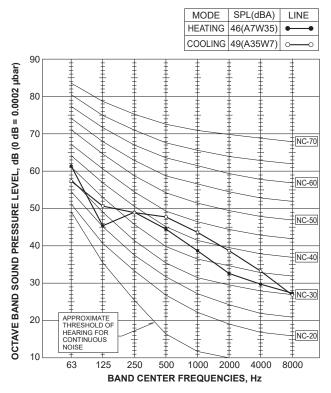
4-3. NOISE CRITERION CURVES

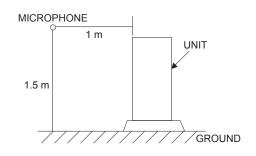




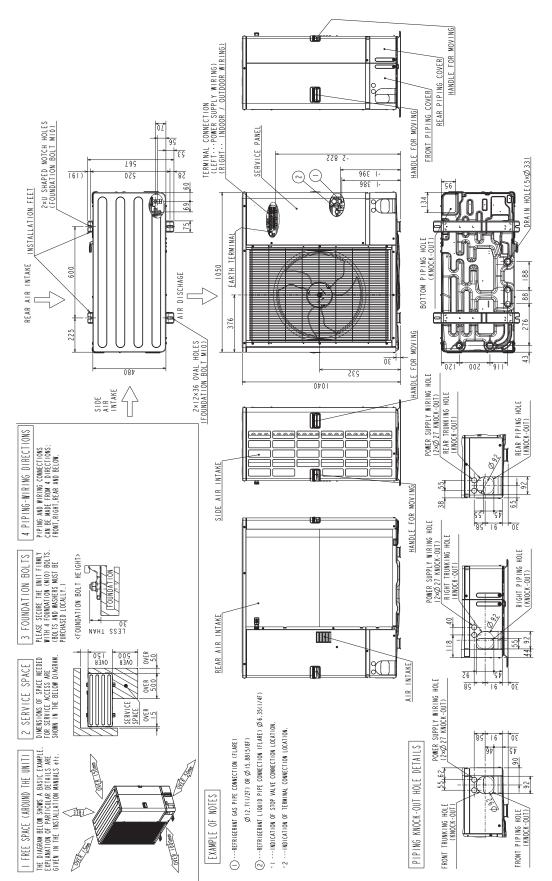
PUZ-SWM80VAA.TR

PUZ-SHWM140VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR





Unit: mm



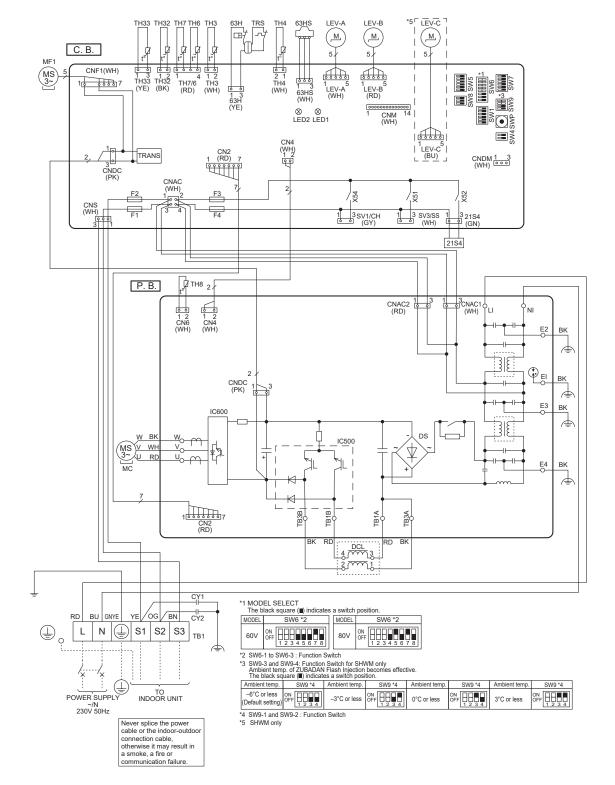
WIRING DIAGRAM

PUZ-SWM60VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM60VAA.TR

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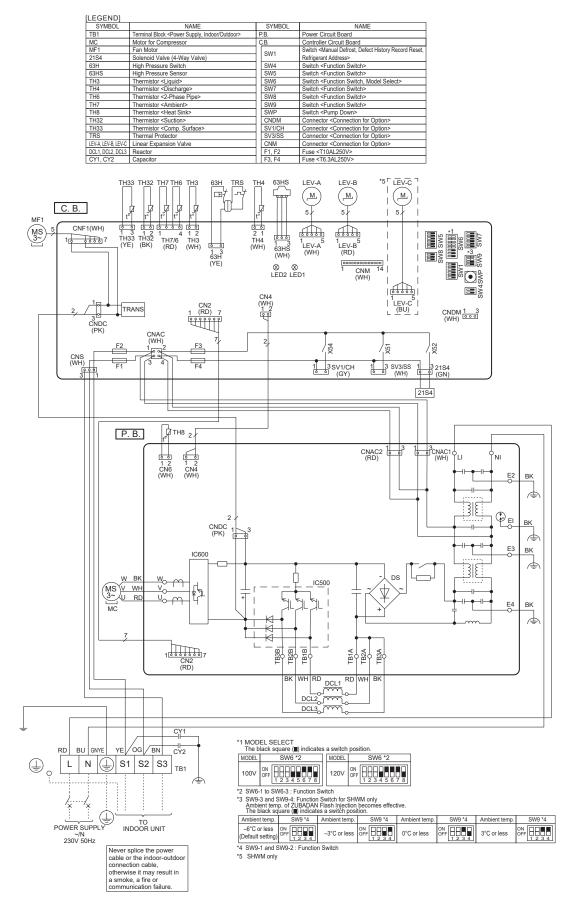
PUZ-SWM80VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM80VAA.TR

SYMBOL	NAME	Т	SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power indoor="" outdoor="" supply,=""></power>		P. B.	Power Circuit Board
MC	Motor for Compressor	Т	C. B.	Controller Circuit Board
MF1	Fan Motor		SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history="" record="" reset<="" td=""></manual>
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)		5001	Refrigerant Address>
63H	High Pressure Switch		SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor		SW5	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>		SW6	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>		SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>		SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>		SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
TH32	Thermistor <suction></suction>		CNDM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH33	Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.>		SV1/CH	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TRS	Thermal Protector		SV3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-O	Linear Expansion Valve		CNM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
DCL	Reactor		F1, F2	Fuse <t10al250v></t10al250v>
CY1, CY2	Capacitor		F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>

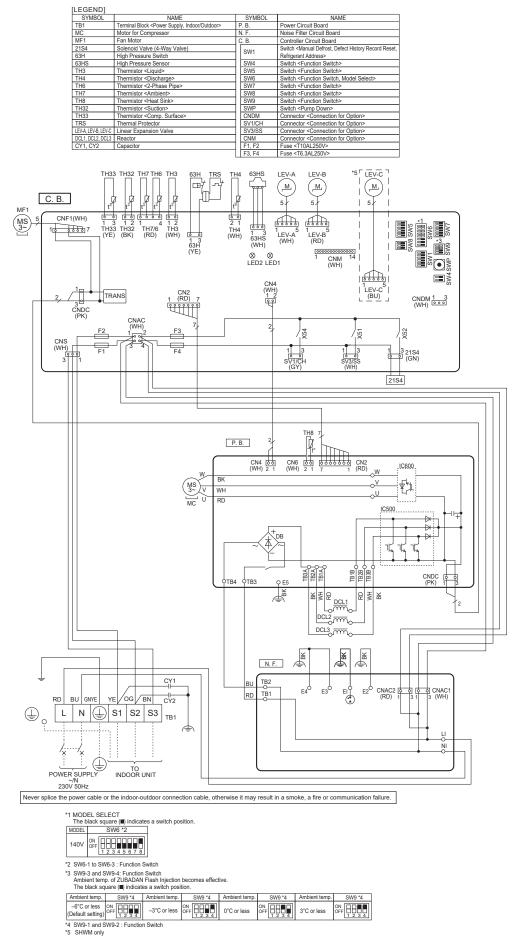


PUZ-SWM100VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100VAA.TR

PUZ-SWM120VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120VAA.TR



PUZ-SWM140VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140VAA.TR



PUZ-SWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SWM140YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR [LEGEND] SYMBOL NAME SYMBOL NAME Thermal Protector NAME YMBOL NAME SYMBOL Terminal Block <Power Supply> TRS Terminal Block <Indoor/Outdoor> LEV-A, LEV-B, Motor for Compressor LEV-C Switch <Function Switch> SW4 SW5 Switch <Function Switch> Switch <Pump Down> Connection & Connection for Ontion> TB2 Linear Expansion Valve SW3 SW7 SW8 SW9 SWP CNDM M LEV-C ACL1, ACL2, Motor for Compressor Fan Motor Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve) High Pressure Switch High Pressure Sensor Thermistor <Liquid> Thermistor <Liquid> Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> MF1 21S4 63H Reactor ACL3, ACL4 CY1, CY2 Capacito 63H TH3 TH4 TH6 TH7 Capacitor Rush Current Protect Resistor Power Circuit Board Noise Filter Circuit Board Connector < Connection for Option . В SV1/CH Connector <Connection for Option: N. F Connector <Connection for Option Converter Circuit Board Controller Circuit Board Switch <Manual Defrost. Defect Hi CNM F1, F2 F3, F4 Connector <Connection for Option> Fuse <T10AL250V> Fuse <T6.3AL250V> Thermistor <Ambient> CONV. B. C. B. TH8 TH3 TH3 Thermistor <Heat Sink> SW1 Record Reset, Refrigerant Addres TRS TH33 TH32 TH7 TH6 TH3 LEV-A LEV-B *5 LEV-C 63H TH4 63HS T t° t° [(__) (____) dit° ÎÎ C. B. ø ţ, 5 51 MF1 Image: Constraint of the state of 2 1 TH4 (WH) <u>tan</u>i CNF1(WH) (MS 3~ <u>i Alba</u> 1 1 2 TH3 (WH) 7 LEV-A (WH) LEV-B (RD) 1 3 63HS (WH) 1 3 63H (YE) 000 ⊗ ⊗ LED2 LED1 00 14 CNM (WH) **3** litter i CN4 (WH) 1 2 (약 CN2 1 (RD) 7 3 CNDC (PK) LEV-C TRANS CNDM 1 3 (WH) CNAC (WH) 2 X54 X52 F3 X51 CNS (WH) F1 F4 1 3 SV3/SS (WH) 1 3SV1/CH (GY) 1 3 21S4 (GN) 21S4 7 2 P. B. mm $\overline{}$ Image: Constraint of the second sec CN4 (WH) L300ТД тв-L3 Bł X52CB RD RD Ŷ TB-L X52CA ₽ TB-N £Г ± ∏ <u>ि</u>ट्टि ΗM ΗM ß Ъ Ж ¥ ŧ L3-A2 L1-A2 L3-OU 120 L2-A2 L1-00 ВĶ BN ¥ ₩ TB2 ск S1 ∎³LS 00 CONV. B. TO INDOOR S2 υ MS 3~ z UNIT CK-OU S3 1-A1 MC E, ٩Ľ 2 0 N. F. ١X B CNCT CNAC1 • • (WH) 1 3 ACL1 TB1 LI1 LO1 RD RD L1 ACL2 LI2 POWER SUPPLY LO2 WН WН L2 ACL3 LI3 LO3 ЗN L3 B۴ B۴ -× 400V 50Hz ¢ þ Ď NI NO БU BU Ν × GNYE Π ٢ Q Ŧ Never splice the power cable or the indoor-outdoor connection cable, otherwise it may result in a smoke, a fire or communication failure. CNDC (PK) 3 φει E2¢ E3¢ (Bl ACL4 BK BK Å

	1 MODEL SELECT The black square (■) indicates a switch position.							
MODEL	SW6 *2		MODEL	SW6 *2				
80Y	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		100Y	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8				
MODEL	SW6 *2		MODEL	SW6 *2				
120Y	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		140Y	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8				

*3 SW9-3 and SW9-4: Function Switch for SHWM only Ambient temp. of ZUBADAN Flash Injection becomes effective. The black square III indicates a switch position

2,

The black equals (III) maleated a emilen position.								
Ambient temp.	SW9 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9 *4	
–6°C or less (Default setting)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4	-3°C or less		0°C or less	ON OFF 1 2 3 4	3°C or less	ON OFF	
*4 SW9-1 and SW9-2 : Function Switch								

*5 SHWM only

*2 SW6-1 to SW6-3 : Function Switch

FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

Outdoor unit model		SWM60V	SWM80V	SWM100V	SWM120V	SWM140V	SWM80 - 140Y	
			SHWM60V	SHWM80V	SHWM100V	SHWM120V	SHWM140V	SHWM80 - 140Y
Outdoor ur	nit power supply		~/N (single),	3N~ (3 ph 4-wires),				
Outdoor ui			50 Hz, 230 V	50 Hz, 400 V				
Outdoor ur	nit input capacity Main switch (Breaker)	*1	20 A	25 A	30 A	32 A	40 A	16 A
Wire size I ²)	Outdoor unit power supply		3 × Min. 2.5	3 × Min. 2.5	3 × Min. 4	3 × Min. 4	3 × Min. 6	5 × Min. 1.5
	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit	*2	3 × 1.5 (Polar)					
Wiring No. × (mr	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit earth	*2	1 × Min. 1.5					
Σž	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*3	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)					
rating	Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3 phase)	*4	230 VAC					
uit ra	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*4	230 VAC					
Circu	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*4	28 VDC					
0	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*4	12 VDC					

*1. A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each poles shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV). Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics

Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter.

The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter.

*2. Max. 45 m If 2.5 mm² used, Max. 50 m If 2.5 mm² used and S3 separated, Max. 80 m

*3. The 10 m wire is attached in the remote controller accessory.

*4. The figures are NOT always against the ground.

S3 terminal has 28 VDC against S2 terminal. However between S3 and S1, these terminals are NOT electrically insulated by the transformer or other device.

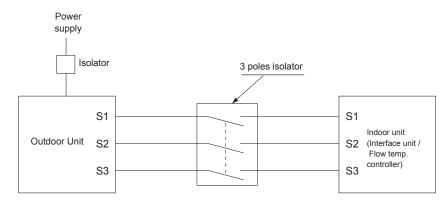
Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.

- 2. Power supply cables and the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cables. (Design 60245 IEC 57)
- 3. Be sure to connect the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit directly to the units (no intermediate connections are allowed).

Intermediate connections may result in communication errors. If water enters at the intermediate connection point, it may cause insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact .

(If an intermediate connection is necessary, be sure to take measures to prevent water from entering the cables.)

- 4. Install an earth line longer than power cables.
- 5. Do not construct a system with a power supply that is turned ON and OFF frequently.
- 6. Use self-extinguishing distribution cable for power supply wiring.
- 7. Properly route wiring so as not to contact the sheet metal edge or screw tip.



