

December 2018

No. OCH594
REVISED EDITION-B

SERVICE MANUAL

R410A

[Model Name] [Service Ref.]

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

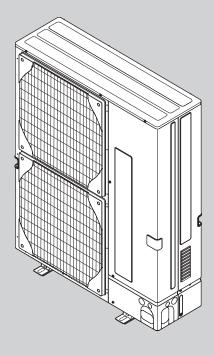
Revision:

- Added PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2 in REVISED EDITION-B.
- Some descriptions have been modified.

OCH594 REVISED EDITION-A is void.

Note:

 This manual describes service data of the outdoor unit only.



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PARTS CATALOG (OCB594)

TECHNICAL CHANGES

Service ref. have been changed as follows.

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 → PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1

• A compliance with ErP directive Lot6 has been authorized.

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1 → PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

- Power board, controller board and noise filter board have been changed.
- Quantity of refrigerant has been changed.
- Unit weight has been changed.

1

SAFETY PRECAUTION

1-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

Preparation before the repair service.

- · Prepare the proper tools.
- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the air conditioner, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

Precautions during the repair service.

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
- When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power, exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

1-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A						
Gauge manifold	Vacuum pump adaptor					
Charge hose	Electronic refrigerant					
Gas leak detector	charging scale					
Torque wrench						

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified.

Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of.

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the

Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products.

We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

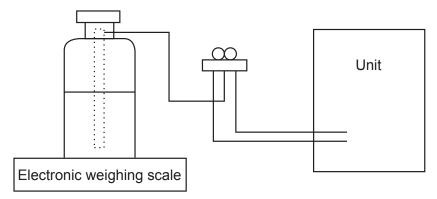
[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications				
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A				
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)				
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.				
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A				
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.				
3	Electronic weighing scale	_				
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.				
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.				
6	Refrigerant charge base	_				
7	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R410A Top of cylinder (Pink)				
		Cylinder with syphon				
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_				

1-3. CAUTIONS FOR REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	×	0
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adapter for reverse flow check	Δ(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)	Δ(Usable if equipped with adapter for reverse flow)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale	Charge refrigerant	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Vacuum gauge or thermistor vacuum gauge and vacuum valve	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum valve prevents back flow of oil and refrigerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	-

 $[\]times$: Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.) Δ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

o: Tools for other refrigerants can be used.

2

SPECIFICATIONS

2-1. SPECIFICATION

2-1-1. PUHZ-SHW230YKA2

<Reference data> Plate heat exchanger (MWA2-38PA) *2 pcs [connected in parallel]

Nominal water	er flow	L/min	65.9			
Heating	Capacity	kW	23.0			
(A7/W35)	COP		3.65			
	Power input	kW	6.31			
Heating	Capacity	kW	23.0			
(A7/W45)	COP		3.02			
	Power input	kW	7.62			
Heating	Capacity	kW	23.0			
(A2/W35)	COP		2.37			
	Power input	kW	9.71			
Heating	Capacity	kW	22.9			
(A2/W45)	COP	COP				
	Power input	kW	11.32			
Nominal water	er flow	L/min	57.3			
Cooling	Capacity	kW	20.00			
(A35/W7)	EER		2.22			
	Power input	kW	9.01			
Cooling	Capacity	kW	20.00			
(A35/W18)	EER		3.55			
	Power input	kW	5.63			

Rating conditions

Rating conditions								
Nominal operating condition								
Heating (A2/W35)								
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 30°C/+ 35°C							
Heating (A2/W45)								
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 40°C/+ 35°C							
Heating (A7/W35)								
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 30°C/+ 35°C							
Heating (A7/W45)	•							
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 40°C/+ 45°C							
Cooling (A35/W7)								
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 35 °C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24 °C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 12 °C/+ 7 °C							
Cooling (A35/W18)								
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 35°C							
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C							
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 23°C/+ 18°C							

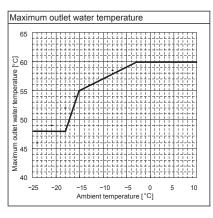
Note: "COP" and "Power input" in the above table are the values that do **NOT** contain the "pump input (based on EN 14511)".

2-1-2. Outdoor unit

Service Ref.			PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1	PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2			
Running current	Heating(A7/W35)	Α	9.	6			
	Cooling(A35/W7)	Α	9.	6			
Power factor	Heating(A7/W35)	%	9				
	Cooling(A35/W7)	%	9	5			
Power supply (phase, voltage,	cycle)		3 phase, 40	00 V, 50 Hz			
Max. current		Α	26.0	20			
Breaker size		Α	32	25			
Outer casing			Galvaniz	ed plate			
External finish			Munsell 3	Y 7.8/1.1			
Refrigerant control			Liner expar	nsion valve			
Compressor			Hermet	ic scroll			
	Model		ANB66	FJNMT			
	Motor output	kW	4.	7			
	Start type		Inve	rter			
	Protection devices		HP s	witch			
			LP switch				
			Discharg				
			Overcurren				
			Comp. surface thermo				
	Oil (Model)	L	1.7 (FV50S)				
Crankcase heater		W					
Heat exchanger				fin coil			
	Water		Plate heat				
Fan	Fan (drive) × No.		Propeller fan × 2				
	Fan motor output	kW	0.150 × 2				
	Airflow	m³/min	14				
		(CFM)	(4,940)				
Defrost method	1		Reverse cycle *1				
Noise level (SPL)	Heating	dB	59 *				
	Cooling	dB	58				
Noise level (PWL)	Heating	dB	7				
Dimensions	Width	mm (in)	1050 (4				
	Depth	mm (in)	330 + 30(* ³) (13+1-3/16)				
	Height	mm (in)	1338 (52				
Weight		kg (lbs)	149 (328)	143 (315)			
Refrigerant			R4				
	Quantity	kg (lbs)	7.7 (17.0)	7.1 (15.7)			
Guaranteed operating range	Heating	°C	−25(*6) to +21				
(Outdoor)	DHW	°C	−25 to				
Cooling		°C	-5(*4) to +46				
Outlet water temp. Heating °		°C	+6	60			
(Max. in heating, Min. in cooling) Cooling °C			+	5			
Nominal return water	Heating	°C	+10 to +59				
temperature range	Cooling	°C	+8 to +28				
Water flow rate range		L/min	28.7 to 65.9				

^{*1} Hot gas with 4-way valve

Nominal operating condition						
Heating(A7/W35)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+30/+35°C					
Cooling(A35/W7)						
Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+35°C					
Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C					
Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+12/+7°C					



^{*2} At distance of 1 m from outdoor unit *3 grill

^{*4} With the optional air outlet guide, the operation at -15°C outdoor temperature is possible.
*5 A weighted sound power level in accordance with ISO9614-1 for EN14511 testing is 75 dBA.
*6 Lower limit of use is -5°C for EN14511 testing purpose.

3-1. Additional refrigerant charge (R410A)

	Initial	Charatian Liquid		Total piping length (one way)										
Service Ref.	charge	Operation method	pipe		Amount of additional refrigerant charge (kg)									
	(kg)	method	size	2 - 10 m	11 - 20 m	21 - 30 m	31 - 40 m	41–50 m	51–60 m	61–70 m	71–80 m			
PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1	1 //	ATW/ATA/ AHU	-	-	-	-	1.2	2.4	3.6	4.8	5.2			
					ATW	ø12.7	-	-	-	1.4	2.8	4.2	5.6	7.0
PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2*1	7.1	AIVV	ø9.52	-	-	-	-	0.8	1.7	m 61–70 m 71–80 n 4.8 5.2 5.6 7.0 2.6 3.5 7.0 8.4	3.5			
FUNZ-SHWZSUTKAZKZ 1.	'.1	ATA/AHU	ø12.7	-	-	1.4	2.8	4.2	5.6	7.0	8.4			
		AIAVANU	ø9.52	-	-	-	0.8	1.7	2.6	arge (kg) -60 m 61-70 m 71- 3.6 4.8 5 4.2 5.6 7 1.7 2.6 3 5.6 7.0 8	4.4			

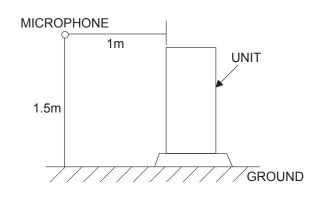
^{*1} Set the SW8-2 on controller board ON when the piping length is 10 m or less. (for models from PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2)

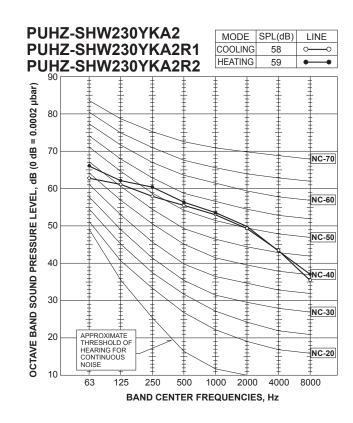
3-2. Recharge refrigerant amount (R410A)

	Operation	Liquid			Tota	l piping le	ng length (one way)				
Service Ref.	method	pipe									
	metriod	size	2 - 10 m	11 - 20 m	21 - 30 m	31 - 40 m	41–50 m	51–60 m	61–70 m	71–80 m	
PUHZ-SHW230YKA2	ATW/ATA/	ø12.7	5.5	6.6	7.7	8.9	10.1	11.3	12.5	12.9	
PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1	AHU	ø9.52	5.4	6.3	6.7	8.3	9.4	10.4	11.5	11.8	
	AT14/	ø12.7	5.9	6.5	7.1	8.5	9.9	11.3	12.7	14.1	
PUHZ-	ATW	ø9.52	5.7	6.1	6.5	7.1	7.9	8.8	9.7	10.6	
SHW230YKA2R2*1	ATA/AHU	ø12.7	6.5	7.1	8.5	9.9	11.3	12.7	14.1	15.5	
	AIAAAU	ø9.52	6.1	6.5	7.1	7.9	8.8	9.7	10.6	11.5	

^{*1} Set the SW8-2 on controller board ON when the piping length is 10 m or less. (for models from PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2)

3-3. NOISE CRITERION CURVES





3-4. Standard operation data

Reference data (connect to Plate HEX)