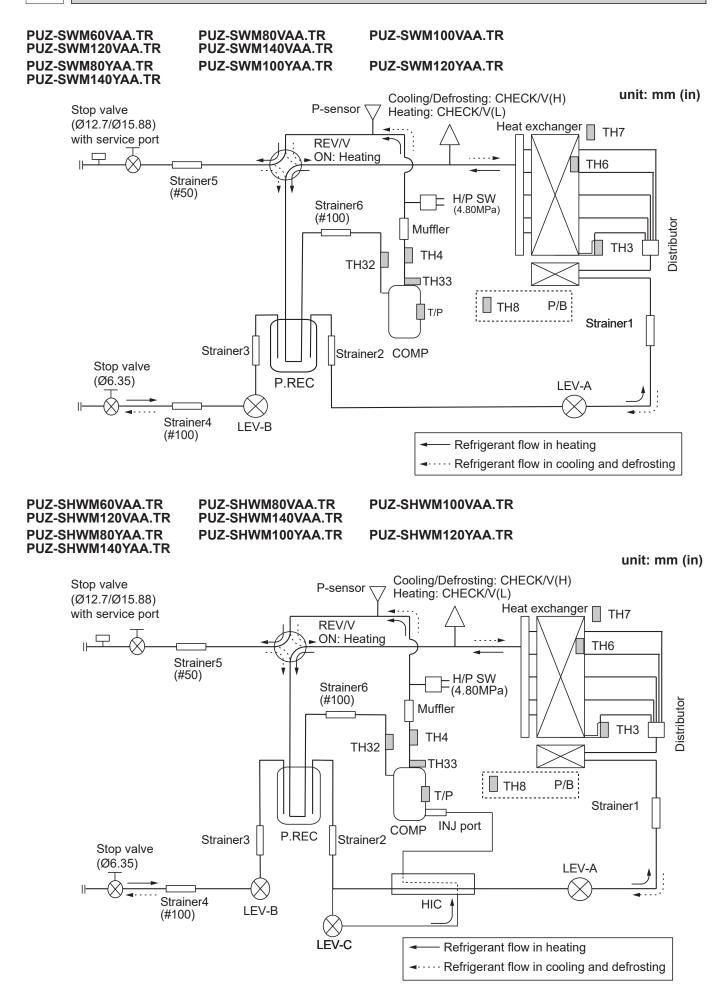
A WARNING:

In the case of A-control wiring, there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between indoor unit and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.

Never splice the power cable or the Interface unit/Flow temp. controller - outdoor unit connection cable, otherwise it may result in smoke emission, a fire or communication failure.

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

8



Symbol	Parts name	Detail
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
H/P SW	High pressure switch	For protection (OFF: 4.80 MPa)
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating/Cooling) and for Defrosting
CHECK/V	Charge plug	(H) High pressure/(L) Low pressure/For production test use
P-SENSOR	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure
LEV-A/B	Linear expansion valve -A/B	Heating: Primary LEV
LEV-C	Linear expansion valve -C	For HIC
TH32	Suction temperature thermistor	For LEV control
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating: Evaporating temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection
TH6	2-phase pipe temperature thermistor	Outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control
TH8	Heatsink temperature thermistor	
TH33	Comp. surface temperature thermistor	For protection
HIC	Heat Interchanger	For high heating capacity
Air HEX	Air Heat Exchanger	
T/P	Thermal Protector	
Strainer 1~2	Strainer for LEV	
Strainer 3	Strainer	
Strainer 4	Strainer for comp	
Distributor	Distributor	
P/B	Power circuit board	

REFRIGERANT COLLECTING (PUMP DOWN)

When relocating or disposing of the indoor/outdoor unit, pump down the system following the procedure below so that no refrigerant is released into the atmosphere.

- ① Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker).
- 2 Connect the low pressure valve on the gauge manifold to the service port of the gas stop valve on the outdoor unit.
- ③ Close the liquid stop valve completely.
- ④ Supply power (circuit breaker).
 - Startup of the indoor-outdoor communication takes about 3 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on. Start the pump-down operation 3 to 4 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on.
- ⑤ Perform the refrigerant collecting operation (cooling test run).
 - Push the pump-down SWP switch (push-button type) on the control board of the outdoor unit. The compressor and ventilators (outdoor unit) start operating (refrigerant collecting operation begins). (LED1 and LED2 on the control board of the outdoor unit are lit.)
 - Only push the pump-down SWP switch if the unit is stopped. However, even if the unit is stopped and the pump-down SWP switch is pushed less than 3 minutes after the compressor stops, the refrigerant collecting operation cannot be performed. Wait until the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes and then push the pump-down SWP switch again.
- (b) Fully close the gas stop valve on the gas pipe side of the outdoor unit when the pressure gauge on the gauge manifold shows 0.05 to 0 MPa [Gauge] (approx. 0.5 to 0 kgf/cm²) and quickly stop the outdoor unit.
 - Because the unit automatically stops in about 3 minutes when the refrigerant collecting operation is completed (LED1 off, LED2 lit), be sure to quickly close the gas stop valve. However, if LED1 is lit, LED2 is off, and the unit is stopped, open the liquid stop valve completely, close the valve completely after 3 minutes or more have passed, and then repeat step (5). (Open the gas stop valve completely.)
 - If the refrigerant collecting operation has been completed normally (LED1 off, LED2 lit), the unit will remain stopped until the power supply is turned off.
 - Note that when the extension piping is very long with a large refrigerant amount, it may not be possible to perform a pumpdown operation. In this case, use refrigerant recovery equipment to collect all of the refrigerant in the system.
- Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker), remove the gauge manifold, and then disconnect the refrigerant pipes.

When the refrigeration circuit has a leak, DO NOT execute pump down with the compressor.

- When pumping down the refrigerant, stop the compressor before diconnecting the refrigerant pipes.
 - If the refrigerant pipes are disconnected while the compressor is operating and the stop valve (ball valve) is open, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle become extremely high if air is drawn in, causing the pipes to burst, personal injury, etc.

9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

9

<Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trauble is reconvering	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 ① Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc. ② Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. ③ There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.
	Not logged	 Re-check the abnormal symptom. Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS". Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.

9-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE <Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Note: Refer to indoor unit section for code P, code E, and Code L.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
		 power supply terminal of outdoor power circuit board. a) Contact failure of power supply terminal b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board (Disconnection of terminal on 	 ① Check following items. a) Power supply breaker b) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) c) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) ② Check following items. a) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) ② Check following items. a) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1)
None	_	outdoor power circuit board) ③ Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board. a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC)	③ Check connection of the connector (CNDC) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check connection of the connector, CNDC or the outdoor power circuit board(S(H)WM60- 120V)/the noise filter(S(H)WM140V, 80-140Y Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
		④ Disconnection of reactor (DCL, ACL4 or ACL)	④ Check connection of reactor. (DCL, ACL4 or ACL) Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
		⑤ Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board or parts failure in outdoor noise filter circuit board (S(H)WM140V, 80-140Y)	 (5) a) Check connection of outdoor noise filter ci cuit board. b) Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
		⑥ Defective outdoor power circuit board	⑥ Replace outdoor power circuit board.
		⑦ Open of rush current protect resistor (RS) (S(H)WM80-140Y)	⑦ Replace rush current protect resistor (RS). Power circuit board might be short-circuit. Check the power circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
		® Defective outdoor controller circuit board	 Replace controller board (When items above are checked but the units cannot be repaired).

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
F5 (5201)	63H connector open Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch	 Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or contact failure of 63H 63H is working due to defective parts. Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check connection of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check the 63H side of connecting wire. Check continuity by multimeter. Replace the parts if the parts are defective. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
	 Indoor/outdoor unit connector miswiring, excessive number of units (2 units or more) 1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of connected indoor units. Abnormal if the number cannot be checked automatically due to miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire and etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes. 2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes the number of connected indoor units as "2 units or more". 	 Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. 2 or more indoor units are connected to one outdoor unit. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective indoor power board Do NOT use refrigerant address 0, as 0 is used for FTC (Master). The address range is 1 to 6. (In the case of multiple outdoor units control.) Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 Check disconnection or looseness or polarity of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor and outdoor units. Check diameter and length of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. Total wiring length: 80 m (including wiring connecting each indoor unit and between indoor and outdoor unit) Also check if the connection order of flat cabli is S1, S2, S3. Check the number of indoor units that are connected to one outdoor unit. (If EA is detected) -6 Turn the power off once, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board, indoor controller board or indoor power board if abnormality occurs again. Check if refrigerant addresses (SW1-3 to
Eb	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of indoor units. Abnormal if the indoor unit number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswiring (converse wiring or disconnection) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	 Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective indoor power board Do NOT use refrigerant address 0, as 0 is used for FTC (Master). The address range is 1 to 6. (In the case of multiple outdoor units control.) Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 SW1-6 on outdoor controller circuit board) are overlapping in the case of multiple outdoor units control. ® Check transmission path, and remove the cause.
EC (6846)	Startup time over The unit cannot finish startup process with- in 4 minutes after power on.	 Contact failure of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Do NOT use refrigerant address 0, as 0 is used for FTC (Master). The address range is 1 to 6. (In the case of multiple outdoor units control.) Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. 	
EE	Incorrect connection The outdoor unit does not receive the sig- nals of I/F or FTC.	① A device other than Interface unit or Flow temp. controller unit is connected to the unit.	① Connect I/F or FTC to the unit.

<Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
U1 (1302)	High pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated) Abnormal if high pressure switch 63H operated (4.80 MPa) during compressor operation. 63H: High pressure switch	 Short cycle of indoor unit Clogged filter of indoor unit Decreased airflow caused by dirt of indoor fan Dirt of indoor heat exchanger Locked indoor fan motor Malfunction of indoor fan motor Defective operation of stop valve (Not fully open) Clogged or broken pipe Locked outdoor fan motor Malfunction of outdoor fan motor Short cycle of outdoor unit Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.) Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board Defective outdoor controller 	 ①-⑥ Check indoor unit and repair defect. ⑦ Check if stop valve is fully open. ⑧ Check outdoor unit and repair defect. ⑨-⑫ Check outdoor unit and repair defect. ③ Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) ⑩ -⑯ Turn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned again When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5.
U2 (TH4:1102) (TH33:1132)	 High discharge temperature 1. Abnormal if TH4 exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes. Abnormal if TH4 exceeds 110°C or more continuously for 30 seconds after 90 seconds have passed since the defrosting operation started. 2. Abnormal if discharge superheat (Heating: TH4-T63HS) exceeds 70°C continuously for 10 minutes. TH4: Thermistor <discharge></discharge> High comp. surface temperature Abnormal if TH33 exceeds 125°C. In the case of high comp. surface temperature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH33) becomes less than 95°C. TH33: Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.> 	 board Defective action of linear expansion valve Malfunction of fan driving circuit Overheated compressor operation caused by shortage of refrigerant Defective operation of stop valve Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller board Defective action of linear expansion valve 	 (i) Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS (i) Replace outdoor controller board. (i) Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant. Charge additional refrigerant. (i) Check if stop valve is fully open. (ii) Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned on again When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for U3. (iii) Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS (iiii) After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum more than 1 hour.
U3 (TH4:5104) (TH33:5132)	Open/short circuit of outdoor unit temperature thermistor (TH4, TH33) Abnormal if open (-20°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Detection is inoperative for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after and during defrosting.) TH4: Thermistor <discharge> TH33: Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.></discharge>	 Disconnection or contact failure of connectors (TH4, TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller cir- cuit board 	 Check connection of connector (TH4, TH33) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for TH4, TH33. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH4, TH33 or temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH4, TH33: Refer to "9-4. HOW TC CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS". Replace outdoor controller board.

Check code	Abnormal point and	detection method	Cause		Judgment and	action
(TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, and TH8)Abnormal if open or short is detected during compressor operation.Open detection of TH3, TH32 and TH6 is inoperative for 10 seconds to 10 minutes after compressor starting and 10 minutes after and during defrosting. Note: Check which unit has abnormality in its thermistor by switching the mode of SW2. (PAC-SK52ST) (Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF TH7:5106) TH32:5105)U4 TH3:5105U4 TH3:5105U4 TH3:5105U4 TH3:5106 TH8:5110)U4 TH32:5105)			 Disconnection or contact failure of connectors Outdoor controller circuit board: TH3, TH32, TH7/6 Outdoor power circuit board: Outdoor power circuit board: CN6 Defective thermistor Befective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check connection of connector (TH3, TH32, TH7/6) on the outdoor controller circuit boar Check connection of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board. Check breaking the lead wire for TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7, TH8 refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTO AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Emergency operation is available in the context of abnormalities of TH3, TH32, TH6 and TH7. 		
		Ther	mistors			Short detection
	Symbol		Name		Open detection	Short detection
	TH3,TH32		ermistor <liquid>, <suction></suction></liquid>		-40 °C or below	90 °C or above
	TH6	7	Thermistor <2-phase pipe>		-40 °C or below	90 °C or above
	TH7		Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		-40 °C or below	90 °C or above
	TH8		Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	1	-35 °C or below	102 °C or above
U5 (4230)	Abnormal if TH8 detects cated below. SWM60, 80, 100, 120, SHWM60, 80, 100, 120, 120 SWM80, 100, 120, 140 SHWM80, 100, 120, 140 TH8: Thermistor <heat< td=""><td>, 140V, , 140V78°C Y, 0Y78°C</td><td> ② Failure of outdoor fan motor ③ Airflow path is clogged. ④ Rise of ambient temperature ⑤ Defective thermistor ⑥ Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board ⑦ Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit </td><td colspan="3"> ③ Check airflow path for cooling. ④ Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C Turn off power, and on again to check if U5 displayed within 30 minutes. If U4 is displayed instead of U5, follow the action to be taken for U4. ⑤ Check resistance value of TH8 or temperature by microprocessor. (TH8: Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTOR AND JUMPERS".) ⑥ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. </td></heat<>	, 140V, , 140V78°C Y, 0Y78°C	 ② Failure of outdoor fan motor ③ Airflow path is clogged. ④ Rise of ambient temperature ⑤ Defective thermistor ⑥ Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board ⑦ Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit 	 ③ Check airflow path for cooling. ④ Check if there is something which causes temperature rise around outdoor unit. (Upper limit of ambient temperature is 46°C Turn off power, and on again to check if U5 displayed within 30 minutes. If U4 is displayed instead of U5, follow the action to be taken for U4. ⑤ Check resistance value of TH8 or temperature by microprocessor. (TH8: Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTOR AND JUMPERS".) ⑥ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. 		
U6 (4250)	Power module Check abnormality by dr ule in case overcurrent i (UF or UP error conditio	s detected.	 Outdoor stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective outdoor power circuit board 	 2 Check 3 Correct TEST P 4 Check CHEC 	stop valve. < facility of power su the wiring (U-V-W phase) to OINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor < compressor referrir CK THE PARTS". ce outdoor power ci	compressor. Refer to "9-6. power circuit board). ng to "9-4. HOW TO
U8 (4400)	 Outdoor fan motor Abnormal if rotational freq motor is not detected durin operation. Fan motor rotational frequ 100 rpm or below det for 15 seconds at 20° air temperature. 50 rpm or below or 14 detected continuously 	ng DĆ fan motor uency is abnormal if; ected continuously 'C or more outside 500 rpm or more	 Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board 	 Check or replace the DC fan motor. Check the voltage of the outdoor circuit controller board during operation. Replace the outdoor circuit controller board (When the failure is still indicated even afte performing the action ① above.) 		

Check code		al point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	Detailed codes		est) about U9 error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2 a NITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPE	
U9 (4220)	01	Overvoltage error • Increase in DC bus voltage to 430V SWM60, 80, 100, 120, 140V, SHWM60, 80, 100, 120, 140V 760V SWM80, 100, 120, 140Y, SHWM80, 100, 120, 140Y	© Disconnection of compressor wiring	 Check the field facility for the power supply Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS". (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check compressor for electrical insulation. Replace compressor.
	02	Undervoltage error • Instantaneous decrease in DC bus voltage to 200V SWM60, 80, 100, 120, 140V, SHWM60, 80, 100, 120, 140V 350V SWM80, 100, 120, 140Y, SHWM80, 100, 120, 140Y	 power circuit board Defective outdoor converter circuit board (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) Disconnection or loose connection of rush current protect resistor RS (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) Defective rush current protect resistor RS (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board /controller circuit board (SWM- V, SHWM-V) 	 ① Check the field facility for the power supply ② Replace outdoor power circuit board. (SWM-V, SHWM-V) ③ Replace outdoor power circuit board. ④ Replace outdoor converter circuit board. (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) ⑤ Check RS wiring. (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) ⑥ Replace RS. (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) ⑦ Check CN2 wiring. (SWM-V, SHWM-V) ⑧ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. (SWM-V, SHWM-V)
	04	 Input current sensor error/ L1-phase open error Decrease in input current through outdoor unit to 0.1 A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40 Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6 A. 	 L1-phase open (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) Disconnection or loose connection between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board (SWM-Y, SHWM-Y) Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board/CNCT on the outdoor noise filter board 	SHWM-Y)③ Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board.
	08	 Abnormal power synchronous signal No input of power synchronous signal to power circuit board Power synchronous signal of 44 Hz or less, or 65 Hz or more is detected on power circuit board. 	 Distortion of power source voltage, noise superimposition. Disconnection or loose connection of earth wiring Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board /controller circuit board Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor controller circuit board Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor power circuit board 	
	10	 PFC error (Overvoltage/ Undervoltage/Overcurrent) PFC detected any of the following a) Increase of DC bus voltage to 430 V. b) Decrease in PFC control voltage to 12 V DC or lower c) Increase in input current (V-type only) 	 ① Abnormal increase in power source voltage ② Decrease in power source voltage, instantaneous stop ③ Disconnection of compressor wiring ④ Misconnection of reactor (DCL,DCL1-3) ⑤ Defective outdoor power circuit board ⑥ Defective reactor (DCL,DCL1-3) ⑦ Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board/controller circuit board 	⑥ Replace reactor (DCL,DCL1-3).

From t	the	previous	page.
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Check code	Abnorm	al point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
U9 (4220)	Detailed codes 20	 PFC/IGBT error (Undervoltage) When Compressor is running, DC bus voltage stays at 310 V or lower for consecutive 10 seconds (V-type only) 	 Incorrect switch settings on the outdoor controller circuit board for model select Defective outdoor power circuit board Defective outdoor controller circuit 	 Correction of a model select Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
Ud (1504)	Abnorma T63HS c pressor c	t protection I if TH3, condensing temperature letects 70°C or more during com- operation. ermistor <liquid></liquid>	 board Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of outdoor unit during cooling operation Defective TH3, condensing temperature Тезня Defective outdoor controller board 	 Check outdoor unit air passage. Turn the power off and on again to check the check code. If U4 is displayed follow the U4 processing direction.
UE (1302)	Abnorma less. Detectior after com after and	al pressure of 63HS I if 63HS detects 0.1 MPa or in is inoperative for 3 minutes appressor starting and 3 minutes during defrosting. gh pressure sensor	 Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective pressure sensor Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check connection of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for 63HS. Check pressure by microprocessor. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to "9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller board.
	(When c Abnorma compress	ssor overcurrent interruption ompressor locked) I if overcurrent of DC bus or sor is detected within 30 seconds apressor starts operating.	 Stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective compressor Defective outdoor power board DIP switch setting difference of outdoor controller circuit board 	 Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U•V•W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". (Outdoor power circuit board). Check compressor. Refer to "9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the DIP switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board.
UH (5300)	error • Abnorm to 1.0A (This er run moo • Abnorm the dete second <instan 60-120</instan 	al if the detected input current or ected continuous current for 10 is more than the limit value. t limit value> V: 38 A 140 V: 40 A uous limit value>	① Disconnection of compressor wiring	 Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board) Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the facility of power supply. Check leakage of refrigerant.
UL (1300)	operated Disconne connectio	ection or contact failure of 63L	① Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board	① Check short wiring connected to connected (63L).

heck code		Cause	Judgment and action
UP (4210)	Compressor overcurrent interruption Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	 Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective fan of indoor/outdoor units Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board 	 Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board).
		 Befective outdoor power circuit board DIP switch setting difference of outdoor controller circuit board 	 Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the DIP switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board.
	Remote controller transmission error (E0)/signal receiving error (E4) ① Abnormal if main remote controller cannot receive normally any transmission from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code: E0) ① Abnormal if indoor controller board can-	 ① Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller ② Miswiring of remote controller 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller. Check wiring of remote controller. Total wiring length: Max. 500 m (Do not use cable with 3 or more cores.) The number of connecting indoor units: Max. 6 units The number of connecting remote controller: Max. 1 unit
E0 or E4 (6831 or 6834)	not receive normally any data from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) (2) Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4)	 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant address "0" Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. 	 If the cause of trouble is not in above ①-②, ③ Diagnose remote controller (PAC-IF011B-E only). a) When "OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality occurs again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "E3" or "00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. Note: If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal. For the controllers other than PAC-IF011B-E, refer to Installation Manual or Service Handbook of the indoor unit.
E1 or E2 (6201 or 6202)	 Remote controller control board Abnormal if data cannot be normally read from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Check code: E1) Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be normally operated. (Check code: E2) 	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.
E3 or E5 (6832 or 6833)	 Remote controller transmission error (E3)/signal receiving error (E5) Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Check code: E3) Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E3) Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Check code: E5) Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5) 	 circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller. 	 The address changes to a separate setting. The address changes to a separate setting. Diagnose remote controller (PAC-IF011B-E only). When "OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. When "NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. When "S" or "00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. Note: For the controllers other than PAC-IF011B-E, refer to Installation Manual or Service Handbook of the indoor unit.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	 Abnormal point and detection method Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) Abnormal if indoor controller board could not receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. Abnormal if indoor controller board could not receive any signal normally for 3 minutes. Consider the unit as abnormal under the following condition. When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an out- door unit, indoor controller board could not receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals. 	 Contact failure, short circuit or miswiring (reversed wiring)of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller circuit board. Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. High pressure(High pressure switch 63H operated) or High compressor temperature (Thermal protector TRS operated) 	 Check LED display on outdoor controller circuit board. (Connect A-Control service tool (PAC-SK52ST)) Refer to EA-EC item if LED displays EA-AC. ① Check disconnecting or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit or outdoor unit. Check all the units in the case of twin/triple/ quadruple indoor unit. ②-⑤ Turn the power off, wait 10 minutes and on again to check. If abnormality occurs again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Other indoor controller board may have defect in the case of twin/triple/quadruple indoor unit system.
		 Defective fan motor Defective rush current resistor of outdoor power circuit board 	 Turn the power off, and detach fan motor from connector (CNF1, 2). Then turn the power or again. If abnormality is not displayed, replace fan motor. If abnormality is displayed, replace outdoor controller circuit board. Check the rush current resistor on outdoor power circuit board with tester. If open is detected, replace the power circuit board.
	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into power supply Noise has entered into outdoor control wire 	①-③ Turn the power off, and on again to chec If abnormality occurs again, replace indoor controller board.

heck code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
E8 (6840)	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	 Contact failure of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective communication circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor or outdoor units. Turn the power off, and on again to check Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
E9	 Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit) Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor controller circuit board has transmitted "1". Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes. 	 Indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure. Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Noise has entered power supply. Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. Turn the power off, and on again to check Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
EF (6607 or 6608)	Non defined check code This code is displayed when non defined check code is received.	 Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller. Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. Outdoor unit is not inverter models. 	 102 Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again. (3) Replace outdoor unit with inverter type outdoor unit.
Ed (0403)	Serial communication error ① Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	 Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN2 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board for outdoor power circuit board 	 ①② Check connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board. ③ Replace outdoor power circuit board. ④ Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
P8	Pipe temperature <heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/ evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes. Note 3: It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4: It excludes the period of defrosting (Detection restarts when defrost- ing mode is over) Heating range : 3°C ≤ (Condenser/ Evaporator temperature(TH5)- room temperature(TH1))</heating>	 Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid or<br="">condenser/ evaporator> temperature thermistor</liquid> Shortage of refrigerant Disconnected holder of pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> thermistor</liquid> Defective refrigerant circuit Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection) Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection) Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser> Stop valve is not opened completely. 	 Check pipe <liquid and="" board.<="" circuit="" condenser="" controller="" display="" evaporator="" li="" on="" or="" outdoor="" remote="" room="" temperature="" with=""> Pipe <liquid as="" board="" by="" circuit="" condenser="" controller="" display="" evaporator="" follows.<="" indicated="" is="" li="" of="" or="" outdoor="" setting="" sw2="" temperature=""> Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)'. </liquid></liquid>
			 ②③ Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. ⑤ Check the stop valve is opened completely.

9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS

Phenomena	Factor	Countermeasure
 Remote controller display does not work. 	 ①12 VDC is not supplied to remote controller. ②12–15 VDC is supplied to remote controller, however, no display is indicated. "Please Wait" is not displayed. 	 ① Check LED2 on indoor controller board. (1) When LED2 is lit: Check the remote controller wiring for break- ing or contact failure. (2) When LED2 is blinking: Check short circuit of remote controller wiring. (3) When LED2 is not lit: Refer to No.3 below. ② Check the following. Failure of remote controller if "Please Wait" is not displayed Patient State S
2 "Diagon Weit" diaplay is remained on	"Please Wait" is displayed.	Refer to No.2 below if "Please Wait" is dis- played.
the remote controller.	 At longest 2 minutes after the power supply "Please Wait" is displayed to start up. Communication error between the remote con- troller and indoor unit Communication error between the indoor and outdoor unit 	 Normal operation Self-diagnosis of remote controller "Please Wait" is displayed for 6 minutes at most in the case of indoor/outdoor unit communication error. Check LED3 on indoor controller board. When LED3 is not blinking. Check indoor/outdoor connecting wire for miswiring. (Converse wiring of S1 and S2, or break of S3 wiring.) When LED3 is blinking. Indoor/outdoor connecting wire is normal.
	④ Outdoor unit protection device connector is open.	④ Check LED display on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "9-9.TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check protection device connector (63L and 63H) for contact failure.
 When pressing the remote controller operation switch, the OPERATION display is appeared but it will be turned off soon. 	① After cancelling to select function from the remote controller, the remote controller opera- tion switch will not be accepted for approx. 30 seconds.	① Normal operation
 Remote controller display works normally and the unit performs cooling operation, however, the capacity cannot be fully obtained. 	 ⑦ Refrigerant shortage ② Filter clogging 	 If refrigerant leaks, discharge temperature rises and LEV opening increases. Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening. Check pipe connections for gas leakage. Clean the filter of water piping.
 Remote controller display works normally and the unit performs heating operation, however, the capacity cannot be fully obtained. 	 Linear expansion valve fault Opening cannot be adjusted well due to linear expansion valve fault. Refrigerant shortage Lack of insulation for refrigerant piping Filter clogging Bypass circuit of outdoor unit fault 	 Discharge temperature and indoor heat exchanger temperature does not rise. Inspect the failure by checking discharging pressure. Replace linear expansion valve. If refrigerant leaks, discharge temperature rises and LEV opening increases. Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening. Check pipe connections for gas leakage. Check the insulation. Clean the filter of water piping. Check refrigerant system during operation.
 6. Tor 3 minutes after temperature adjuster turns off, the compressor will not start operating even if temperature adjuster is turned on. For 3 minutes after temperature adjuster turns on, the compressor will not stop operating even if temperature adjuster is turned off. (Compressor stops operating immediately when turning off by the remote controller.) 	①② Normal operation (For protection of compressor)	⑦② Normal operation
7. The compressor does not work after breaker switched on.	 Normal operation (For protection of compressor) The unit might not run, in order to protect the compressor, when the following two conduc- tions holds: The unit was not supplied power for a while, e.g. at the first use of the unit; Ambient and compressor surface are below freezing temperature. It may last up to 12 hours until the unit runs. 	① Start operating after 12 hours of power-on.

Phenomena	Countermeasure
A flowing water sound or occasional hissing sound is heard.	These sounds can be heard when refrigerant and/or water is (are) flowing in the indoor unit or refrigerant pipe, or when the refrigerant and/or water is (are) chugging.
Water does not heat or cool well.	 Clean the filter of water piping. (Flow is reduced when the filter is dirty or clogged.) Check the temperature adjustment and adjust the set temperature. Make sure that there is plenty of space around the outdoor unit.
Water is dripping or vapour is emitted from the outdoor unit.	 During cooling mode, water may form and drip from the cool pipes and joints. During heating mode, water may form and drip from the heat exchanger of outdoor unit. During defrosting mode, water on the heat exchanger of outdoor unit evaporates and water vapour may be emitted.
The operation indicator does not appear in the remote control- ler display.	Turn on the power switch. " " will appear in the remote controller display*.
" appears in the remote controller display.*	During external signal control, " " " " appears in the remote controller dis- play and FTC operation cannot be started or stopped using the remote controller.
When restarting the outdoor unit soon after stopping it, it does not operate even though the ON/OFF button is pressed.*	 Wait approximately 3 minutes. (Operation has stopped to protect the out- door unit.)
FTC operates without the ON/OFF button being pressed.*	 Is the on timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation. Is the FTC connected to a external signal? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Does "" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Has the auto recovery feature from power failures been set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation.
FTC stops without the ON/OFF button being pressed.*	 Is the off timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to restart operation. Is the FTC connected to a central remote controller? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Does "" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC.
Remote controller timer operation cannot be set.*	Are timer settings invalid? If the timer can be set, WEEKLY, SIMPLE, or AUTO OFF appears in the remote controller display.
"Please Wait" appears in the remote controller display.	 The initial settings are being performed. Wait approximately 3 minutes. If the remote controller is not only for FTC, change it.
A check code appears in the remote controller display.	 The protection devices have operated to protect the FTC and outdoor unit. Do not attempt to repair this equipment by yourself. Turn off the power switch immediately and consult your dealer. Be sure to provide the dealer with the model name and information that appeared in the remote controller display.

*PAC-IF011B-E only

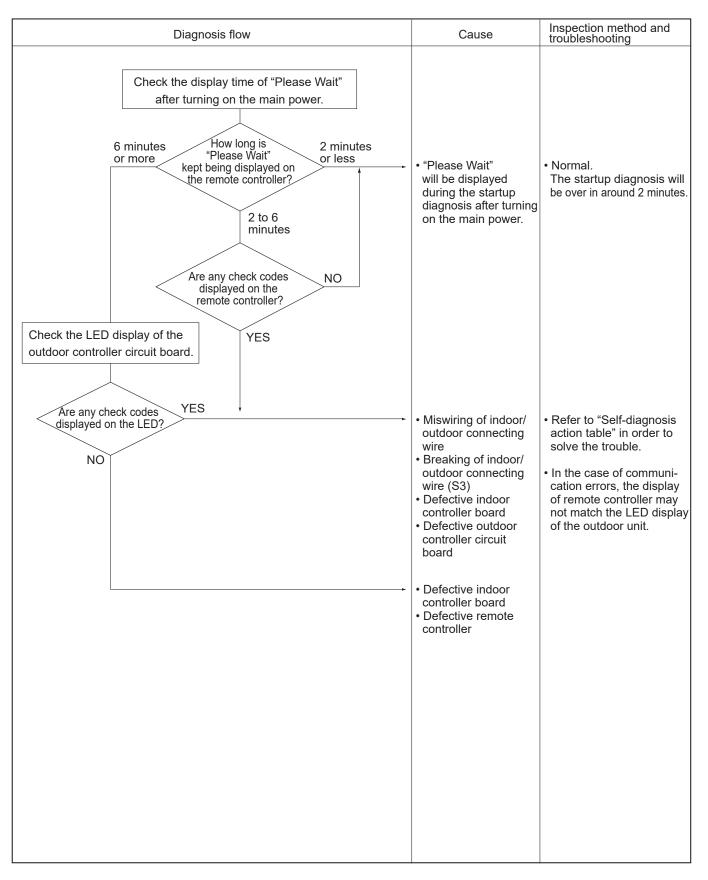
• If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

Symptom			Cause
Wired remote controll	er	LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause
Please Wait For about 2 minutes after power-on		After LED 1, 2 are lit, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lit. (Correct operation)	• For about 2 minutes following power-on, op- eration of the remote controller is not possible due to system startup. (Correct operation)
Please Wait \rightarrow Check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lit. \rightarrow LED 1, 2 blink.	 Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3)
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	ear even when operation tch is turned ON (operation		 Incorrect wiring between FTC and outdoor (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3) Remote controller wire short