				(MWA2-38PA) × 2 pcs [connected in parallel]				
Mode				Cooling (A35/W7)	Heating (A7/W35)			
Total	Capacity		W	20,000	23,000			
P	Input		kW	9.01	6.31			
cuit	Outdoor unit			PUHZ-SHV	V230YKA2			
Electrical circuit	Phase, Hz			3,	50			
ctrica	Voltage		V	40	00			
E E	Current		Α	13.7	9.6			
	Discharge pressure		MPa	3.0	2.0			
	Suction pressure		MPa	0.7	0.6			
Refrigerant circuit	Discharge temperature		°C	79	73			
circ	Condensing temperature		°C	49	35			
ī	Suction temperature		°C	8	8			
era	Evaporating temperature		°C	6	2			
frig	Evaporator inlet temperature		°C	7				
Re	Evaporator outlet temperature		°C	6				
	Condenser inlet temperature	nlet temperature			65			
	Condenser outlet temperature		°C		34			
Water conditions	Flow volume		L/min	57.3	65.9			
	Outlet water temperature		°C	7	35			
Outdoor	Intake air	D.B.	°C	35	7			
Out	temperature	W.B.	°C	24	6			

Piping length: Main 2.5 m, Branch 2.5 m/2.5 m

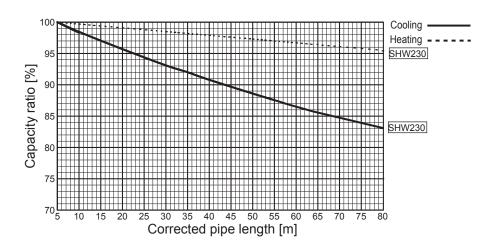
The unit of pressure has been changed to MPa based on international SI system.

The conversion factor is: 1 (MPa) = 10.2 (kgf/cm²)

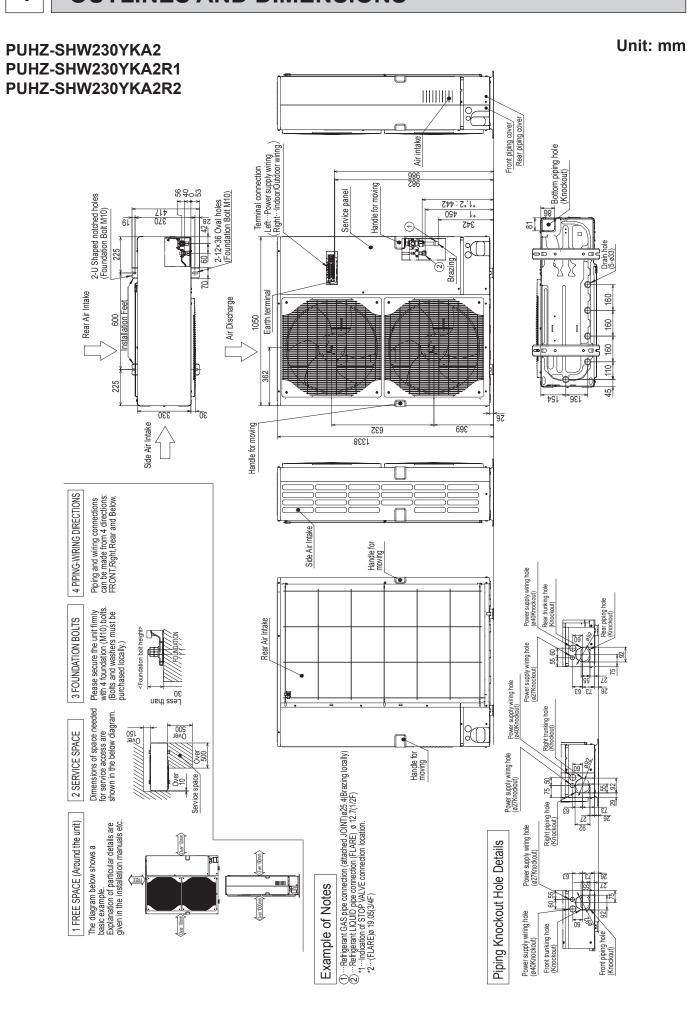
3-5. CAPACITY CORRECTION (Refrigerant piping length)

Cooling and heating capacity is lowered according to the piping length. Capacity can be obtained by referring to the following capacity curves.

Corrected pipe length (m) = actual pipe length (m) + number of bends × 0.3 (m)



OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS



WIRING DIAGRAM

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1

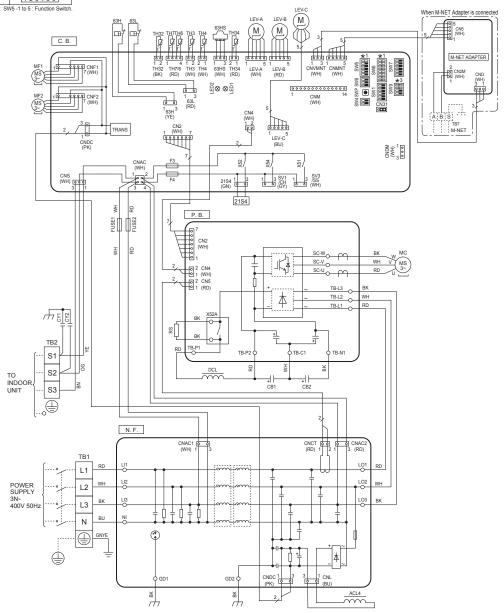
SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SY	YMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power supply=""></power>	LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Linear Expansion Valve	S	W6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TB2	Terminal Block <indoor outdoor=""></indoor>	ACL4	Reactor	S	W7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
MC	Motor for Compressor	DCL	Reactor	S	W8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor	CB1, CB2	Main Smoothing Capacitor	S	W9	Switch <function switch=""></function>
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	RS	Rush Current Protect Resistor	S	WP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
63H	High Pressure Switch	FUSE1, FUSE2	Fuse <t15al250v></t15al250v>	C	N31	Connector <emergency operation=""></emergency>
63L	Low Pressure Switch	CY1, CY2	Capacitor	F	3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	P. B.	Power Circuit Board	S	V1/CH	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	N. F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board	S	V3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>	C. B.	Controller Circuit Board	С	MM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH6	Thermistor<2-Phase Pipe>	SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history="" record<="" td=""><td>С</td><td>NMNT</td><td>Connector<connection for="" option=""></connection></td></manual>	С	NMNT	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>		Reset, Refrigerant Address>	С	NVMNT	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH32	Thermistor <suction></suction>	SW4	Switch <test operation=""></test>	С	NDM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
TH34	Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.>	SW5	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>			•



★3 Ambient temp. of ZUBADAN Flash Injection becomes effective. The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4
3°C or less (Default setting)	ON OFF 1 2 3 4	0°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4	-3°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4	-6°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4

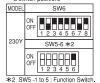
*4 SW9-1 to 2 : Function Switch



PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOI	. NAME
TB1	Terminal Block (Power Supply)	TH34	Thermistor (Comp. Surface)	SW5	Switch (Function Switch, Model Select)
TB2	Terminal Block (Indoor/Outdoor)	LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C	Linear Expansion Valve	SW6	Switch (Model Select)
MC	Motor for Compressor	ACL4	Reactor	SW7	Switch (Function Switch)
MF1,MF2	Fan Motor	DCL	Reactor	SW8	Switch (Function Switch)
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	RS	Rush Current Protect Resistor	SW9	Switch (Function Switch)
63H	High Pressure Switch	FUSE1, FUSE2	Fuse (T15AL250V)	SWP	Switch (Pump Down)
63L	Low Pressure Switch	CY1, CY2	Capacitor	CN31	Connector (Emergency Operation)
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	P. B.	Power Circuit Board	F3, F4	Fuse (T6.3AL250V)
TH3	Thermistor (Liquid)	N. F.	Noise Filter Circuit Board	SV1/CH	Connector (Connection for Option)
TH4	Thermistor (Discharge)	F1	Fuse (T6.3A L250V)	SV3/SS	Connector (Connection for Option)
TH6	Thermistor (2-Phase Pipe)	C.B.	Controller Circuit Board	CNM	Connector (Connection for Option)
TH7	Thermistor (Ambient)	SW1	Switch (Manual Defrost, Defect History Record	CNMNT	Connector (Connection for Option)
TH8	Thermistor (HEAT Sink)		Reset, Refrigerant Address	CNVMNT	Connector (Connection for Option)
TH32	Thermistor (Suction)	SW4	Switch (Function Switch)	CNDM	Connector (Connection for Option)

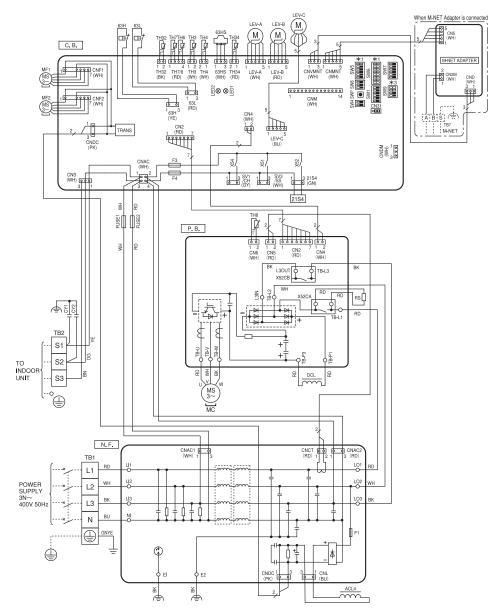
*1 MODEL SELECT
The black square (■) indicates a switch position.



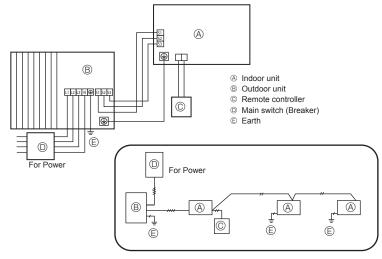
★3 Ambient temp. of ZUBADAN Flash Injection becomes effective. The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4	Ambient temp.	SW9-3,9-4 *4
3°C or less (Default setting)	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4	0°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4	−3°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4	—6°C or less	ON 0FF 1 2 3 4

*4 SW9-1 to 2 : Function Switch



WIRING SPECIFICATIONS



Twin or triple system construction of the hydrobox is not

When the hydrobox is constructed as a slave, remote controller must be connected by crossover wiring.