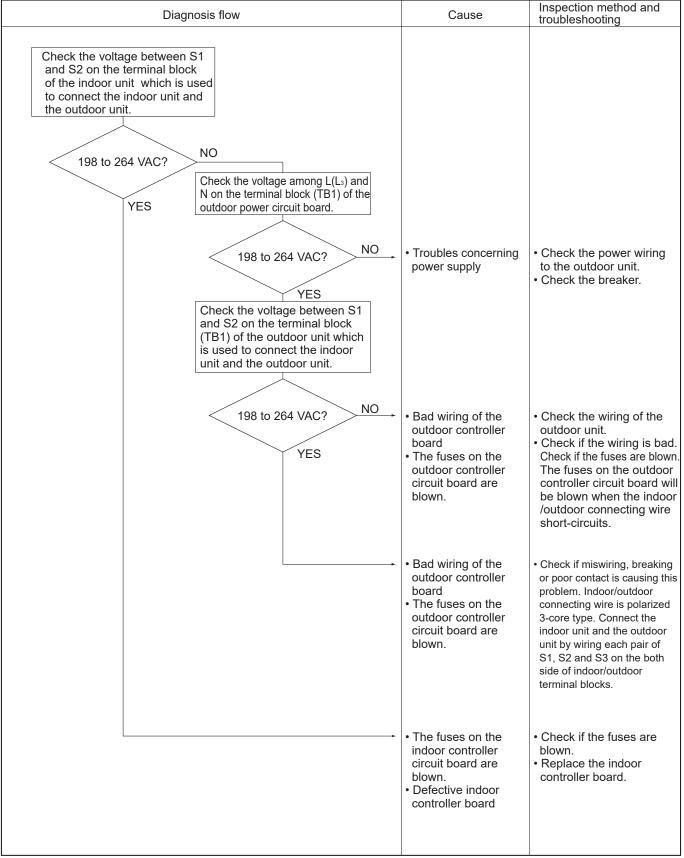
Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation) For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the FTC, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the FTC which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between FTC and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the FTC and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

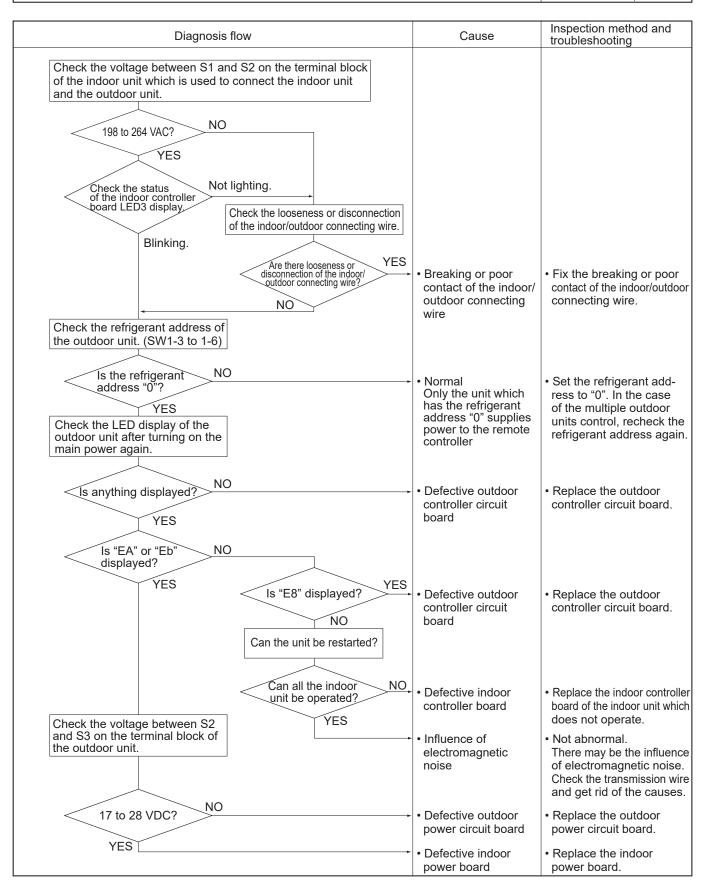
Symptoms: "Please Wait" is kept being displayed on the remote controller.



Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. 1 LED display of the indoor controller board LED1: LED2: LED3:



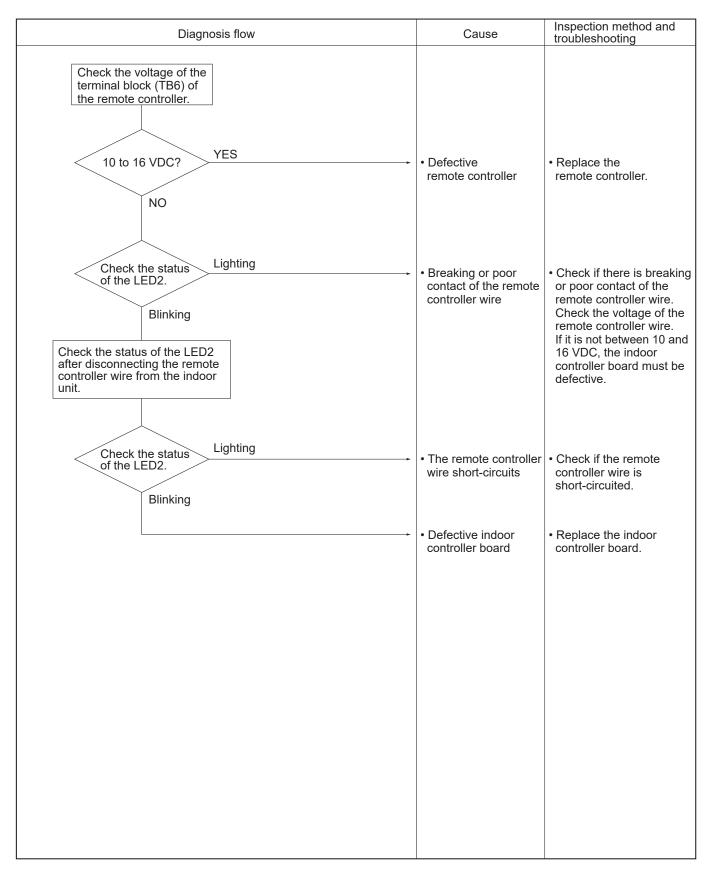
Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. 2



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Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ③

LED display of the indoor controller board LED1: -O-LED2: -O- or -O-LED3: --



9-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

Parts name	Checkpoints							
Thermistor (TH3) <liquid></liquid>		nnector then measu mperature 10 to 30°		vith a multimeter.				
Thermistor (TH4) <discharge></discharge>		Normal	Abnorn	nal				
Thermistor (TH6) <2-phase pipe>	TH4 TH33	160 to 410 kΩ						
Thermistor (TH7) <ambient> Thermistor (TH8) <heat sink=""></heat></ambient>	TH3 TH6 4.3 to 9.6 kΩ TH7 4.3 to 9.6 kΩ		Open or s	short				
Thermistor (TH32) <suction></suction>	TH32							
Thermistor (TH33) <comp. surface=""></comp.>	TH8	39 to 105 kΩ						
Fan motor (MF1)	Refer to the next p	page.						
Solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a multimeter. (At the ambient temperature 20°C)							
(21S4)		Normal	Abnorn	nal				
	143	5 ± 150 Ω	Open or s	short				
Motor for compressor (MC)	Measure the resis (Winding tempera	tance between the to ture 20°C)	erminals with a mu	ltimeter.				
	SWM60-120V/ SHWM60-120V		AA SWM80- SHWM80		bnormal			
w	0.74	0.32	0.9	04 Ope	en or short			
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A/LEV-C*1)	Disconnect the co (Winding tempera	onnector then measu ature 20°C)	ire the resistance v	vith a multimeter.				
M Gray		No	rmal		Abnormal			
	Gray - Black	Gray - Red	Gray - Yellow	Gray - Orange	Open or short			
Yellow 4		46 :	±3Ω					
Black 5								

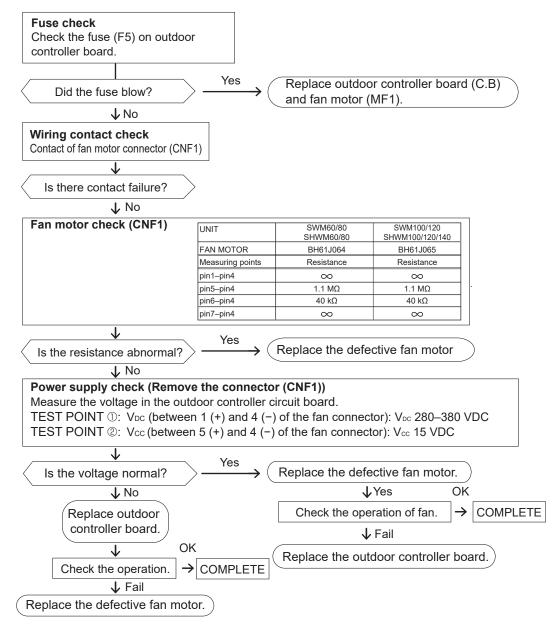
*1 PUZ-SHWM only.

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/outdoor controller circuit board)

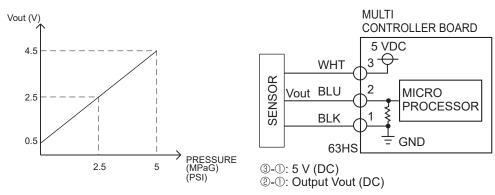
① Notes

- · High voltage is applied to the connector (CNF1) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
- \cdot Do not pull out the connector (CNF1) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- 2 Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan cannot rotate.



9-5. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS <HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>



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<Thermistor feature chart>

Low temperature thermistors

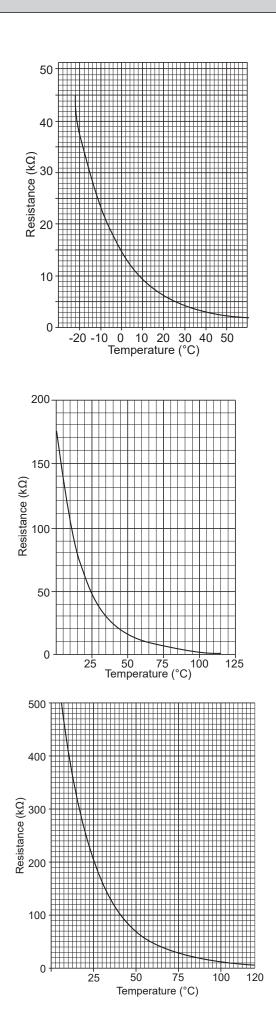
- Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)
- Thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6)
 Thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)
- Thermistor <Suction> (TH32)

Thermistor R0 = 15 k Ω ± 3 % B constant = 3480 ± 1 %

Rt =156	exp{3480($\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{2}$	1 273)}
0 °C	15 kΩ	30°C	4.3 kΩ
10 °C	9.6 kΩ	40°C	3.0 kΩ
20 °C	6.3 kΩ		
25 °C	5.2 kΩ		

Mediu	m temperature thermistor
Therm	nistor <heat sink=""> (TH8)</heat>
	stor R50 = 17 kΩ ± 2 % ant = 4150 ± 3 %
D: -17a	$\exp\{4150(\frac{1}{273+t}-\frac{1}{323})\}$
Rt = 1/6	exp{4150(273+t 323)}
0 °C	180 kΩ
25 °C	50 kΩ
50 °C	17 kΩ
70 °C	8 kΩ
90 °C	4 kΩ

High te	High temperature thermistors							
	Thermistor <discharge> (TH4) Thermistor <comp. surface=""> (TH33)</comp.></discharge>							
_	tor R120 = 7. int = 4057 ± 2	465 kΩ ± 2 % 2 %						
Rt =7.46	5exp{4057(2	$\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{393}$						
20 °C 30 °C 40 °C 50 °C 60 °C	250 kΩ 160 kΩ 104 kΩ 70 kΩ 48 kΩ	70 °C 80 °C 90 °C 100 °C 110 °C	34 kΩ 24 kΩ 17.5 kΩ 13.0 kΩ 9.8 kΩ					



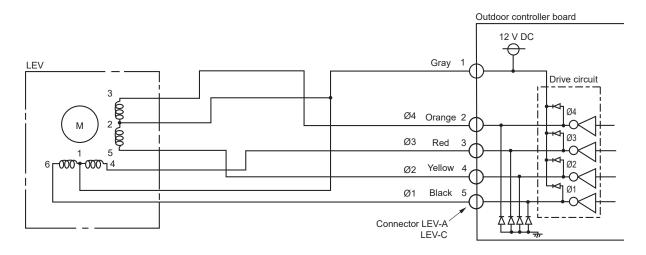
Linear expansion valve

(1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

· Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.

• Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

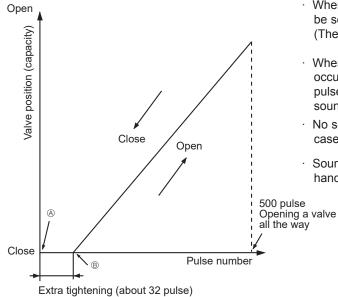
<Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output	Output									
(Phase)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
Ø2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
Ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
Ø4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON		

(2) Linear expansion valve operation

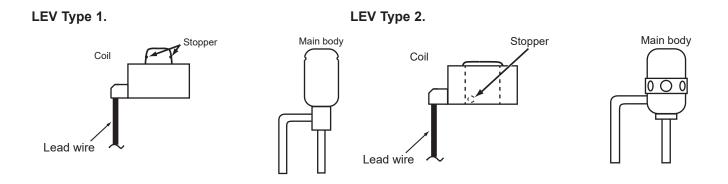


The output pulse shifts in the following order. Opening a valve : $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve : $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$

- · When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.
- When the power is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to
 ø point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)
- No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from (a) to (a) in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.
- · Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

(3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve <Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.



<How to detach the coil>

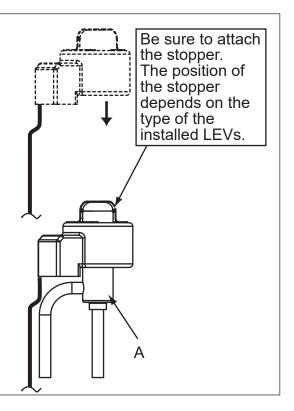
Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.

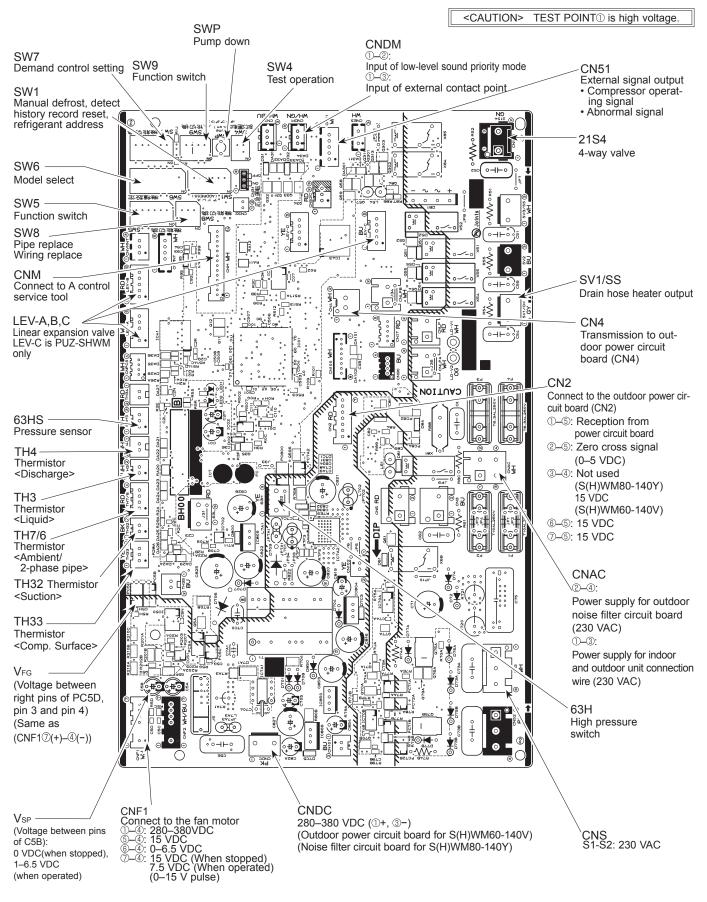
<How to attach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.

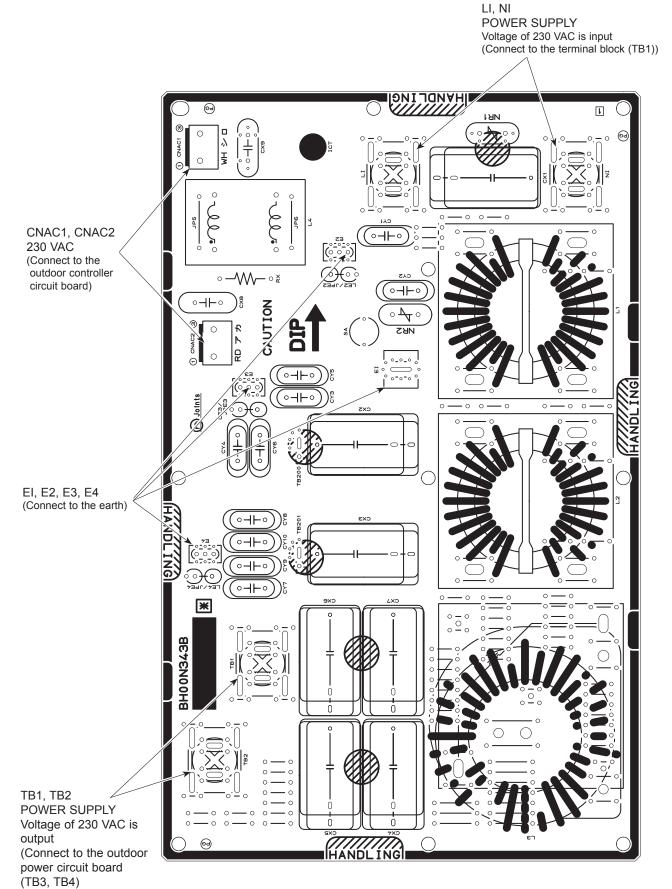


9-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM Outdoor controller circuit board

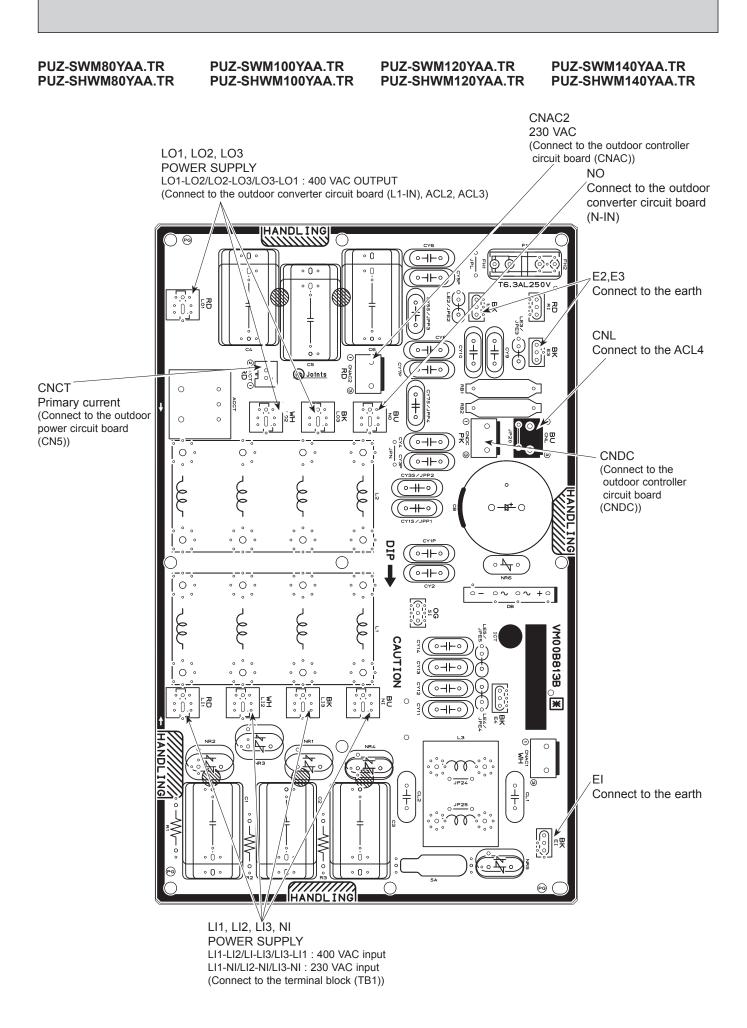


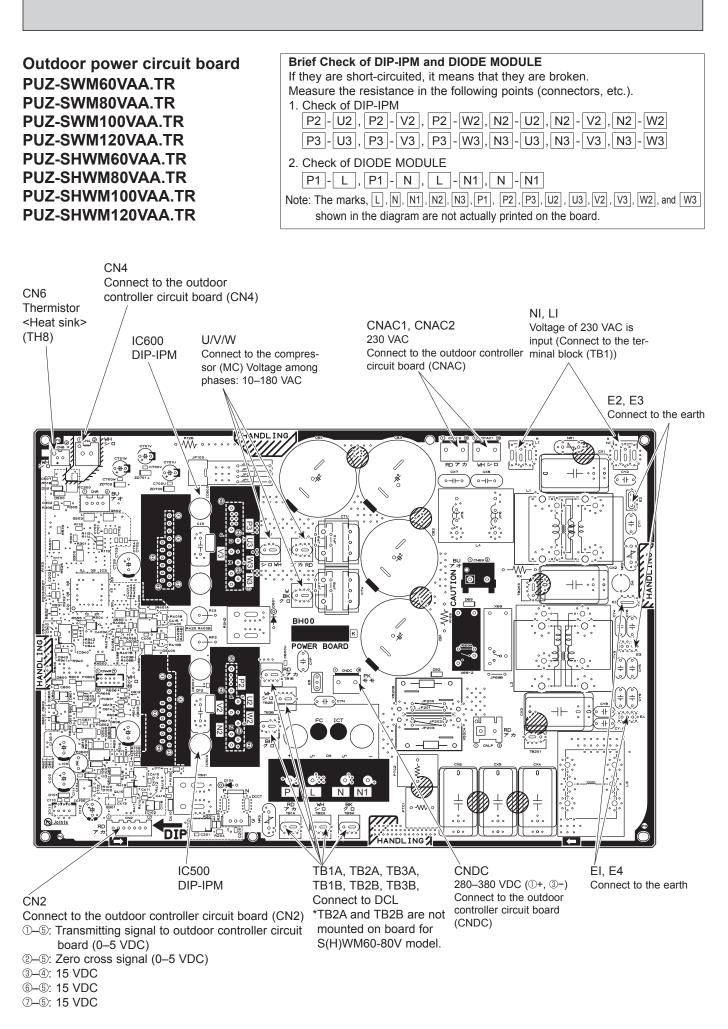
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Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUZ-SWM140VAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140VAA.TR

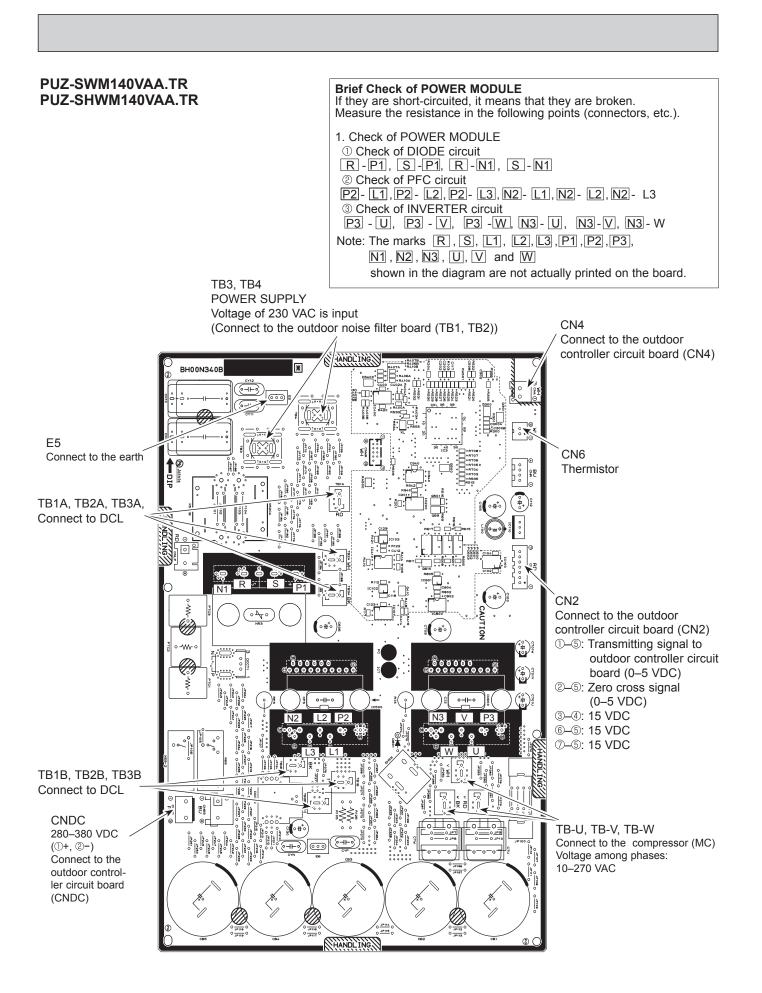


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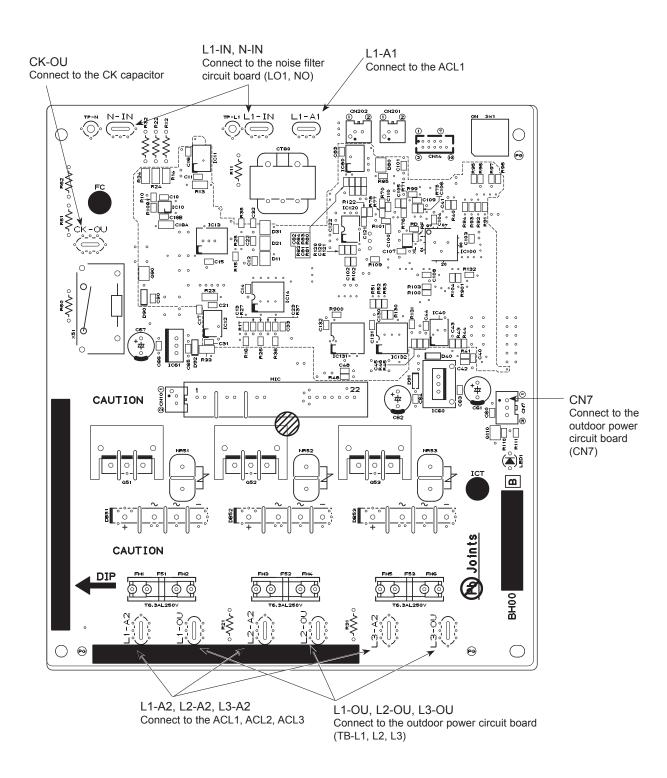


Outdoor power circuit board Brief Check of POWER MODULE If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken. PUZ-SWM80YAA.TR Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). PUZ-SWM100YAA.TR 1. Check of DIODE MODULE PUZ-SWM120YAA.TR L1-P1, L2-P1, L3-P1, L1-N1, L2-N1, L3-N1 2. Check of DIP-IPM PUZ-SWM140YAA.TR P2-U, P2-V, P2-W, N2-U, N2-V, N2-WPUZ-SHWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100YAA.TR Note: The marks L1 , L2, L3 , N1 ,N2,P1,P2,U , V and W PUZ-SHWM120YAA.TR shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board. PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR TB-U, TB-V, TB-W TB-N Connect to the compressor (MC) Connect to the CK capacitor Voltage among phases: 10-400 VAC JP10 JP102 o —^{R370A} -WW-0 0 0 **b** $\circ \bigcirc$ Diode module N2 W V P2 U **DIP-IPM** တီး းတီး းဝ \mathbf{O} O? ◄ CAUTION 0 μ $\frac{1}{2}$ TAB connector N1 11 L3 on X52CA 666666666 |୦୦୦||୦୦||୦୦||୦୦| Connect to the ືດໍ ို့စိ 0 RS resistor â TB-L1, o-∰-o TB-L2, TB-L3 TB-L3 520E o₿ 0 Connect to the R36 C94 outdoor converter :00 • 0600 circuit board (L1-。 ° ° 69 0 0 • • • • • • • OU, L2-OU, L3-OU) 400 VAC CN7 L3OUT-L3IN CN5 CN4 Connect to the Lead connect Detection of primary Connect to the outcurrent (Connect to outdoor converter door controller circircuit board (CN7) the outdoor noise filter cuit board (CN4) circuit board (CNCT)) CN6 CN2 Connect to the outdoor controller circuit board (CN2) Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8))-5: Power circuit board \rightarrow Transmitting signal to the controller board (0-5 VDC) 2-5: Zero cross signal (0-5 VDC) 3-4: Not used [5:⊖ 0, 2, 6, 7:⊕] 6-5: 15 VDC ⑦-⑤: 15 VDC

Outdoor converter circuit board

PUZ-SWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM80YAA.TR PUZ-SWM100YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM100YA.TR

PUZ-SWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM120YAA.TR PUZ-SWM140YAA.TR PUZ-SHWM140YAA.TR



9-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS **Function of switches**

The black square (
) indicates a switch position

				The black square (■) indicates a switch pos Action by the switch operation					
Type of Switch	Switch	No.	Function	ON	OFF	Effective timing			
		1	No function	—	—	_			
DIP switch		2	Abnormal history clear	Clear	Normal	off or operating			
	SW1	3 4 5	Refrigerant address setting		ON 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 3	When power supply ON			
		6		<u>123456</u> <u>4</u> 5					
	0.4/4	1	No function	_	_	_			
	SW4	2	No function	_	_	_			
		1	Use of existing pipe	Used	Not used	Always			
	0.440	2	No function	_	_	_			
	SW8	3	Separate indoor/outdoor	Lload	Netword				
		3	unit power supplies	Used	Not used	When power supply ON			
Push switch	SW	Ρ	Pump down	Start	Normal	Under suspension			
		1	No function	_	—	_			
	SW5	2 Power failure automatic recovery*1		Auto recovery	No auto recovery	When power supply ON			
	3005	3,4	No function	_	_	—			
		5	Capacity operation	Passive mode	Active mode	When power supply ON			
		6	DHW operation	Quick mode	ECO mode	When power supply ON			
		1 Mode select*3		Demand function	Low noise mode	When power supply ON			
		2	Service check function*4	Backup data	Normal	Always			
		3	No function	_	—	—			
DIP switch	SW7*2	SW7*2	4,5	Max. current change function* ⁵	V-type SW7-4 SW7-5 Max. current OFF OFF Default ON OFF 21.0 A OFF ON 15.2 A ON ON 13.0 A	Y-type SW7-4 SW7-5 Max. current OFF OFF Default ON OFF 10.0 A OFF ON 9.5 A ON ON 8.5 A	When power supply ON		
		6	Defrost setting	For high humidity	Normal	Always			
		1	No function						
		2	No function	_	_	_			
	SW9	3,4	Starting Ambient temp. of flash injection	OFFOFF $\leq -6^{\circ}C$ (IOFFON \leq ONOFF \leq	ent temp. nitial setting) -3°C 50°C 53°C	Always			
		1		PUD-SWM60/80/100/120VAA	PUD-SWM80/100/120YAA				
		2		PUD-SHWM60/80/100/120/140VAA	PUD-SHWM80/100/120/140YA				
		3		60V OFF 12345678 80V OFF 123	80Y OFF 12345678	Y OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
DIP	SW6	4	Model select						
switch	3000	5	woder select						
SWITCH		6			120Y OFF 12345678	OFF			
			1						
				MODEL SW6					
		7		MODEL SW6					

*1 "Power failure automatic recovery" can be set by either remote controller or this DIP SW. If one of them is set to ON, "Auto recovery" activates. Please set "Auto recovery" basically by remote controller because all units do not have DIP SW. Please refer to the indoor unit installation manual. *2 Please do not use SW7-2,4,5,6 usually. Trouble might be caused by the usage condition.

*3 SW7-1 is setting change over of Demand. It is effective only in the case of external input. (Local wiring is necessary. Refer to the next page: Special function.)

*4 This function displays the backup data when errors occurred. (Last 4 data at the maximum)

*5 This function cannot exceed the default current limit.

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SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

9.7.1. Low noise mode (on-site modification) (Fig. 9-7-1)

1. Using the CNDM connector (Option)

By performing the following modification, operation noise of the outdoor unit can be reduced.

The low noise mode will be activated when a commercially available timer or the contact input of an ON/OFF switch is added to the CNDM connector (option) on the control board of the outdoor unit.