Note: When multiple indoor units (hydroboxes) are connected to the outdoor unit, wire the PCB of either one of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit

It is impossible to connect the PCBs of multiple indoor units to the outdoor unit.

FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

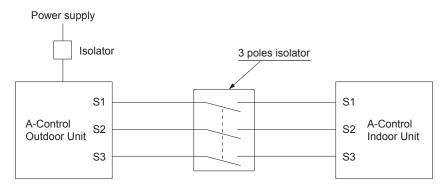
Outdoor ur	nit model		SHW230Y
Outdoor ur	Outdoor unit power supply		3N~ (3 ph 4-wires), 50 Hz, 400 V
Outdoor unit input capacity Main switch (Breaker) *1		*1	YKA2/YKA2R1: 32 A YKA2R2: 25A
× ~	Outdoor unit power supply		5 × Min. 4
Wiring Wire No. × size (mm²)	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit	*2	Cable length 50 m: 3×4 (Polar)/ Cable length 80 m: 3×6 (Polar)
Vire	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit earth		1 × Min. 2.5
	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*3	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)
rating	Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3 phase)	*4	230 V AC
±	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*4	230 V AC
Circuit	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*4	24 V DC
Ö	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*4	12 V DC

- *1. A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each poles shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).
 - Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics
 - Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter
- The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter.
- *2. Maximum 80 m. Total maximum including all indoor/indoor connection is 80 m.
- Use one cable for S1 and S2 and another for S3 as shown in the picture.
- *3. The 10 m wire is attached in the remote controller accessory. *4. The figures are NOT always against the ground.

S3 terminal has 24 V DC against S2 terminal. However between S3 and S1, these terminals are NOT electrically insulated by the transformer or other device.

- Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national code.
 - 2. Power supply cords and Indoor/Outdoor unit connecting cords shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord. (Design 60245 IEC 57)
 - 3. Use an earth wire which is longer than the other cords so that it will not become disconnected when tension is applied.

⚠ Caution: Be sure to install N-line. Without N-line, it could cause damage to the unit.



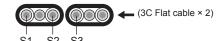
⚠ Warning:

- In case of A-control wiring, there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between indoor unit and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.
- Turn on the main power when the ambient temperature is -20°C or higher.
- In below -20°C condition, it needs at least 12 hrs standby to operate in order to warm the electrical parts.

INDOOR-OUTDOOR CONNECTING CABLE

Cross s	ection of cable	Wire size (mm²)	Number of wires	Polarity	L (m)* ⁵
Round		2.5	3	Clockwise: S1-S2-S3 (Pay attention to stripe of yellow and green.)	(30)*1
Flat	000	2.5	3	Not applicable (Since center wire has no cover finish.)	Not applicable*4
Flat	0000	1.5	4	From left to right: S1-Open-S2-S3	(18)*2
Round		2.5	4	Clockwise: S1-S2-S3-Open (Connect S1 and S3 to the opposite angle.)	(30)*3

Note: Power supply cords of appliances shall not be lighter than design 60245 IEC or 227 IEC.



- $^{\star 1}$ In case that cable with stripe of yellow and green is available.
- $^{\star 2}$ In case of regular polarity connection (S1-S2-S3), wire size is 1.5 mm^2
- *3 In case of regular polarity connection (S1-S2-S3).
- \star4 In the flat cables are connected as this picture, they can be used up to 30 m.
- *5 Mentioned cable length is just a reference value. It may be different depending on the condition of installation, humidity or materials, etc.

Be sure to connect the indoor-outdoor connecting cables directly to the units (no intermediate connections).

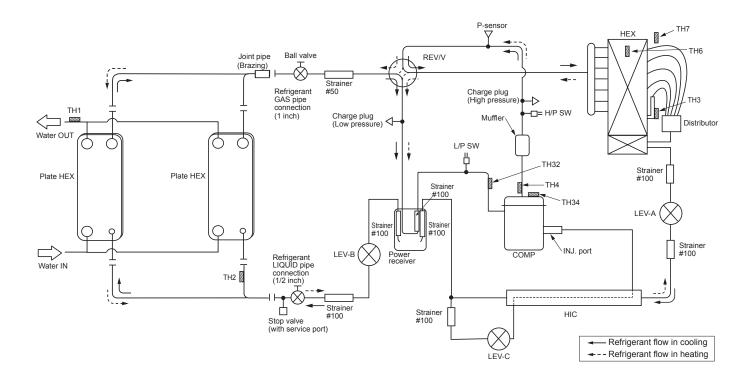
Intermediate connections can lead to communication error if water enters the cables and causes insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact at the intermediate connection point.

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

<Reference> System example: Plate HEX (MWA2 * 2 pcs) + FTC (TH1/2)



Symbol	Part name	Detail			
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)			
INJ. port	Compressor Injection port				
Muffler	Discharge muffler				
HEX	Heat exchanger				
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF: 4.15MPa)			
L/P SW	Low pressure switch (63L)	For protection (OFF: -0.03MPa)			
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Coolin	g) and for Defrosting		
CHECK/V	Check valve				
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure			
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating:Secondary LEV Cooling:Primary LEV			
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating:Primary LEV Cooling:Secondary LEV			
LEV-C	Linear expansion valve -C	For HIC (heating only)			
TH32	Suction temperature thermistor	For LEV control			
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating:Evaporating temperature Cooling:Su	ıb cool liquid temperature		
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection			
TH6	2-phase pipe temperature thermistor	Outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature			
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency	control		
TH8	Heat sink temperature				
TH34	Comp. surface temperature thermistor	For protection			
Power Receiver	Power Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant			
HIC	Heat interchange circuit	For high heating capacity			
Plate HEX	Plate Heat Exchanger	MWA2-38PA (MITSUBISHI)	<reference></reference>		
TH1	Outlet water temperature thermistor	For flow temp. controller			
TH2	Liquid pipe temperature thermistor	For flow temp. controller	System example		

TROUBLESHOOTING

8-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

	1	
Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is recognizing	Displayed	Judge the problem and take a corrective action according to "8-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble.
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 ① Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Recheck the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc. ② Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. ③ There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, etc.
	Not logged	 Re-check the abnormal symptom. Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble. Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, etc.

8-2. CHECKPOINT UNDER TEST RUN

Before test run

- After installation of outdoor unit, piping work and electric wiring work, re-check that there is no water leakage, loosened connections and incorrect polarity.
- Measure impedance between the ground and the power supply terminal block (L, N) on the outdoor unit by 500 V Megger and check that it is 1.0 M Ω or over.
- Turn on power supply 12 hours before test run in order to protect compressor.
- Make sure to read operation manual before test run. (Especially items to secure safety.)

Warning:

Do not use the system if the insulation resistance is less than 1.0 M $\!\Omega.$

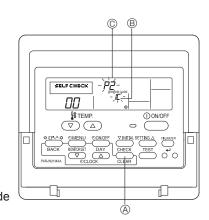
Caution:

Do not carry out this test on the control wiring (low voltage circuit) terminals.

Self-check

- ① Turn on the power.
- ② Press [CHECK] button twice.
- ③ Press [CHECK] button twice to finish self-check.

Check code	Symptom
P1	Flow water (TH1) sensor error
P2	Refrigerant liquid Pipe (TH2) sensor error
P6	Freezing/Overheating protection operation
P9	Actual tank temp. (TH5)/ (THW5 for FTC2B) sensor error
Fb	FTC unit control system error (memory error, etc.)
E0-E5	Signal transmission failure between remote controller and FTC.
E6-EF	Signal transmission failure between outdoor unit and FTC.
	No trouble generated in the past.
FFFF	No corresponding unit
U*, F*	Outdoor unit failure. Refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram.



For description of each LED (LED1–5) provided on the FTC, refer to the following table.

LED 1 (Power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED 2 (Power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in
	the case of the FTC unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant address "0".
LED 3 (Communication between FTC	Indicates state of communication between the FTC and outdoor unit. Make sure that
and outdoor unit)	this LED is always blinking.
LED 4	_
LED 5	

8-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

<Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
		No voltage is supplied to terminal block (TB1) of outdoor unit. a) Power supply breaker is turned off. b) Contact failure or disconnection of power supply terminal c) Open phase (L or N phase)	 ① Check following items. a) Power supply breaker b) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) c) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1)
		 Electric power is not charged to power supply terminal of outdoor power circuit board. a) Contact failure of power supply terminal b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board 	 (TB1) ② Check following items. a) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) b) Connection of terminal on outdoor power circuit board
None	_	Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board. a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC) Disconnection of reactor (DCL) Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board or parts failure in outdoor noise filter circuit board Defective outdoor power circuit board Open of rush current resistor (RS) (Only for YKA2R2 type)	
		® Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Replace controller board (When items above are checked but the units cannot be repaired).
F3	63L connector open Abnormal if 63L connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63L: Low pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or contact failure of 63L 63L is working due to refrigerant leakage or defective parts.	Check refrigerant pressure. Charge additional refrigerant. Check continuity by tester.
		Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Replace the parts if the parts are defective. ④ Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
F5	63H connector open Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board Disconnection or contact failure of 63H 63H is working due to defective parts. Defective outdoor controller circuit board	door controller circuit board. Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". ② Check the 63H side of connecting wire.
	2 connector open Abnormal if both 63H and 63L connector circuits are open for three minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch 63L: Low pressure switch	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Disconnection or contact failure of 63H, 63L 63H and 63L are working due to defective parts. Defective outdoor controller board.	Check connection of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check the 63H and 63L side of connecting wire. Check continuity by tester. Replace the parts if the parts are defective. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire 1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of con- nected Interface unit/Flow temp. control- ler. Abnormal if the number cannot be	Contact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of Interface	Check disconnection or looseness or polarity of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor units. Check diameter and length of Interface unit/
EA	checked automatically due to miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire, etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes. 2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes excessive number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller.	unit/Flow temp. controller-out-door unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. ③ Excessive number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller is connected to 1 outdoor unit. (2 units or more) ④ Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board ⑤ Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board ⑥ Noise has entered into power supply or Interface/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire. Total wiring length: 80 m (Including wiring connecting each Interface unit/Flow temp. controller unit and between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit) Also check if the connection order of flat cable is S1, S2, S3. 3 Check the number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller that is connected to 1 outdoor unit. (If EA is detected.) 4—5 Turn the power off once, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board
Eb	Miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire (reverse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller. Abnormal if the Interface unit/Flow temp. controller number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswiring (reverse wiring or disconnection) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	Contact failure or miswiring of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface/Flow temp. controller board Noise has entered into power supply or Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	
EC	Startup time over The unit cannot finish start up process within 4 minutes after power on.	Contact failure of Interface unit /Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Noise has entered into power supply or Interface unit/Flow temp. controller-outdoor unit connecting wire.	

<Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
U1	Abnormal point and detection method High pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated) Abnormal if high pressure switch 63H operated(*) during compressor operation. *4.15 MPa 63H: High pressure switch	Case ① Short cycle of indoor unit ② Clogged filter of indoor unit ③ Decreased airflow caused by dirt of indoor fan ④ Dirt of indoor heat exchanger ⑤ Locked indoor fan motor ⑥ Malfunction of indoor fan motor ⑦ Defective operation of stop valve (Not full open) ⑧ Clogged or broken pipe ⑨ Locked outdoor fan motor ⑩ Malfunction of outdoor fan motor ⑪ Malfunction of outdoor fan motor ⑪ Short cycle of outdoor unit ⑫ Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger ⑨ Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.) ④ Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board ⑤ Defective outdoor controller board ⑥ Defective outdoor controller board ⑦ Defective action of linear expansion valve	Judgment and action ①—⑥Check indoor unit and repair defectives. ② Check if stop valve is fully open. ③ Check piping and repair defect. ③—② Check outdoor unit and repair defect. ③ Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) ④—⑥ Turn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned again. When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5. ⑦ Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS".
U2	High discharge temperature (1) Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes. Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 110°C or more continuously for 30 seconds after 90 seconds have passed since the defrosting operation started. (2) Abnormal if discharge superheat (Cooling: TH4−T63Hs / Heating: TH4−T63Hs) exceeds 70°C continuously for 10 minutes. High comp. surface temperature Abnormal if comp. surface temperature (TH34) exceeds 125°C. In the case of high comp. surface temperature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH34) becomes less than 95°C.	 ® Malfunction of fan driving circuit ① Overheated compressor operation caused by shortage of refrigerant ② Defective operation of stop valve ③ Defective thermistor ④ Defective outdoor controller board ⑤ Defective action of linear expansion valve ⑥ Clogging with foreign objects in refrigerant circuit Note: Clogging occurs in the parts which become below freezing point when water enters in refrigerant circuit. ⑦ In the case of the unit does not restart: Detection temp. of thermistor (TH34) ≥ 95°C 	 ® Replace outdoor controller board. ① Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant. Charge additional refrigerant. ② Check if stop valve is fully open. ③④ Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned on again. When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for U3. ⑤ Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS". ⑥ After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum more than 1 hour.
U3	Open/short circuit of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4)/Comp. surface temperature thermistor (TH34) Abnormal if open (3°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Detection is inoperative for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after and during defrosting.)	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (TH4/TH34) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Check connection of connector (TH4/TH34) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (TH4/TH34). Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of thermistor (TH4/TH34) or temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH4, TH34: Refer to "8-4. TROUBLESHOOTING".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller board.

Check Code	Abnormal point and	detection method	Case		ludar	ment and action		
CHECK CODE	Abnormal point and o		① Disconnection or contact fail	ure no	Judgment and action ① Check connection of connector (TH3, TH32,			
U4	(TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8) Abnormal if open or short is detected during compressor operation. Open detection of thermistors TH3, TH32 and TH6 is inoperative for 10 seconds to 10 minutes after compressor starting and 10 minutes after and during defrosting. Notes: 1. Check which unit has abnormality in its thermistor by switching the mode of SW2. (PAC-SK52ST) (Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM".) 2. Heat sink thermistor (TH8) is in the power module. (YKA2/YKA2R1) Thermistors Symbol		Defective outdoor controller circuit board Name mistor <liquid> Output The property of the controller controller</liquid>		TH7/6) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check connection of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH6,TH7,TH8). Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of thermistor (TH3, TH32, TH6,TH7,TH8) or check temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH3,TH6,TH7,TH32,TH8: Refer to "8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Open detection Short detection -40°C or below 90°C or above			
	TH32	Therr	mistor <suction></suction>	-40°(C or below	90°C or above		
	TH6		tor <2-phase pipe>		C or below	90°C or above		
	TH7		nistor <ambient></ambient>		C or below	90°C or above		
	TH8 (YKA2/YKA2R1)		ernal thermistor		C or below	170°C or above		
	TH8 (YKA2R2)	l nerm	nistor <heat sink=""></heat>	-34°(C or below	102°C or above		
U5	Temperature of heat sink Abnormal if heat sink thermistor (TH8) detects 95℃		The outdoor fan motor is locked. Failure of outdoor fan motor Airflow path is clogged. Rise of ambient temperature Defective thermistor Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit of outdoor fan dri	3 C te (L Tu di If ac 5 C m Tc 6 R suit	①2 Check outdoor fan. ③ Check airflow path for cooli ④ Check if there is something temperature rise around ou (Upper limit of ambient tem Turn off power, and on agai displayed within 30 minutes If U4 is displayed instead o action to be taken for U4. ⑤ Check the thermistor (TH8) microprocessor. (SW2 on A: Tool: Refer to "8-7. TEST PC © Replace outdoor power circ ? Replace outdoor controller		46℃.) if U5 is the re by vice RAM".)	
U6	Power module Check abnormality by driving power module in case overcurrent is detected. (UF or UP error condition)		Looseness, disconnection or reverse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor	tage ② C r ③ C g C D 4 C	 Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board. Check compressor referring to "8-5. HOV CHECK THE PARTS". Replace outdoor power circuit board. 		rd).	
U7	Too low superheat due to low discharge temperature Abnormal if discharge superheat is continuously detected less than or equal to -15°C for 3 minutes even though linear expansion valve has minimum open pulse after compressor starts operating for 10 minutes.		Disconnection or loose connection of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4 2 Defective holder of discharg temperature thermistor Disconnection or loose connect of linear expansion valve's coil Disconnection or loose connection of linear expansion valve's connection of linear expansion valve's connector Defective linear expansion va	di e tion 3 C Re 4 C on ar	Check the installation conditions of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4). Check the coil of linear expansion valve. Refer to "8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS" Check the connection or contact of LEV-A and LEV-B on outdoor controller circuit board Check linear expansion valve.		e. ENTS". -A ooard.	
U8	Outdoor fan motor Abnormal if rotational frequency of the fan		Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board	© CI © CI 00 3 Re (V	Refer to "8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONE ① Check or replace the DC fan motor. ② Check the voltage of the outdoor circuit controller board during operation. ③ Replace the outdoor circuit controller bo (When the failure is still indicated even performing the action ① above.)		t oard.	

Check Code	Abnorm	al point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
	Detailed codes	To find out the detail history (lates	error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5 a st) about U9 error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2, 2 VITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPER	2-6.
	01	Overvoltage error • Increase in DC bus voltage to 760 V	Abnormal increase in power source voltage Defective outdoor power circuit board Compressor has a ground fault.	Check the field facility for the power supply. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check compressor for electrical insulation. Replace compressor.
U9	02	Undervoltage error • Instantaneous decrease in DC bus voltage to 400 V	Decrease in power source voltage, instantaneous stop Defective 52C drive circuit in outdoor power circuit board Disconnection or loose connection of rush current protect resistor RS Defective rush current protect resistor RS Disconnection or loose connection of main smoothing capacitor CB1/CB2 (Only for YKA2/YKA2R1 type)	④ Replace RS.
	04	Input current sensor error/ L1-phase open error • Decrease in input current through outdoor unit to 0.1A only if operation frequency is more than or equal to 40 Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6 A.	L1-phase open Disconnection or loose connection between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board/ CNCT on the outdoor noise filter board Defective ACCT (AC current trans) on the outdoor power circuit board Defective input current detection circuit in outdoor power circuit board Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Check the field facility for the power supply. Check the wiring between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board. Check CN5/CNCT wiring. Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
	08	Abnormal power synchronous signal No input of power synchronous signal to power circuit board Power synchronous signal of 44 Hz or less, or 65 Hz or more is detected on power circuit board.	Distortion of power source voltage, Noise superimposition. Disconnection or loose connection of earth wiring Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board /controller circuit board Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor controller circuit board Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor power circuit board (Only for YKA2/YKA2R1 type)	Check the field facility for the power supply. Check earth wiring. Check CN2 wiring. Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board.

heck Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
Ud	Overheat protection Abnormal if outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3), condensing temperature T _{63HS} detects 70°C or more during compressor operation.	 ① Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of outdoor unit during cooling operation ② Defective outdoor pipe thermistor (TH3), condensing temperature T63HS ③ Defective outdoor controller board 	Check outdoor unit air passage. Turn the power off and on again to check the check code. If U4 is displayed, follow the U4 processing direction.
UE	Abnormal pressure of pressure sensor (63HS) Abnormal if pressure sensor (63HS) detects 0.1 MPa or less. Detection is inoperative for 3 minutes after compressor starting and 3 minutes after and during defrosting.	Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective pressure sensor Defective outdoor controller circuit board	Check connection of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (63HS). Check pressure by microprocessor. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to "8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller board.
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor is locked) Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected within 30 seconds after compressor starts operating.	Stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or reverse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective outdoor power board DIP switch setting difference of outdoor controller circuit board.	Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). Check compressor. Refer to "8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the DIP switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "Model Select" "1) Function of switches" in "8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".
UH	Current sensor error or input current error • Abnormal if current sensor detects –1.0A to 1.0A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored in case of test run mode.)	wiring ② Defective circuit of current sensor on outdoor power circuit board ③ Decrease of power supply voltage	Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the facility of power supply. Check leakage of refrigerant.
UL	Low pressure (63L operated) Abnormal if 63L is operated (under -0.03 MPa) during compressor operation. 63L: Low pressure switch	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation. Disconnection or loose connection of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board Disconnection or loose connection of 63L Defective outdoor controller board Leakage or shortage of refrigerant Malfunction of linear expansion valve	Check stop valve. Turn the power off and on again to check if F3 is displayed on restarting. If F3 is displayed, follow the F3 processing direction. Correct to proper amount of refrigerant. Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS".