- The ability varies according to the outdoor temperature and conditions, etc. Complete the circuit as shown when using the external input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E). (Option)
- SW7-1 (Outdoor unit control board): OFF ③ SW1 ON: Low noise mode
- SW1 OFF: Normal operation
- 2. Using remote controller

Refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

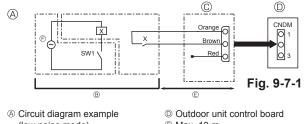
9.7.2. Demand function (on-site modification) (Fig. 9-7-2)

By performing the following modification, energy consumption can be reduced to 0–100% of the normal consumption.

The demand function will be activated when a commercially available timer or the contact input of an ON/OFF switch is added to the CNDM connector (option) on the control board of the outdoor unit.

- Complete the circuit as shown when using the external input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E). (Option)
- ② By setting SW7-1 on the control board of the outdoor unit, the energy consumption (compared to the normal consumption) can be limited as shown below.

	SW7-1	SW2	SW3	Energy consumption
Demand function	ON	OFF	OFF	100%
		ON	OFF	75%
		ON	ON	50%
		OFF	ON	0% (Stop)

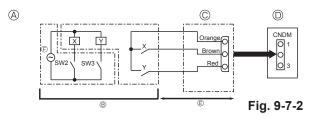


- (low noise mode) (B) On-site arrangement
- © External input adapter
- (PAC-SC36NA-E)

X: Relay

© Max. 10 m

© Power supply for relay



- A Circuit diagram example
- (Demand function)
- ® On-site arrangement
- X, Y: Relay © External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E)
- Outdoor unit control board © Max. 10 m
- © Power supply for relay

<Display function of inspection for outdoor unit>

The blinking patterns of both LED1 (green) and LED2 (red) indicate the types of abnormality when it occurs. Types of abnormality can be indicated in details by connecting an optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" to connector CNM on outdoor controller board.

[Display]

(1) Normal condition

Unit condition	Outdoor con	troller board	A-Control Service Tool		
Unit condition	LED1 (Green)	LED2 (Red)	Check code	Indication of the display	
When the power is turned on	Lit	Lit	- ⇔ -	Alternately blinking display	
When unit stops	Lit	Not lit	00, etc.		
When compressor is warming up	Lit	Not lit	08, etc.	Operation mode	
When unit operates	Lit	Lit	C5, H7, etc.		

(2) Abnormal condition

Indic	ation			Error		
Outdoor con LED1 (Green)	troller board LED2 (Red)	Contents	Check code*	Inspection method	Detailed reference page	
(/	· · · ·	Connector(63H) is open.	F5	 Check if connector on the outdoor controller board is not disconnected. Check continuity of pressure switch by multimeter. 	P.26	
2 blinking	1 blinking	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (4 units or more)	_	 ① Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. ② Check if 4 or more indoor units are connected to out- 	P.26 (EA)	
		Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection)	_	door unit. ③ Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire or power supply.	P.26 (Eb)	
		Startup time over	—	④ Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.	P.26 (EC)	
	2 blinking	Indoor/outdoor unit communica- tion error (signal receiving error) is detected by indoor unit.	E6	② Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire or power supply.		
		Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (transmitting error) is detect- ed by indoor unit.	E7			
		Indoor/outdoor unit communica- tion error (signal receiving error) is detected by outdoor unit.	_			
		Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (transmitting error) is detect- ed by outdoor unit.	_		P.33 (E9)	
	3 blinking	Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by remote control- ler.	E0	 ① Check if connecting wire of indoor unit or remote controller is connected correctly. ② Check if noise entered into transmission wire of 	P.31	
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by remote controller.	E3	remote controller.③ 3Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.	P.31	
		Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by indoor unit.	E4		P.31	
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by indoor unit.	E5		P.31	
	4 blinking	Check code is not defined.	EF	 Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller. Check if noise entered into indoor/outdoor connecting wire. Re-check error by turning off power, and on again. 	P.33	
		Incorrect connection	EE	① Connect I/F or FTC to the unit.	P.26	
	5 blinking	Serial communication error <communication between="" outdoor<br="">controller board and outdoor power board></communication>	Ed	 Check if connector (CN4) on outdoor controller board and outdoor power board is not disconnected. 	P.33	

* Check code displayed on remote controller ** Refer to service manual for indoor unit.

Indic	ation			Error		
Outdoor con		Contents	Check code*	Inspection method	Detailed reference	
. ,	. ,	Abnormality of discharge temperature (TH4) and Comp. surface temperature (TH33)	U2	 Check if stop valves are open. Check if connectors (TH4, LEV-A) on outdoor controller board are not disconnected. Check if unit is filled with specified amount of refrigerant. Measure resistance values among terminals on indoor valve and outdoor linear expansion valve using a multimeter. 	P.27	
	2 blinking	linkingAbnormal high pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated.)① Check if indoor/outdoor units have a short cycle their air ducts. ② Check if connector(63H) (63L) on outdoor contr	② Check if connector(63H) (63L) on outdoor controller	P.27		
		Abnormal low pressure (Low pressure switch 63L operated.)	UL	 board is not disconnected. ③ Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty. ④ Measure resistance values among terminals on linear expansion valve using a multimeter. 	P.30	
	3 blinking	Abnormality of outdoor fan motor rotational speed	U8	 Check the outdoor fan motor. Check if connector (TH3) (63HS) on outdoor controller board is disconnected. 	P.28	
		Protection from overheat operation (TH3)	Ud		P.30	
	4 blinking	Compressor overcurrent breaking(Startup locked)	UF	 ① Check if stop valves are open. ② Check looseness, disconnection, and converse con- 	P.30	
		Compressor overcurrent breaking Abnormality of current sensor (P.B.)	UP UH	nection of compressor wiring. ③ Measure resistance values among terminals on com-	P.31 P.30	
		Abnormality of power module	U6	 pressor using a multimeter. ④ Check if outdoor unit has a short cycle on its air duc ⑤ Check leakage of refrigerant. 		
	5 blinking	Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH4, TH33)	U3	① Check if connectors (TH3, TH32, TH4, TH33 and TH7/6) on outdoor controller board and connector	P.27	
		Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)	U4	(CN3) on outdoor power board are not disconnected. ② Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistors.	P.28	
	6 blinking	Abnormality of heat sink temperature	U5	 Check if indoor/outdoor units have a short cycle on their air ducts. @ Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistor(TH8 		
	7 blinking	 Abnormality of voltage Check looseness, disconnection, and convernection of compressor wiring. Measure resistance value among terminals opressor using a multimeter. Check if power supply voltage decreases. Check the wiring of CN52C. 	 ② Measure resistance value among terminals on compressor using a multimeter. ③ Check if power supply voltage decreases. 	P.29– P.30		
4 blinking	1 blinking	Abnormality of room temperature thermistor (TH1)	P1	 Check if connectors on indoor controller board are not disconnected. Measure resistance value of indoor thermistors. 	**	
		Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor /Liquid (TH2)	P2		**	
		Abnormality of tank temperature thermistor	P9		**	
	4 blinking	Abnormality of pipe temperature	P8	 Check if indoor thermistors(TH2 and TH5) are not disconnected from holder. Check if stop valve is open. Check converse connection of extension pipe. (on plural units connection) Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. (on plural units connection) 	P.33	

* Check code displayed on remote controller ** Refer to service manual for indoor unit.

<Outdoor unit operation monitor function>

[When optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" is connected to outdoor controller board (CNM)]

Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on "A-Control Service Tool".

Operation indicator SW2: Indicator change of self-diagnosis



			elf-diagnosis		The black squ		es a switch positio
SW2 setting	Display	detail		E>	kplanation for	^r display	Unit
	or LED1 working deta	ails>)				
(1) Display when When the pow Wait for 4 mir	the power supply ON wer supply ON, blinkir nutes at the longest. play lights (Normal op	ıg display		-	1 seco interv		
LED1	(Lighti	ng)			ON	SW2	itial setting)
The tens digit: Oper	ation mode		The ones digit: R	Relay output			
Display	Operation Model		Display	Warming-up Compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	OFF / FAN		0	Compressor	-	-	
С	COOL / DRY *		1				 ON
Н	HEAT	_	2			ON	_
d	DEFROST		3			ON	ON
	during replacement ope		4	_	ON	_	_
	ring error postponeme		5	_	ON	_	ON
	nent code is displayed		6	_	ON	ON	_
protection	or stops due to the wo	IK OI	7	_	ON	ON	ON
	nent code is displayed	d while	8	ON			_
	ing postponed.		A	ON	_	ON	_
(3) When the dis Inspection co	de is displayed when Display U1	Abnormal		o be inspected (I	•		
Display Inspection 0 Outdoor 1 Indoor ut 2 Indoor ut 3 Indoor ut	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit U9 r unit U4 U9 r unit U4 U9 r unit U4 U5 U5 U6 U7 U7 U8 U5 U7 U5 U7 U7 U5 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7	shortage Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Current so Abnormal Compress	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor uni temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 or overcurrent i	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 33L operated) interruption	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, T harge temperatur	TH7 and TH8) re	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u Display Contents to	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit U9 r unit U4 U9 r unit U4 U9 r unit U4 U5 U5 U6 U7 U7 U8 U5 U7 U5 U7 U7 U5 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7 U7	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Current se Abnormal Compress Abnormal	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor uni temperature of ity of power mod ity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ity of indoor unit	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 33L operated) interruption	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, T harge temperatur	TH7 and TH8) re	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u Display Contents to F3 63L connee F5 63H connee F9 2 connecto	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit unit 1 U9 U4 U9 U4 U5 U9 U4 U9 U4 UF UH UH UH U1 UH UP P1–P8 o be inspected (When pow	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Current so Abnormal Compress Abnormal wer is turn	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor unit temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ty of indoor unit ed on)	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 63L operated) interruption ts	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, T harge temperatur	TH7 and TH8) re	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u 5 63L conned F5 63H conned F9 2 connecto E8 Indoor/outdo E9 Indoor/outdo	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit unit 1 unit 2 unit 3 unit 4 UF UH UH UH UH UP P1–P8 o be inspected (When pow ctor(red) is open. rs(63H/63L) are open. door communication error	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Current so Abnormal Compress Abnormal wer is turn	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor unit temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ty of indoor unit ed on) ecceiving error) (Outo	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 63L operated) interruption ts Outdoor unit) door unit)	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, Tharge temperatur	TH7 and TH8)	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u 5 63L connee F5 63H connee F9 2 connecto E8 Indoor/outce E9 Indoor/outce EA Miswiring contents	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U9 r unit unit 1 unit 2 unit 3 unit 4 UF UH UH UH UL UP P1–P8 o be inspected (When pow ctor(red) is open. rs(63H/63L) are open. door communication error door communication error of indoor/outdoor unit con	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Abnormal Compress Abnormal wer is turn	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor unit temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ity of indoor unit ed on) ecciving error) (Out re, excessive nu	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 63L operated) interruption ts Outdoor unit) door unit) umber of indoor u	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, Tharge temperature en Comp. locked	TH7 and TH8)	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u 5 63L conned F5 63H conned F9 2 connecto E8 Indoor/outd E9 Indoor/outd EA Miswiring outdition Eb Miswiring outdition	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit unit 1 UF UH UH UH UH UH UH UP P1–P8 o be inspected (When pow ctor(red) is open. ctor(yellow) is open. rs(63H/63L) are open. door communication error foor communication error of indoor/outdoor unit con	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Abnormal Compress Abnormal wer is turn	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor unit temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ity of indoor unit ed on) ecciving error) (Out re, excessive nu	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 63L operated) interruption ts Outdoor unit) door unit) umber of indoor u	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, Tharge temperature en Comp. locked	TH7 and TH8)	
0 Outdoo 1 Indoor u 2 Indoor u 3 Indoor u 4 Indoor u 5 63L connect F5 63H connect F9 2 connecto E8 Indoor/outdo E9 Indoor/outdo E0 Miswiring c E0 Startup tim EE Incorrect co	U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U7 U8 U9 r unit unit 1 UF UH UH UH UL UP P1–P8 o be inspected (When pow ctor(red) is open. rs(63H/63L) are open. rs(63H/63L) are open. door communication error foor communication error of indoor/outdoor unit con of indoor/outdoor unit con e over	shortage of Open/sho Open/sho Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Abnormal Overheat Compress Current sc Abnormal Compress Abnormal wer is turn	high discharge of refrigerant rt of outdoor unit temperature of ity of power modity of superheat ity of superheat ity of voltage protection sor overcurrent i ensor error low pressure (6 sor overcurrent i ity of indoor unit ed on) ecciving error) (Out re, excessive nu	temperature, hig it thermistors (TH heat sink dule due to low disch n motor interruption (Whe 63L operated) interruption ts Outdoor unit) door unit) umber of indoor u	H4, TH33) H3, TH32, TH6, Tharge temperature en Comp. locked	TH7 and TH8)	

		The black square (∎) indicates a switcl	n position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) −40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -10°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow \Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) −20 to 217	-20 to 217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 105°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 → 05 → □□ t	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The output step of outdoor FAN 0 to 16	0 to 16	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of ON/OFF times of com- pressor 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 42500 times (425 ×100 times) 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $4 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow \Box$	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor integrating operation times 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 2450 hours (245 × 10 hours) 0.5 s $0.5 s$ 2 s 2 s 2 s	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating current 0 to 50	0 to 50 Note: Value after the decimal point will be truncated.	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating frequency 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 125 Hz 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $12 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	0.1 Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 150 pulse 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $\Box 1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \Box \Box$ t	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (1) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in the case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation mode when the last error occurred	This setting shows the operation mode when the last error occurred as well as the default setting (Refer to the following). (SW2) ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Code display

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) when the last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When −15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\square \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \square$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) when the last error occurred −20 to 217	-20 to 217 (When the temperature is 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 130°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s 1 → 30 → □□ t	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating current when the last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (1) (latest) The alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (2) The alternate display of error unit num- ber and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	
ON	The thermo ON time 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 245 minutes 0.5 s $0.5 s$ 2 s 2 s 2 s	Minute
123456	The test run elapsed time 0 to 120	0 to 120 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 105 minutes 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2 s\Box 1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of connected indoor units 0 to 4	0 to 4 (The number of connected indoor units is displayed.)	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The capacity setting display	Displayed as an outdoor capacity code.CapacityCodeSWM60/SHWM6011SWM80/SHWM8014SWM100/SHWM10020SWM120/SHWM12025SHWM14028	Code display

		The black square (■) indicates a switcl	n position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor unit setting information	 The tens digit (Total display for applied setting) Setting details Display details H·P / Cooling only 0: H·P 1: Cooling only Single phase / 3 phase 0: Single phase 2: 3 phase The ones digit Setting details Display details Display details Defrosting switch 0: Normal 1: For high humidity (Example) When heat pump, 3 phase and defrosting (normal) are set up, "20" is displayed. 	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(1)) Indoor 1 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(1)) Indoor1 Outdoor condensing temperature (T63HS) Condenser: T63HS Evaporator: TH5 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(2)) Indoor 2 -39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "−" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(2)) Indoor 2 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The return water temperature (THW2) 0 to 60	0 to 60	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The target flow water temperature 0 to 80	0 to 80	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor pipe temperature/Cond./ Eva.(TH6 or T63HS) Condenser: T63HS Evaporator: TH6 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) −39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) −40 to 200	 -40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge superheat (SHd) [0 to 255] SHd = TH4 or TH33*-T63HS * Chose higher one	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C

The black square (\blacksquare) indicates a switch position.

	1		•
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of defrost cycles 0 to FFFE	0 to FFFE (in hexadecimal notation) (When more than FF in hex (255 in decimal), the number is displayed in order of 163's and 162's, and 161's and 160's places.) Example: When 5000 cycles 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2 s9 \rightarrow C4 \rightarrow \square$	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The input current of outdoor unit 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
	The U9 error detail history (latest)	Description Display	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Normal 00	
		Overvoltage error 01	
		Undervoltage error 02	
ON		Input current sensor error	
		L1-phase open error 04	
1 2 3 4 5 6		Abnormal power synchronous signal 08	Code
		PFC error (Overvoltage/Undervoltage/Overcurrent) 10	display
		PEC/IGBT error (\/_tv/pe)	
		Undervoltage 20	
		Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03 Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A L ₁ phase open error (04) + PFC/IGBT error (20) = 24	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The DC bus voltage 100 to 1023	100 to 1023 (When it is 100 V or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The communication demand capacity 0 to 255	0 to 255 When the communication demand is not set, "100" is displayed.	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (2) of outdoor unit	 Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in the case of no postponement. 	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (3) of outdoor unit		
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (3) (Oldest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, "0" and "– –" are displayed by turns.	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error thermistor display When there is no error thermistor, "–" is displayed.	 3: Liquid pipe temperature (TH3), Suction pipe temperature (TH32) 4: Discharge pipe temperature (TH4) 6: 2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) 7: Ambient temperature (TH7) 8: Heat sink temperature (TH8) 33: Comp. surface temperature (TH33) 	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation frequency when the last error occurred 0 to 255	0 to 255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 125 Hz 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $\square 1 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow \square$	

OCH809A

SW2 setting	Display detail	The black square (■) indicates a switc Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The fan step when the last error occurred 0 to 16	0 to 16	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-C opening pulse 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 130 pulse 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow \square$	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The return water temperature (THW2) when the last error occurred 0 to 60	0 to 60	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2) when the last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When –15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box\Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) or outdoor condensing tempera- ture (T63HS) when the last error occurred Condenser: T63HS Evaporator: TH5 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When –15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ → 15 → □□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor pipe temperature/Cond./ Eva.(TH6 or T63HS) when the last error occurred Condenser: T63HS Evaporator: TH6 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When –15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ → 15 → □□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) when the last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ → 15 → □□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) when the last error occurred −40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge superheat when the last error occurred 0 to 255 [SHd = TH4 or TH33*-T63HS] * Chose higher one	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 150°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The degree of subcooling (SC) when the last error occurred 0 to 255 [SC = T63HS-TH2]	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 115°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \square$	°C

The black square (■) indicates a switch pos			
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The thermo-on time until error stops 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 415 minutes 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $14 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow 15$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The comp. surface temperature (TH33) −20 to 217	-20 to 217 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit, and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 105 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $\Box 1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The controlling status of compressor operating frequency	The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit. • The tens digit Display Compressor operating frequency control 1 Primary current control 8 Secondary current control • The ones digit (In this digit, the total number of activated control is displayed.) Display Compressor operating frequency control 1 Preventive control for excessive temperature 2 Preventive control for excessive temperature 2 Preventive control for excessive temperature 4 Frosting preventing control 8 Preventive control for excessive temperature 4 Frosting preventing control 8 Preventive control for excessive temperature 1 Preventive control for excessive temperature 2 Preventive control for excessive temperature 3 Preventive control for excessive temperature 4 Frosting preventing control 8 Preventive control for excessive temperature 9 Preventive control for excessive temperature rise of condensing temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature rise of condensing temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature rise of condensing temperature	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The software check sum 0000 to FFFF	0000 to FFFF	-
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor suction pipe temperature (TH32) −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When –15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box$	°C

<Service check mode:SW7-2 ON Backup data>

ON

123456

SW2 setting	Display detail	The black square (■) indicates a switch Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The primary current when the last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The DC bus voltage when the last error occurred 100 to 1023	100 to 1023 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	V
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The suction pipe temperature (TH32) when the last error occurred -39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The comp. surface temperature (TH33) when the last error occurred -20 to 217	 -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse when the last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-C opening pulse when the last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation mode when the second- to-last error occurred	This setting shows the operation mode when the sec- ond-to-last error occurred as well as the default set- ting (Refer to the following). (SW2)	Mode
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operating frequency when the sec- ond-to-last error occurred 0 to 255	0 to 255 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor current when the sec- ond-to-last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The primary current when the second- to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A
ON	The DC bus voltage when the second-	100 to 1023 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit,	

to-last error occurred

100 to 1023

(When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit

V

and ones digit are displayed by turns.)

The black square (\blacksquare) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The fan step when the second-to-last error occurred 0 to 16	0 to 16	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The return water temperature (THW2) when the second-to-last error occurred 0 to 60	0 to 60	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor liquid pipe temperature (TH2) when the second-to-last error occurred (The average temperature when 2 or more indoor units are connected) -39 to 88	-39 to 88 Indoor liquid pipe temperature (TH2) Σ (TH2(N))/n (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) when the second-to-last error occurred (The average temperature when 2 or more indoor units are connected) -39 to 88	-39 to 88 Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) Σ (TH5(N))/n (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) when the second-to-last error occurred -20 to 217	 -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor liquid pipe temperature (TH3) when the second-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) when the second-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) when the second-to-last error occurred −39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C

The black square (■) indicates a switch posit			
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The heat sink temperature (TH8) when the second-to-last error occurred −40 to 200	 -40 to 200 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The suction pipe temperature (TH32) when the second-to-last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The Comp. surface temperature (TH33) when the second-to-last error occurred -20 to 217	 -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse when the sec- ond-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse when the sec- ond-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-C opening pulse when the second-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation mode when the third-to- last error occurred	This setting shows the operation mode when the third-to-last error occurred as well as the default setting (Refer to the following). (SW2)	Mode
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operating frequency when the third- to-last error occurred 0 to 255	- 0 to 255 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor current when the third- to-last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The primary current when the third-to- last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The DC bus voltage when the third-to- last error occurred 100 to 1023	100 to 1023 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	V
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The fan step when the third-to-last error occurred 0 to 16	0 to 16	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The return water temperature (THW2) when the third-to-last error occurred 0 to 60	0 to 60	°C

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting Display detail Explanation for display			•
Svv2 setting		-39 to 88	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor liquid pipe temperature (TH2) when the third-to-last error occurred -39 to 88		
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) when the third-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) Σ (TH5(N))/n (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) when the third-to-last error occurred -20 to 217	-20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor liquid pipe temperature (TH3) when the third-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) when the third-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) when the third-to-last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The heat sink temperature (TH8) when the third-to-last error occurred -40 to 200	 -40 to 200 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The suction pipe temperature (TH32) when the third-to-last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The Comp. surface temperature (TH33) when the third-to-last error occurred -20 to 217	 -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse when the third-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse when the third-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-C opening pulse when the third-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse

	The black square (■) indicates a switch p			
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation mode when the fourth-to- last error occurred	This setting shows the operation mode when the fourth-to-last error occurred as well as the default setting (Please refer to the following). (SW2) ON $1 2 3 4 5 6$	Mode	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operating frequency when the fourth-to-last error occurred 0 to 255			
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor current when the fourth-to-last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The primary current when the fourth-to- last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	and ones digit are displayed by turns.)		V	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	0 to 16		Step	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	0 to 60		°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor liquid pipe temperature (TH2) when the fourth-to-last error occurred -39 to 88 -39 to 88 Indoor liquid pipe temperature (TH2) Σ(TH2(N))/n (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)		°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. -39 to 88 (TH5) when the fourth-to-last error occurred -39 to 88 -39 to 88 Indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5) 25 6 C(TH5) when the fourth-to-last error occurred -39 to 88 When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.)		°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) when the fourth-to-last error occurred -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)		°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor liquid pipe temperature (TH3) when the fourth-to-last error occurred	-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C	

	1	The black square (■) indicates a switcl	n position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON (TH6) when the fourth-to-last error		-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "-" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) when the fourth-to-last error occurred −39 to 88	 −39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The heat sink temperature (TH8) when the fourth-to-last error occurred -40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The suction pipe temperature (TH32) when the fourth-to-last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The Comp. surface temperature (TH33) when the fourth-to-last error occurred −20 to 217	 -20 to 217 (When it is 0 or less, "–" and numbers are displayed by turns.) (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse when the fourth-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse when the fourth-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-C opening pulse when the fourth-to-last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse when the last error occurred 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse

10-1. Request code list

Certain indoor/outdoor combinations do not have the request code function; therefore, no request codes are displayed. Refer to indoor unit service manual for how to use the controllers and request codes for indoor unit.

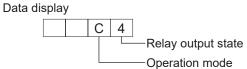
Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
0	Operation state	Refer to 10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
1	Compressor-Operating current (rms)	0 to 50	Α	
2	Compressor-Accumulated operating time	0 to 9999	10 hours	
3	Compressor-Number of operation times	0 to 9999	100 times	
4	Discharge temperature (TH4)	-20 to 217	°C	
5	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3)	-40 to 90	°C	
6				
7	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6)	-39 to 88	°C	
8	Outdoor unit-Suction pipe temperature (TH32)	-39 to 88	°C	
9	Outdoor unit-Ambient temperature (TH7)	-39 to 88	°C	
10	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8)	-40 to 200	°C	
11	Outdoor unit-Comp.Surface temperature (TH33)	-20 to 217	°C	
12	Discharge superheat (SHd)	0 to 255	°C	
13	Degree of subcooling (SC)	0 to 255	°C	
14				
15				
16	Compressor-Operating frequency	0 to 255	Hz	
17	Compressor-Target operating frequency	0 to 255	Hz	
18	Outdoor unit-Fan output step	0 to 16	Step	
19	Outdoor unit-Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0 to 9999	rpm	
20	Outdoor unit-Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0 to 9999	rpm	"0" is displayed if the air conditioner is a single-fan type.
21				
22	LEV (A) opening	0 to 500	Pulses	
23	LEV (B) opening	0 to 500	Pulses	
24	LEV (C) opening	0 to 500	Pulses	SHWM model only
25	Primary current	0 to 50	A	
26	DC bus voltage	100 to 1023	V	
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
40				
41				
42				
43				
44				
45				
46				
47				
48	Thermostat ON operating time	0 to 999	Minutes	
49				

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
50				
51	Outdoor unit-Control state	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
52	Compressor-Frequency control state	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
53	Outdoor unit-Fan control state	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
54	Actuator output state	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
55	Error content (U9)	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
56				
57				
58				
59				
60				
61				
62				
63 64				
65				
66				
67				
68				
69				
70	Outdoor unit-Capacity setting display	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
71	Outdoor unit-Setting information	Refer to 10-1-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
72				
73				
74				
75				
76				
77				
78				
79				
80				
81				
82				
83				
84				
85				
86				
87				
88				
89				
89 90	Outdoor unit Microprocessor version information	Examples) Ver E 01 "0504"	Ver.	
90	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information	Examples) Ver. 5.01 → "0501" Auxiliary information	vei.	
91	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information (sub No.)	(displayed after version information) Examples) Ver. 5.01 A000 \rightarrow "A000"	—	
92				
93				
94				
95				
96				
97				
98				
99				
		Displays postponement code. (" " is	Onth	
100	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 1 (latest)	Displays postponement code. (" " is displayed if no postponement code is present) Displays postponement code. (" " is	Code	
101	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 2 (previous)	displayed if no postponement code is present) Displays postponement code. (" " is	Code	
102	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 3 (last but one)	displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
103	Error history 1 (latest)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
104	Error history 2 (second to last)	Displays error history. (" " is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
105	Error history 3 (third to last)	Displays error history. (" " is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
106	Abnormal thermistor display (TH3/TH4/TH6/TH7/TH8/TH32/TH33)	3: TH3/TH32 4: TH4 6: TH6 7: TH7 8: TH8 33: TH33 0: No thermistor error	Sensor number	
107	Operation mode when the last error occurred	Displayed in the same way as request code "0".	—	
108	Compressor-Operating current when the last error occurred	0 to 50	А	
109	Compressor-Accumulated operating time when the last error occurred	0 to 9999	10 hours	
110	Compressor-Number of operation times when the last error occurred	0 to 9999	100 times	
111	Discharge temperature when the last error occurred	-20 to 217	°C	
112	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3) when the last error occurred	-40 to 90	°C	
113				
114	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) when the last error occurred	−39 to 88	°C	
115	Outdoor unit-Suction pipe temperature (TH32) when the last error occurred	−39 to 88	°C	
116	Outdoor unit-Ambient temperature (TH7) when the last error occurred	-39 to 88	°C	
117	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8) when the last error occurred	-40 to 200	°C	
118	Discharge superheat (SHd) when the last error occurred	0 to 255	°C	
119	Degree of subcooling (SC) when the last error occurred	0 to 255	°C	
120	Compressor-Operating frequency when the last error occurred	0 to 255	Hz	
121	Outdoor unit when the last error occurred • Fan output step	0 to 16	Step	
122	Outdoor unit when the last error occurred • Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0 to 9999	rpm	
123	Outdoor unit when the last error occurred • Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0 to 9999	rpm	"0" is displayed if the air conditioner is a single-fan type.
124				
	LEV (A) opening pulse when the last error occurred	0 to 500	Pulses	
	LEV (B) opening pulse when the last error occurred	0 to 500	Pulses	
	LEV (C) opening pulse when the last error occurred	0 to 500	Pulses	SHWM model only
128				
129		0.1.000		
130	Thermostat ON time until operation stops due to error	0 to 999	Minutes	
131 132	Indoor unit-Liquid pipe temperature (TH2) when the last	-39 to 88	°C	
133	error occurred Indoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH5) when the last	-39 to 88	°C	
134	error occurred		-	
	Error content (U9) at last time	-39 to 88	°C	
135	בווטו טטוונכווג (טש) מג ומשג נווווכ	53 10 00		

10-1-1. Detail Contents in Request Code

[Operation state] (Request code: "0")



Operation mode

Display	Operation mode
0	STOP • FAN
С	COOL • DRY
Н	HEAT
d	DEFROST

Relay output state

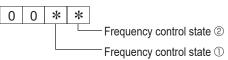
Display	Power currently supplied to compressor	Compressor	Four-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	—	_	—	—
1				ON
2			ON	
3			ON	ON
4		ON		
5		ON		ON
6		ON	ON	
7		ON	ON	ON
8	ON			
A	ON		ON	

[Outdoor unit - Control state] (Request code: " 51")

D	Data display			State
0	0 0 0 0		0	Normal
0	0	0	1	Preparing for heat operation
0	0	0	2	Defrost

[Compressor - Frequency control state] (Request code: "52")

Data display



Frequency control state ①

Display	ay Current limit control	
0	No current limit	
1	Primary current limit control is ON.	
2	Secondary current limit control is ON.	