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or reverse of compressor wiring connection Defective fan of indoor/outdoor units Short cycle of indoor/outdoor units Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board Defective compressor Defective outdoor power circuit board DIP switch setting difference of	 Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). Check indoor/outdoor fan. Solve short cycle. Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run. No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency. Check compressor. Refer to "8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the dip switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board.
E0 or E4	Remote controller transmission error (E0)/signal receiving error (E4) ① Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from Interface unit/Flow temp. controller of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code: E0) ② Abnormal if sub-remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Check code: E0) ① Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other Interface/Flow temp. controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) ② Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4)	outdoor controller circuit board ① Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller ② Miswiring of remote controller ③ Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller ④ Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual for remote controller connection.	① Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or transmission wire of remote controller. ② Check wiring of remote controller. • Total wiring length: max. 500 m (Do not use cable x 3 or more.) If the cause of trouble is not in ①—② above, ④ Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality occurs again, replace PCB of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00—66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.
E1 or E2	Remote controller control board ① Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Check code: E1) ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Check code: E2)	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.
E3 or E5	Remote controller transmission error (E3)/signal receiving error (E5) ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Check code: E3) ② When remote controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Check code: E3) ① Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller could not find blank of transmission path. (Check code: E5) ② When Interface unit/Flow temp. controller receives the transmitted data same time and compares these data. Abnormal if the data is judged to be different for 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5)	Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller. Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual for remote controller connection.	 ①—③ Diagnose remote controller. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00–66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.

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Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Case	Judgment and action
E6	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) ① Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. ② Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes.	Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (reverse wiring) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Noise has entered into Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire.	Note: Check LED display on the outdoor controller circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) ① Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit. ②—④ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality occurs again, replace Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor controller circuit board.
E8	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) (1) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	Contact failure of Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective communication circuit of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Noise has entered into Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit. Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace PCB of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
E9	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit) (1) Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor controller circuit board has transmitted "1". (2) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes.	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure. Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Noise has entered power supply. Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire.	Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire. Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
EF	Non defined check code This code is displayed when non defined check code is received.	Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller. Noise has entered Interface unit/Flow temp. controlleroutdoor unit connecting wire.	①② Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace Interface/FTC or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again.
Ed	Serial communication error Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	of outdoor power circuit board	Oreck connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Check Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
P1	Actual flow water temperature thermistor (TH1) ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, heating ECO, anti freeze, hot water and heating operation. Short: -90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective PCB of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual for TH1 connection.	
P2	Pipe temperature thermistor/Liquid (TH2) ① The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) ② Constantly detected during cooling, heating ECO, anti freeze, hot water and heating (except defrosting) operation Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less	Defective thermistor characteristics Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor temperature of 90°C or more or −40°C or less. Defective PCB of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual for TH2 connection.	 ①—② Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above. ③ Check pipe < liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe < liquid> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defective. ④ Check pipe < liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is extremely difference with actual pipe < liquid> temperature, replace PCB of Interface unit/ Flow temp. controller. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
P6	Freezing/overheating protection is working ① Freezing protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe temperature stays under -15°C for 3 minutes, 3 minutes after the compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under -15°C for 3 minutes again within 16 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode. ② Overheating protection (Heating, heating ECO, Anti freeze, Hot water mode) The units is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe temperature is detected as over 70°C after the compressor started. Abnormal if the temperature of over 70°C is detected again within 30 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode.	(Cooling mode) ① Short cycle of air path ② Low-load (low temperature) operation out of the tolerance range ③ Defective outdoor fan control ④ Overcharge of refrigerant ⑤ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) (Heating mode) ① Short cycle of air path ② Overload (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range ③ Defective outdoor fan control ④ Overcharge of refrigerant ⑤ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) ⑥ Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective.	(Cooling mode) ① Remove blockage. ② Check outdoor fan motor. ④⑤ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. (Heating mode) ① Remove blockage. ③ Check outdoor fan motor. ④—⑥ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
P9	Actual tank temperature thermistor (TH5/THW5) ① The unit is 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally) ② Constantly detected during cooling, heating, heating ECO, anti freeze and hot water operation.	Defective thermistor characteristics Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective PCB of interface unit/Flow temp. controller Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual for TH5/THW5 connection.	

8-4. TROUBLESHOOTING

A flowing water sound or occasional hissing sound is heard.	■ These sounds can be heard when refrigerant and/or water is (are) flowing in the indoor unit or refrigerant pipe, or when the refrigerant and/or water is (are) chugging.
Water does not heat or cool well.	 Clean the filter of water piping. (Flow is reduced when the filter is dirty or clogged.) Check the temperature adjustment and adjust the set temperature. Make sure that there is plenty of space around the outdoor unit.
Water or vapour is emitted from the outdoor unit.	 During cooling mode, water may form and drip from the cool pipes and joints. During heating mode, water may form and drip from the heat exchanger of outdoor unit. During defrosting mode, water on the heat exchanger of outdoor unit evaporates and water vapour may be emitted.
The operation indicator does not appear in the remote controller display.	■ Turn on the power switch. "●" will appear in the remote controller display.
"E" appears in the remote controller display.	■ During external signal control, "" appears in the remote controller display and FTC operation cannot be started or stopped using the remote controller.
When restarting the outdoor unit soon after stopping it, it does not operate even though the ON/OFF button is pressed.	■ Wait approximately 3 minutes. (Operation has stopped to protect the outdoor unit.)
FTC operates without the ON/OFF button being pressed.	 Is the on timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation. Is the FTC connected to a external signal? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Does "\(\subseteq \superation \) appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Has the auto recovery feature from power failures been set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation.
FTC stops without the ON/OFF button being pressed.	■ Is the off timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to restart operation. ■ Is the air conditioner connected to a central remote controller? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. ■ Does "►" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC.
Remote controller timer operation cannot be set.	■ Are timer settings invalid? If the timer can be set, (WEEKLY), (SIMPLE), or (AUTO OFF) appears in the remote controller display.
"PLEASE WAIT" appears in the remote controller display.	■ The initial settings are being performed. Wait approximately 3 minutes. ■ If the remote controller is not only for FTC, change it.
A check code appears in the remote controller display.	 The protection devices have operated to protect the FTC and outdoor unit. Do not attempt to repair this equipment by yourself. Turn off the power switch immediately and consult your dealer. Be sure to provide the dealer with the model name and information that appeared in the remote controller display.

ullet If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

	Symptom		Cause	
Wired remote contro	ller	LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause	
DI FACE WAIT	For about 2	After LED 1, 2 are lit, LED 2 is turned	• For about 2 minutes following power-on,	
PLEASE WAIT	minutes after power-on	off, then only LED 1 is lit. (Correct operation)	operation of the remote controller is not possible due to system startup. (Correct operation)	
PLEASE WAIT → Check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes		 Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3) 	
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on			

Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation) For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the FTC, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller.
	This LED lights only in the case of the FTC which is connected to the outdoor unit
	refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between FTC and	Indicates state of communication between the FTC and outdoor units.
outdoor units)	Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

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8-5. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

			Checkpoints					
Thermistor (TH3) <liquid></liquid>	Disconnect the conf (At the ambient tem			th a tester.				
Thermistor (TH4) <discharge></discharge>		Normal	Abnorm	al				
Thermistor (TH6) <2-Phase Pipe>	TH4 160 to 410kΩ							
Thermistor (TH7) <ambient> Thermistor (TH32)</ambient>	TH3 TH6 TH7 TH32	4.3 to 9.6kΩ	Open or si	hort				
<suction> Thermistor (TH34)</suction>	TH8*	39 to 105kΩ		*YKA2F	R2 type only			
<comp. surface=""></comp.>	D () () ()							
Fan motor(MF1,MF2)	Refer to the next pa	ige.						
Solenoid valve (4-way valve)	Measure the resista (At the ambient ten		erminals with a test	ter.				
(21S4)	Normal		Abnorma	al				
	1435 ±150 Ω		Open or s	hort				
Motor for compressor (MC)	Measure the resista (Winding temperatu	ince between the te ire 20℃)	rminals with a test	er.				
	Normal (U-	V, U-W, W-V)	Abnorma	al				
w w	0.37 Ω		Open or sl	hort				
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A/LEV-B/LEV-C)	Disconnect the con (Winding temperate		re the resistance w	ith a tester.				
M & GY 1 OG 2 RD 2		Nor	mal		Abnormal			
YE 3	Gray - Black	Gray - Red	Gray - Yellow	Gray - Orange	Open or short			
BK 5	46 ± 3 Ω				Open or short			

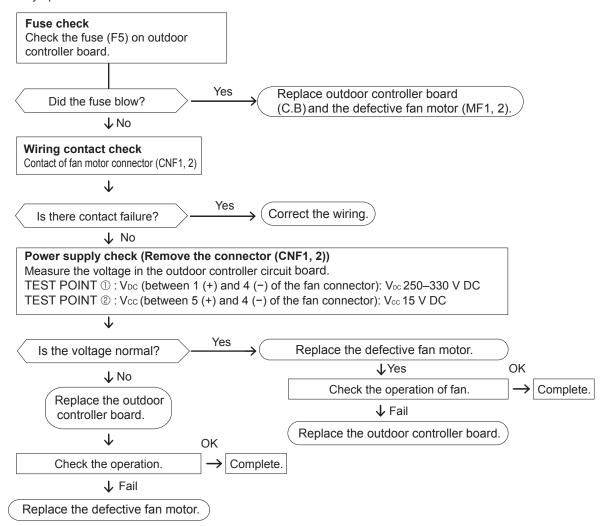
Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/outdoor controller circuit board)

Notes

- · High voltage is applied to the connector (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
- \cdot Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)

Self check

Symptom: The outdoor fan cannot rotate.