Frequency control state ②					
Display	Discharge temperature overheat prevention	Condensation temperature overheat prevention	Anti-freeze protection control	Heat sink temperature overheat prevention	
0					
1	Controlled				
2		Controlled			
3	Controlled	Controlled			
4			Controlled		
5	Controlled		Controlled		
6		Controlled	Controlled		
7	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled		
8				Controlled	
9	Controlled			Controlled	
A		Controlled		Controlled	
b	Controlled	Controlled		Controlled	
С			Controlled	Controlled	
d	Controlled		Controlled	Controlled	
E		Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	
F	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	

[Fan control state] (Request code: "53")

Data display

0 0 * *

Fan step correction value by heat sink temperature overheat prevention control
 Fan step correction value by cool condensation temperature overheat prevention control

Display	Correction value
– (minus)	-1
0	0
1	+1
2	+2

[Actuator output state] (Request code: "54")

0

Data display 0

* * L Actuator output state ① Actuator output state 2

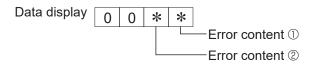
Actuator output state ①

Display	SV1	Four-way valve	Compressor	Compressor is warming up
0				
1	ON			
2		ON		
3	ON	ON		
4			ON	
5			ON	
6		ON	ON	
7	ON	ON	ON	
8				ON
9	ON			ON
A		ON		ON
b	ON	ON		ON
С			ON	ON
d	ON		ON	ON
E		ON	ON	ON
f	ON	ON	ON	ON

Actuator output state 2

Display	52C	SV2	SS
0			
1	ON		
2		ON	
3	ON	ON	
4			ON
5	ON		ON
6		ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON

[Error content (U9)] (Request code: "55")



Error conte	nt ①			• : Detected
Disalau	Overvoltage	Undervoltage	L₁-phase	Power synchronizing
Display	error	error	open error	signal error
0				
1	•			
2				
3	•			
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
Α				
b				
С			•	
d				
E				
F	•	•	•	

ected	Error	С

content 2

: Detected

	Display	Converter Fo PAM erro	
		error	FAMEITO
	0		
	1		
	2		
	3	•	

Data display	Capacity
9	35
10	50
11	60
14	71
20	100
25	125
28	140
40	200
50	250

[Outdoor unit -- Capacity setting display] (Request code: "70")

[Outdoor unit - Setting information] (Request code: "71")

Data display	0	0	*	*	
		_			Setting information ①
					-Setting information 2

Setting	inform	ation ①

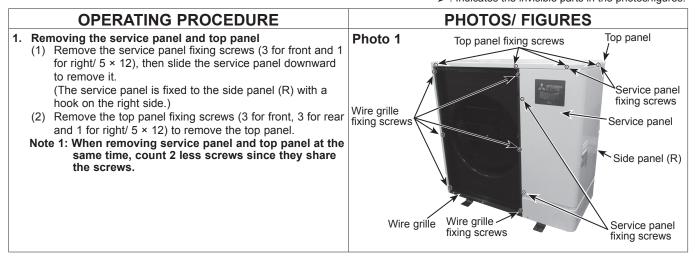
Display	Defrost mode
0	Standard
1	For high humidity

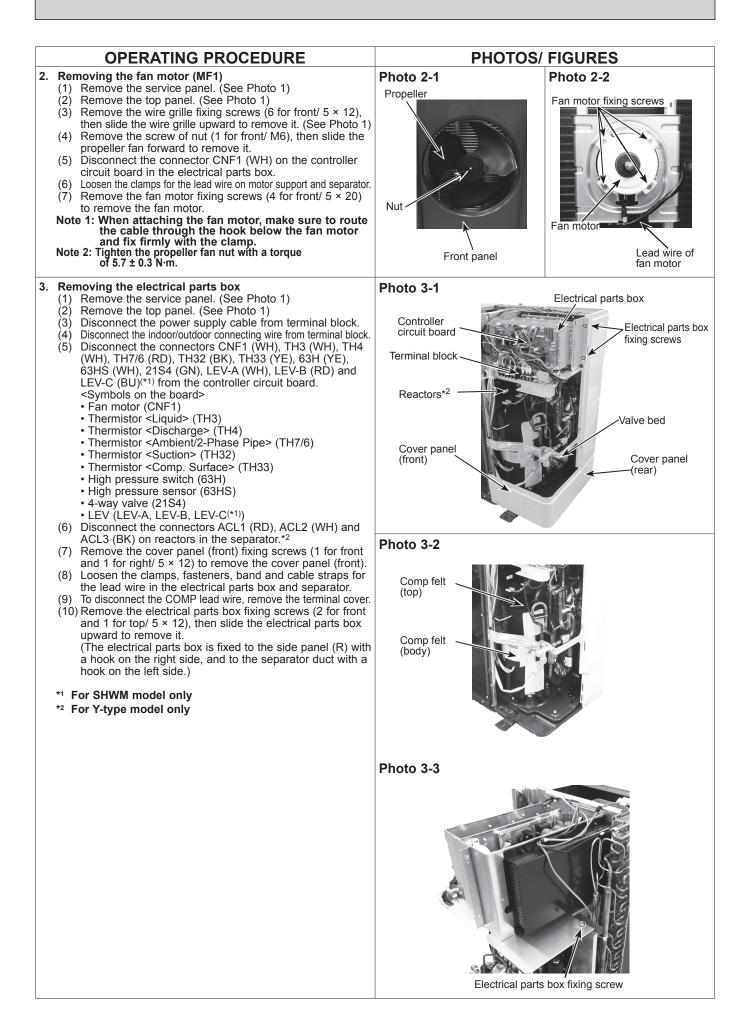
Setting information 2

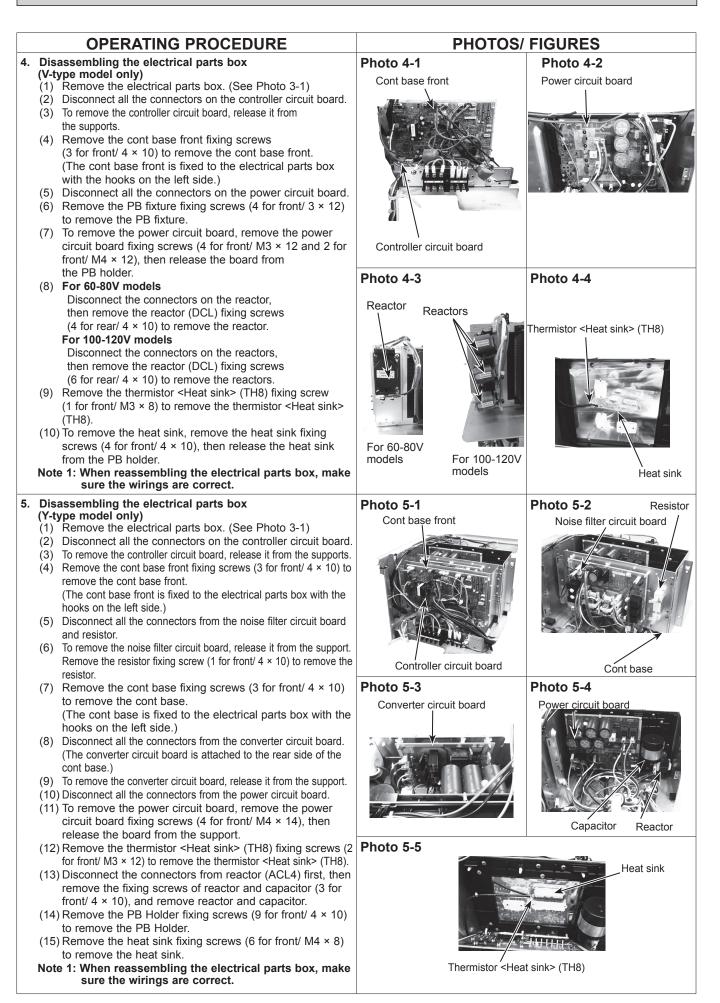
Display	Single-/ 3-phase	Heat pump/ cooling only
0	Single-phase	Heat pump
1		Cooling only
2	3-phase	Heat pump
3		Cooling only

11 DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

------> : Indicates the visible parts in the photos/figures. ------> : Indicates the invisible parts in the photos/figures.



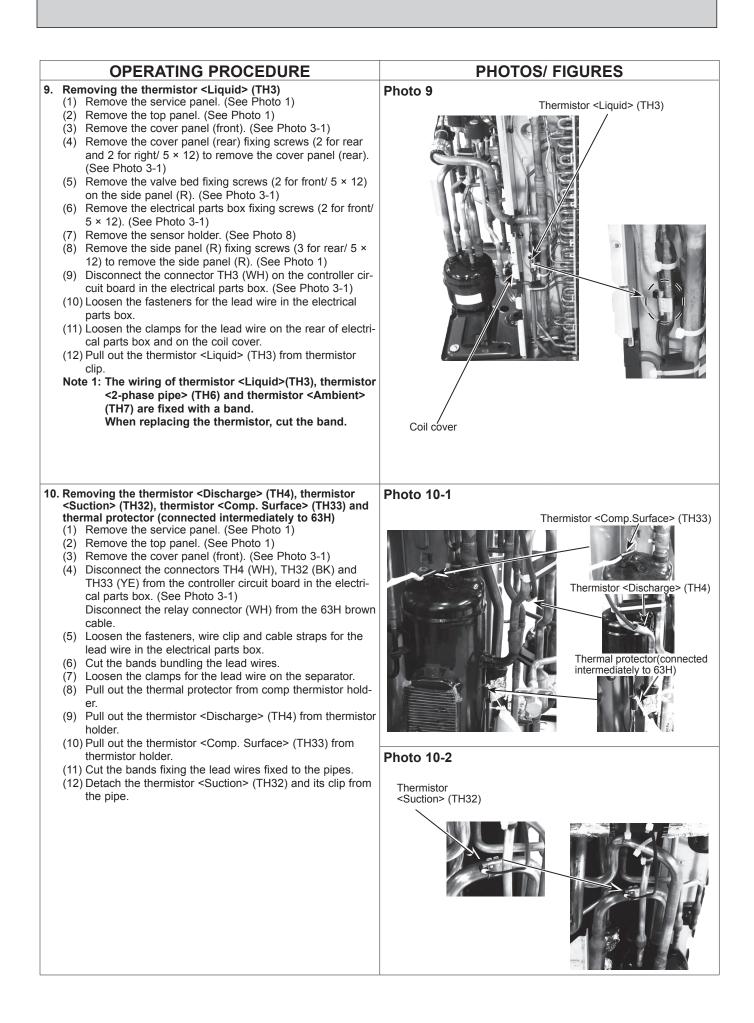


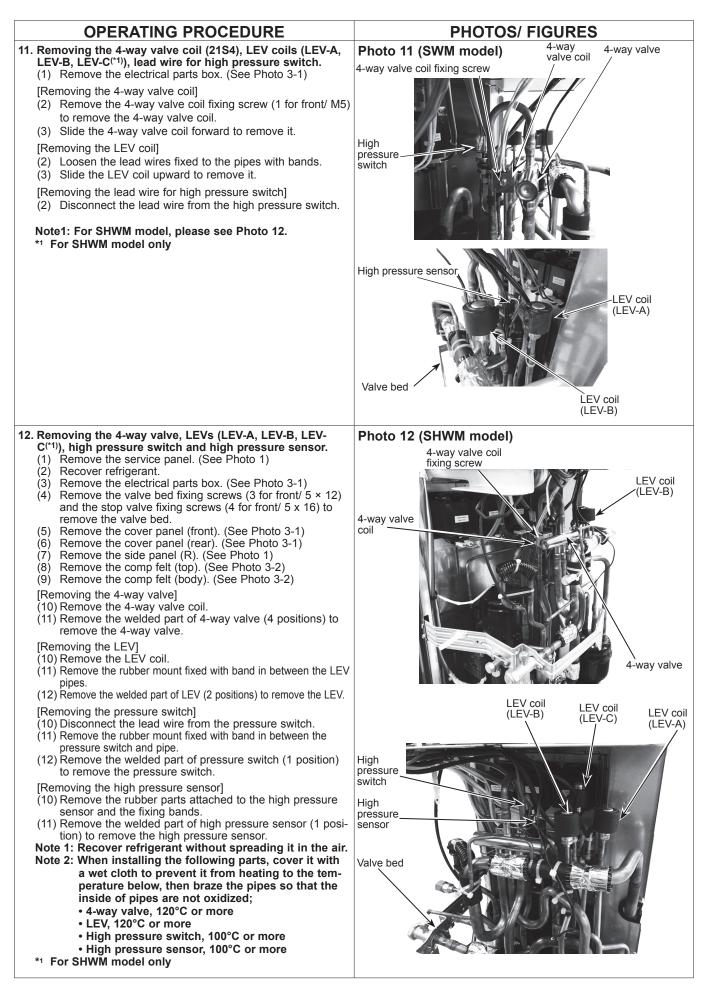


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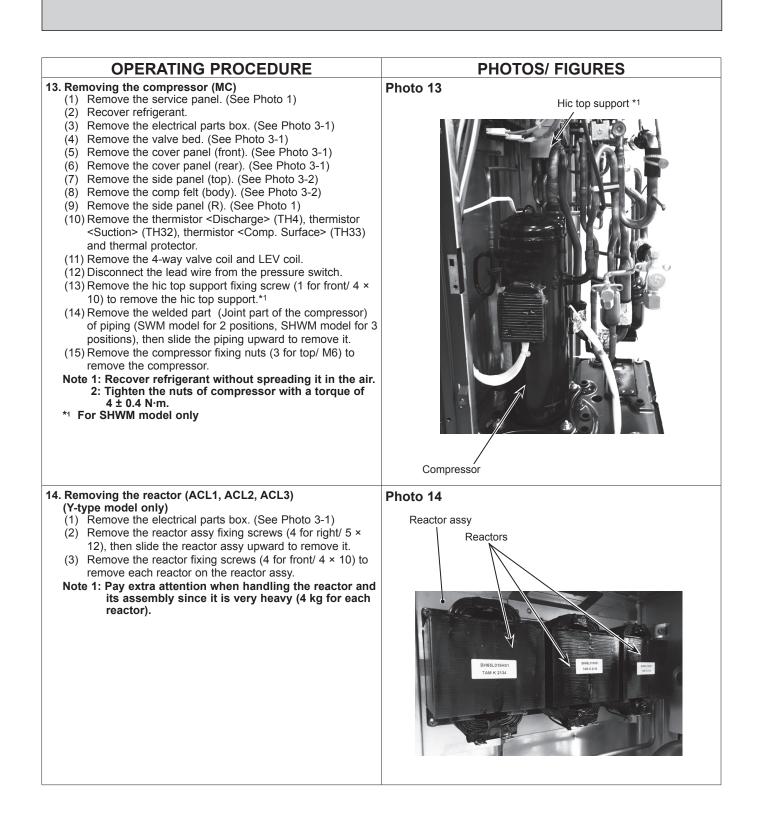
	OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/	FIGURES
6.	Disassembling the electrical parts box	Photo 6-1	Photo 6-2
6.	 Disassembling the electrical parts box (S(H)WM140V model only) (1) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1) (2) Disconnect all the connectors on the controller circuit board. (3) To remove the controller circuit board, release it from the support. (4) Remove the cont base front fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 ×10) to remove the cont base front. (The cont base front is fixed to the electrical parts box with the hooks on the left side.) (5) Disconnect all the connectors on the noise filter circuit board. (Remove the lead wire fixing bolts (4 for front/ 6 × 12) on board.) (6) To remove the noise filter circuit board, release it from the support. (7) Remove the cont base fixing screws (3 for front/ 4 × 10) to remove the cont base. (The cont base is fixed to the electrical parts box with the hooks on the left side.) (8) Disconnect all the connectors on the power circuit board. (Remove the lead wire fixing screws (4 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the PB fixture fixing screws (4 for front/ 3 × 12) to remove the PB fixture. (10) To remove the power circuit board, remove the power circuit board fixing screws (4 for front/ M3 × 12 and 2 for front/ M4 × 12), then release the board from the PB holder. (11) Disconnect the connectors on reactor, then remove the reactors (DCL1, DCL2, DCL3) fixing screws (6 for rear/ 4 × 10) to remove the reactors. (12) Remove the thermistor <heat sink=""> (TH8) fixing screw (1 for front/ M3 × 8) to remove the thermistor <heat sink=""> (TH8).</heat></heat> 	Photo 6-1 Cont base front Controller circuit board Photo 6-3 Power circuit board	
7.	 (13) To remove the heat sink, remove the heat sink fixing screws (4 for front/ 4 ×10), then release the heat sink from the PB holder. Note 1: When reassembling the electrical parts box, make sure the wirings are correct. Removing the thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1) (4) Loosen the fasteners for the lead wire in the electrical parts box. (5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on the rear of electrical parts box. (6) Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from thermistor clip. Note 1: The wiring of thermistor <liquid>(TH3), thermistor</liquid> 	Heat sink Thermistor <heat sink=""> (TH8) Photo 7</heat>	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)
8.	 <2-phase pipe> (TH6) and thermistor <ambient> (TH7), are fixed with a band. When replacing the thermistor, cut the band.</ambient> Removing the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)</ambient> (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (RD) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3-1) (4) Loosen the fasteners for the lead wire in the electrical parts box. 	Photo 8 Thermistor <ambie< th=""><th>ent> (TH7) and sensor holder</th></ambie<>	ent> (TH7) and sensor holder
	 parts box. (5) Loosen the clamps for the lead wire on rear of electrical parts box. (6) Remove the sensor holder fixing screw (1 for rear/ 5 × 12) to remove the sensor holder. (7) Pull out the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) from sensor holder.</ambient> (7) Pull out the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) from sensor holder.</ambient> (7) Note 1: The wiring of thermistor <liquid>(TH3), thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) and thermistor <ambient> (TH7) are fixed with a band. When replacing the thermistor, cut the band.</ambient></liquid> 		

OCH809A





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