8-6. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<Thermistor feature chart>

Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)
- Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor < Ambient > (TH7)
- Thermistor <Suction> (TH32)

Thermistor R0 = 15 k Ω ± 3%

B constant = $3480 \pm 2\%$

Rt =15exp{3480($\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{273}$)}

0° C 15 kΩ 30°C 4.3 kΩ 10°C 9.6 kΩ 40°C 3.0 kΩ 20°C 6.3 kΩ 25°C 5.2 kΩ

Medium temperature thermistor

 Thermistor <Heat sink> (TH8) (YKA2R2 type only)

Thermistor R50 = 17 k Ω ± 2 % B constant = 4150 ± 3 %

Rt =
$$17 \exp\{4150(\frac{1}{273+1} - \frac{1}{323})\}$$

0 °C 180 kΩ 25 °C 50 kΩ 50 °C 17 kΩ 70 °C 8 kΩ 90 °C 4 kΩ

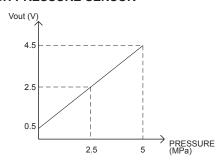
High temperature thermistors

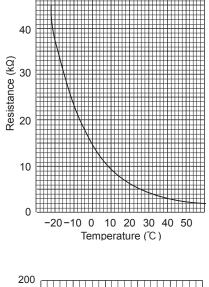
- Thermistor < Discharge > (TH4)
- Thermistor < Comp. Surface> (TH34)

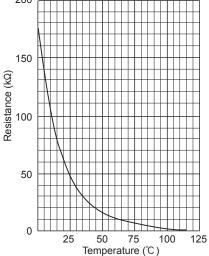
Thermistor R120 = 7.465 k Ω ± 2% B constant = 4057 ± 2%

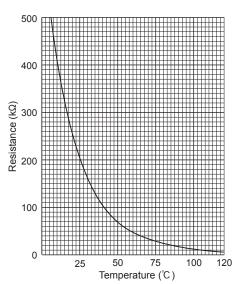
		1	1
Rt = 7.	465exp{405	$\frac{1}{273+t}$	- 393)}
20°C	250 kΩ	70°C	34 kΩ
30℃	160 kΩ	80℃	24 kΩ
40°C	104 kΩ	90℃	$17.5~\text{k}\Omega$
50°C	70 kΩ	100℃	13.0 kΩ
60°C	48 kO	110℃	9 8 kO

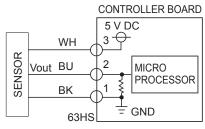
<HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>









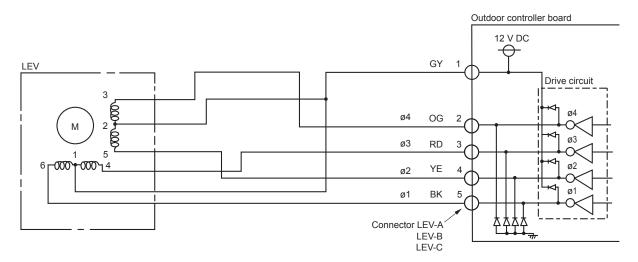


③-①:5 V (DC) ②-①: Output Vout (DC)

Linear expansion valve

(1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

- · Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.
- Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.
- <Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



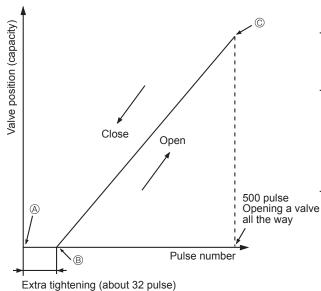
<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output (Phase)				Out	put			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
ø2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
ø4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON

Opening a valve : $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve : $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

 When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.

(2) Linear expansion valve operation



- · When the power is turned on, 700 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to (A) point in order to define the valve position. (The pulse signal is being sent for about 20 seconds.)
- · When the valve moves smoothly, there is no sound or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valve: however, when the pulse number moves from [®] to [®] or when the valve is locked, more sound can be heard.

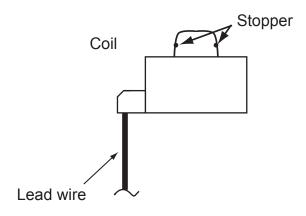
No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from $\ \ \, \ \ \,$ in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

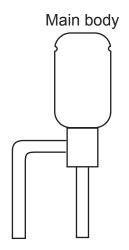
Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion

(3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.

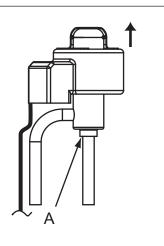




<How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

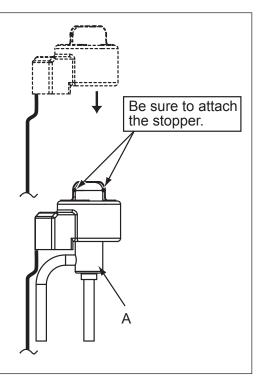
Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.



<How to attach the coil>

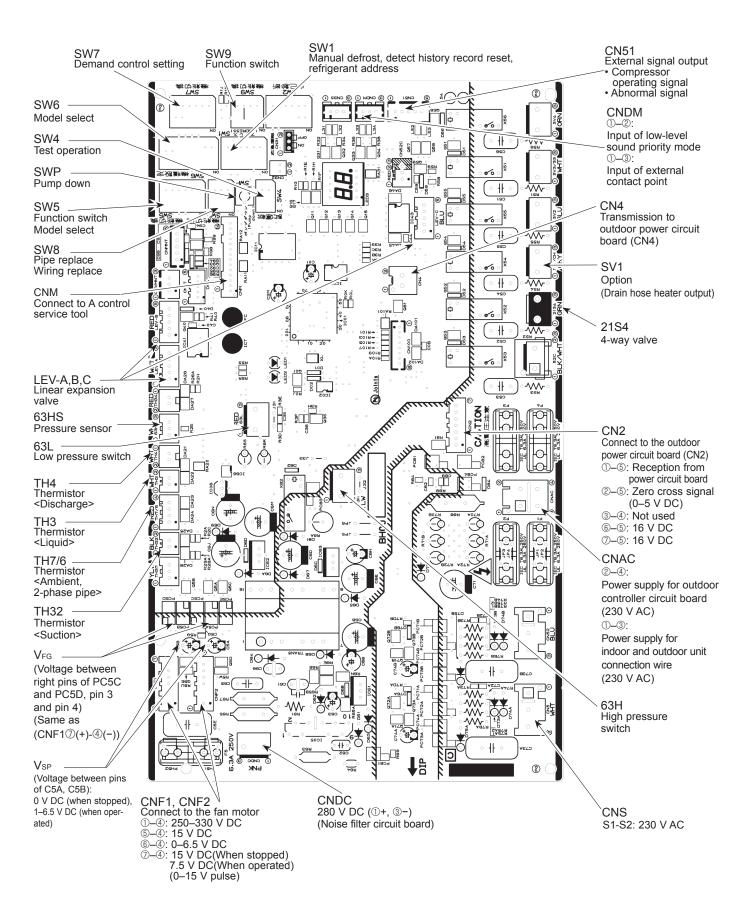
Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.

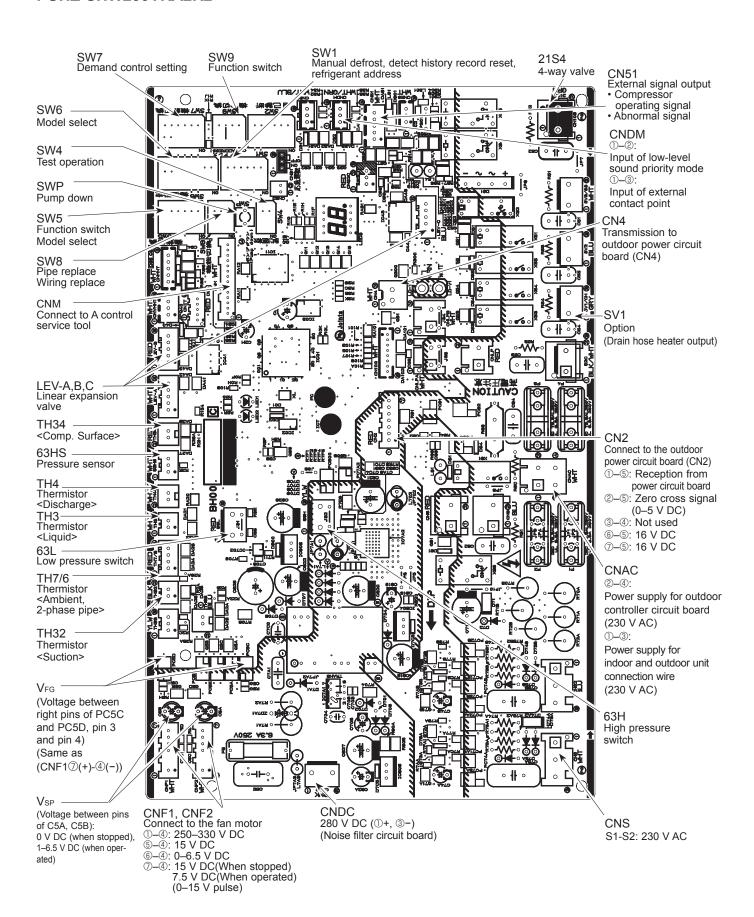


8-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM

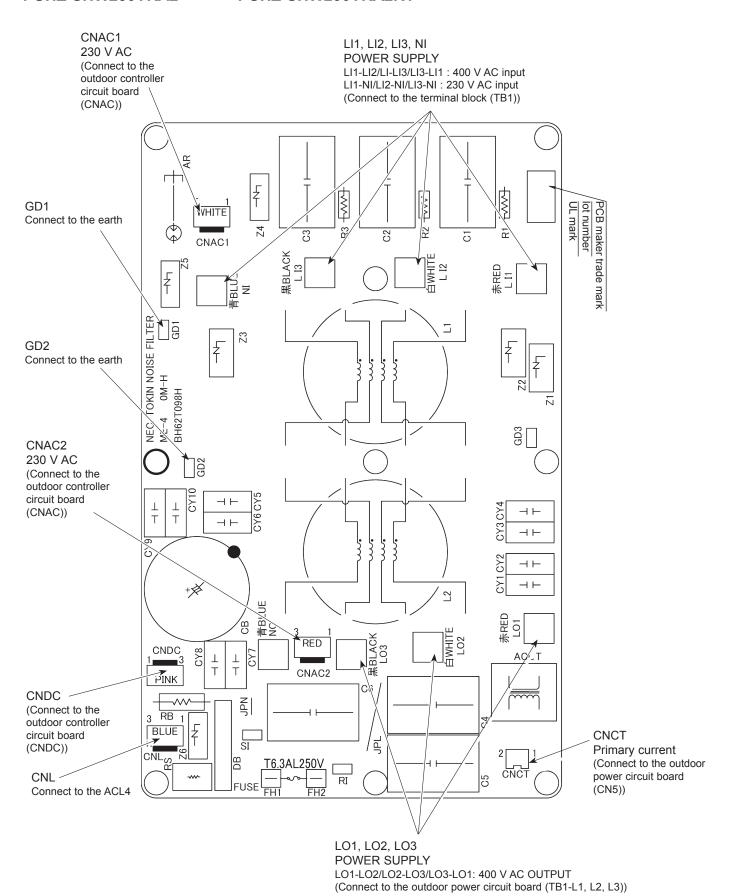
Outdoor controller circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1



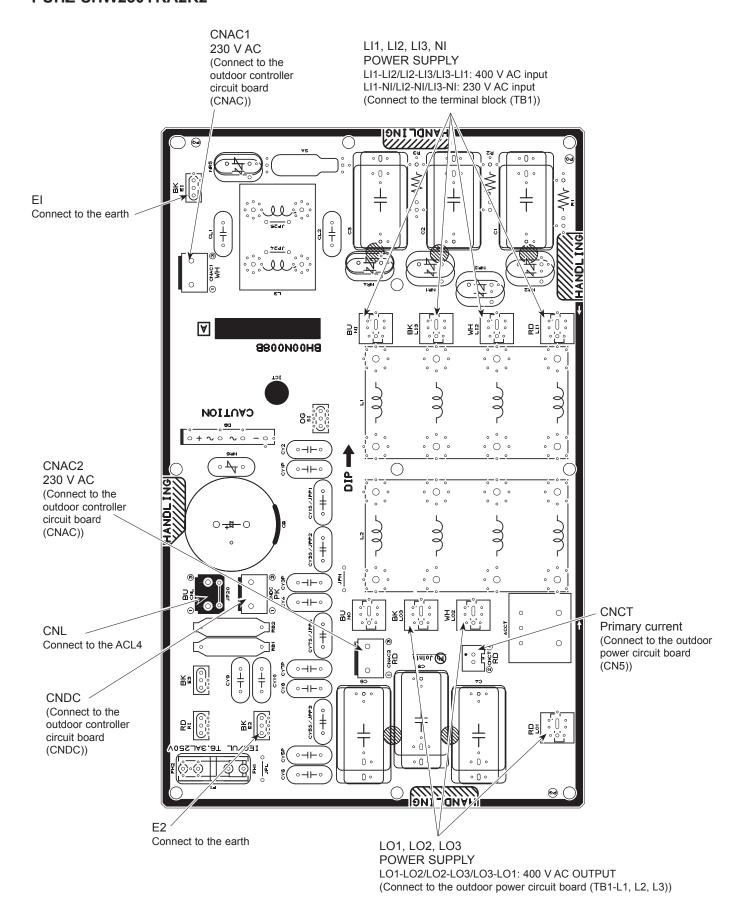
Outdoor controller circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2



Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1



Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2 PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.).

1. Check of POWER MODULE

① Check of DIODE circuit

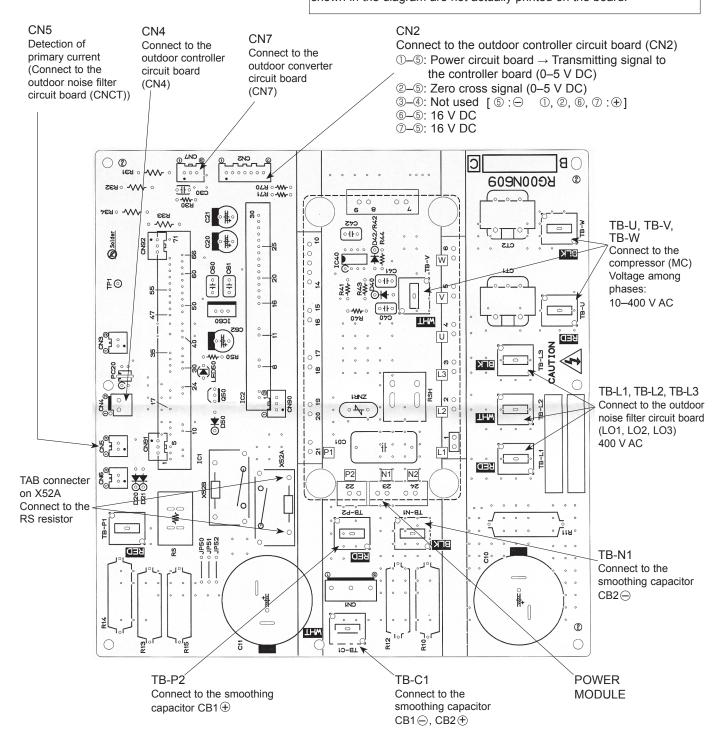
L1-P1, L2-P1, L3-P1, L1-N1, L2-N1, L3-N1

② Check of IGBT circuit

P2-U, P2-V, P2-W, N2-U, N2-V, N2-W

Note: The marks, $\boxed{L1}$, $\boxed{L2}$, $\boxed{L3}$, $\boxed{N1}$, $\boxed{N2}$, $\boxed{P1}$, $\boxed{P2}$, \boxed{U} , \boxed{V} and \boxed{W}

shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.



Outdoor power circuit board PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

Brief Check of POWER MODULE

Usually, they are in a state of being short-circuited if they are broken. Measure the resistance in the following points (connectors, etc.). If they are short-circuited, it means that they are broken.

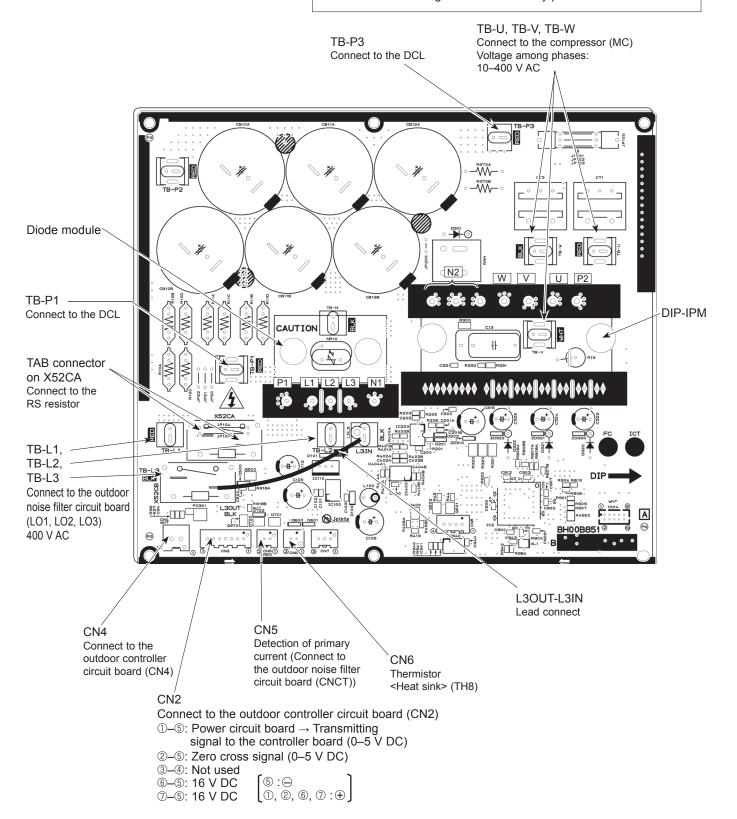
1. Check of DIODE MODULE

[1]-P1, [2]-P1, [3]-P1, [1]-N1, [2]-N1, [3]-N1

2. Check of DIP-IPM

P2|- U , P2|- V , P2|- W , N2|- U , N2|- V , N2|- W

Note: The marks L1 , L2, L3 , N1 , N2, P1, P2, U , V and W shown in the diagram are not actually printed on the board.



8-8. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS

Function of switches

The black square () indicates a switch position.

Type	Switch	No	Function	Action by the s	witch operation	Effective timeiner	
of switch		NO.	Function	ON	OFF	Effective timing	
		1	Manual defrost*1	Start	Normal	When compressor is working in heating operation.*1	
		2	Abnormal history clear	Clear	Normal	OFF or operating	
	SW1	3	Refrigerant address	ON ON 123456	When power supply ON		
DIP switch		5	setting	ON ON 123456			
		6		Note: Up to 6 refrigerant ac			
	2324	1	Test run	Operating	OFF	Undergranensien	
	SW4	2	Test run mode setting	Heating	Cooling	- Under suspension	
		1	No function	_	_	_	
	SW8	2	Setting of short pipe connection	Used	Not used	When power supply ON	
		3	No function	_	_	_	
Push switch	sw	Έ	Pump down	Start	Normal	Under suspension	

^{*1} Manual defrost should be done as follows.

Manual defrost will finish if certain conditions have been satisfied.

Manual defrost can be done if above conditions have been satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON. After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions.

Continue to the next page

① Change the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.

② Manual defrost will start by the above operation ① if all these conditions written below are satisfied.

Heat mode setting

^{• 10} minutes have passed since compressor started operating or previous manual defrost is finished.

[•] Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C.

Type of	Switch	No.	Function		Actio	n by the	switch	operation		Effective timing		
Switch	SWILCII	140.	Function		ON			OFF		Effective timing		
		1	No function		_	_		_		_		
	SW5	2	Power failure automatic recovery*1		Auto recov	Auto recovery		No auto recovery		When power supply ON		
		3,4,5	No function		_			_		_		
		6	Model select				Follow	ring SW5-6 refer	ence	•		
		1	Mode select*2	D	emand fur	nction	L	ow noise mode		Always		
		2	No function		_			_		_		
	SW7*3	3	Defrost Hz setting	D	efrost Hz >	< 0.54		Normal		Always		
	OVV	4	No function		_			_		_		
515		5	No function		_			_		_		
DIP switch		6	Defrost setting	F	or high hui	or high humidity		Normal		Always		
SWITCH		1	No function	_			_		_			
		2	Function switch		Valid			Normal		Always		
	SW9				SW9-3	SW9-4	Aı	mbient temp.				
			Starting Ambient temp. of flash injection		OFF	OFF	≤ 3°C	(Initial setting)				
		3,4			OFF	ON		≤ 0°C		Always		
			o		ON	OFF		≤-3°C				
								ON	ON		≤-6°C	
		1										
		2		MODELS		SW6		SW5-6				
		3				SHW230Yk	(Δ2	ON THE RES				
	014/0	4			_	HW230YK		ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6		
	SW6	5	Model select									
		6			N	MODELS		SW6		SW5-6		
		7			PLIH7-S	HW230YKA	A2R2	ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6		ON OFF 1 2 3 4 5 6		
		8			1 0112-0	200110	_I \/_	1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6		
	SW5	6						•				

^{*1 &}quot;Power failure automatic recovery" can be set by either remote controller or this DIP SW. If one of them is set to ON, "Auto recovery" activates. Please set "Auto recovery" basically by remote controller because all units do not have DIP SW. Please refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

^{*2} SW7-1 is setting change over of Demand/Low noise. It is effective only in case of external input. (Local wiring is necessary. Refer to the next page: Special function)
*3 Please do not use SW7-3, 4, 6 usually. Trouble might be caused by the usage condition.

(2) Function of connector

Tymon	Commonton	Function	Action by open/	Effective timing	
Types	Connector	Function	Short	Open	Effective timing
Connector	CN31	Emergency operation	Start	Normal	When power supply ON

Special function

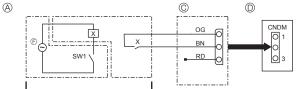
(a) Low-level sound priority mode (Local wiring)

By performing the following modification, operation noise of the outdoor unit can be reduced by about 3-4 dB.

The low noise mode will be activated when a commercially available timer or the contact input of an ON/OFF switch is added to the CNDM connector (option) on the control board of the outdoor unit.

- The ability varies according to the outdoor temperature and conditions, etc.
- ① Complete the circuit as shown when using the external input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E). (Option)
- ②SW7-1 (Outdoor unit control board): OFF
- ③SW1 ON: Low noise mode

SW1 OFF: Normal operation



- ® On-site arrangement© External input adapter
- (PAC-SC36NA-E)
- X: Relay
- Outdoor unit control board
- © Maximum 10 m
- © Power supply for relay

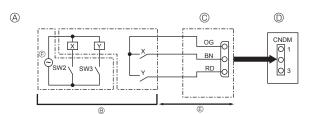
(b) On demand control (Local wiring) (Only for Air-conditioners)

By performing the following modification, energy consumption can be reduced to 0–100% of the normal consumption.

The demand function will be activated when a commercially available timer or the contact input of an ON/OFF switch is added to the CNDM connector (option) on the control board of the outdoor unit.

- ①Complete the circuit as shown when using the external input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E). (Option)
- ② By setting SW7-1 on the control board of the outdoor unit, the energy consumption (compared to the normal consumption) can be limited as shown below.

	SW7-1	SW2	SW3	Energy consumption
		OFF	OFF	100%
Demand	ON	ON	OFF	75%
function	ON	ON	ON	50%
		OFF	ON	0% (Stop)



- ® On-site arrangement
- X, Y: Relay

- © External input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E)
- Outdoor unit control board
- © Maximum 10 m
- © Power supply for relay

<Display function of inspection for outdoor unit>

The blinking patterns of both LED1 (green) and LED2 (red) indicate the types of abnormality when it occurs. Types of abnormality can be indicated in details by connecting an optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" to connector CNM on outdoor controller board.

[Display]

(1)Normal condition

Unit condition	Outdoor con	troller board	A-Control Service Tool		
Offic Condition	LED1 (Green)	LED2 (Red)	Check code	Indication of the display	
When the power is turned on	Lit	Lit	-⇔-	Alternately blinking display	
When unit stops	Lit	Not lit	00, etc.	Operation mode	
When compressor is warming up	Lit	Not lit	08, etc.		
When unit operates	Lit	Lit	C5, H7, etc.		

(2)Abnormal condition

Indic	ation	Error					
Outdoor cor LED1 (Green)	troller board LED2 (Red)	Contents	Check code *1	Inspection method			
1 blinking	2 blinking	Connector(63L) is open.	F3	①Check if connector (63H or 63L) on the outdoor controller			
		Connector(63H) is open.	F5	board is not disconnected.			
		2 connectors are open.	F9	©Check continuity of pressure switch (63H or 63L) by tester.			
2 blinking	1 blinking	Miswiring of I/F or FTC or outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (4 units or more)	_	①Check if I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly.			
		Miswiring of I/F or FTC or outdoor unit connecting wire (reverse wiring or disconnection)	_	 Check if 4 or more I/F or FTC units are connected to outdoor unit. Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting 			
		Startup time over	_	wire or power supply. (PRe-check error by turning off power, and on again.			
	2 blinking	I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communication error (signal receiving error) is detected by FTC unit.	E6	①Check if I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly.			
		I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communication error (signal receiving error) is detected by outdoor unit.	— (E8)	 Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire or power supply. Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor controller 			
		I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communication error (transmitting error) is detected by outdoor unit.	— (E9)	board. ①Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.			
	3 blinking	Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by remote controller.	E0	①Check if connecting wire of I/F or FTC unit or remote controller is connected correctly.			
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by remote controller.	E3	©Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller.			
		Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by I/F or FTC unit.	E4	③Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.			
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by I/F or FTC unit.	E5				
	4 blinking	Check code is not defined.	EF	OCheck if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller. Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire. Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.			

^{*1} Check code displayed on remote controller

Continue to the next page

^{*2} Refer to Technical manual of ATW, I/F, FTC.

Indication		Error				
Outdoor conti	roller board	0 1 1	Check			
LED1 (Green) L	LED2 (Red)	Contents	code *1	Inspection method		
3 blinking		Abnormality of comp. surface temperature (TH34) and discharging temperature (TH4)	U2	①Check if stop valves are open. ②Check if connectors (TH4, TH34, LEV-A, and LEV-B) on outdoor controller board are not disconnected. ③Check if unit is filled with specified amount of refrigerant. ④Measure resistance values among terminals on indoor valve and		
		Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature	U7	outdoor linear expansion valve using a tester.		
	2 blinking	Abnormal high pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated.)	U1	 ①Check if outdoor unit have a short cycle on their air ducts. ②Check if connector (63H)(63L) on outdoor controller board is not disconnected. ③Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty. 		
		Abnormal low pressure (Low pressure switch 63L operated.)	UL	Measure resistance values among terminals on linear expansion valve using a tester.		
	3 blinking	Abnormality of outdoor fan motor rotational speed	U8	①Check the outdoor fan motor. ②Check if connector (TH3) (63HS) on outdoor controller board is disconnected.		
		Protection from overheat operation (TH3), (T63HS)				
	4 blinking	Compressor overcurrent breaking(Startup locked)	UF	OCheck if stop valves are open. Ocheck looseness, disconnection, and reverse connection of compressor wiring.		
		Compressor overcurrent breaking	UP	③Measure resistance values among terminals on compressor using a tester.		
		Abnormality of current sensor (P.B.)	UH	Gheck if outdoor unit has a short cycle on its air duct. Scheck leakage of refrigerant.		
		Abnormality of power module	U6	Scheck leakage of ferrigerant.		
	5 blinking	Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH4, TH34)	U3	①Check if connectors (TH3,TH32,TH4, TH34 and TH7/6) on outdoor controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not disconnected.		
		Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)	U4	©Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistors.		
(6 blinking	Abnormality of heat sink temperature	U5	①Check if outdoor unit have a short cycle on their air ducts. ②Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistor (TH8).		
1	7 blinking	Abnormality of voltage	U9	 ①Check looseness, disconnection, and reverse connection of compressor wiring. ②Measure resistance value among terminals on compressor using a tester. ③Check if power supply voltage decreases. 		
4 blinking	1 blinking	Abnormality of water temperature thermistor (TH1)	P1	①Check if terminal on I/F or FTC are not disconnected.		
		Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor / Liquid (TH2)	P2	©Measure resistance value of I/F or FTC thermistors.		
		Abnormality of actual tank temperature thermistor (TH5)	P9			
(3 blinking	Freezing (cooling)/overheating (heating, heating ECO, anti freeze, hot water) protection	P6	Ocheck if short cycle of air path. Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty. Measure resistance value on outdoor fan motor. Check if the inside of refrigerant piping is not clogged.		

^{*1} Check code displayed on remote controller

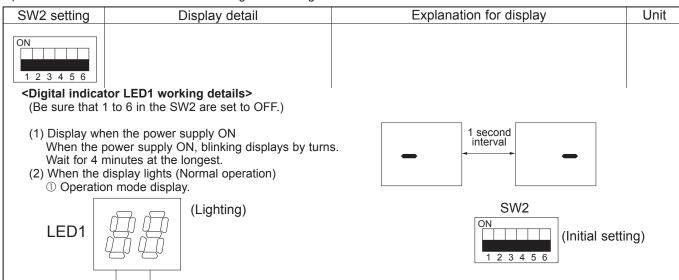
^{*2} Refer to Technical manual of ATW, I/F, FTC.

<Outdoor unit operation monitor function>

[When optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" is connected to outdoor controller board (CNM)]

Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on "A-Control Service Tool".

Operation indicator SW2: Indicator change of self-diagnosis



The tens digit: Operation mode

Display	Operation Model
0	OFF/FAN
С	COOLING/DRY
Н	HEATING
d	DEFROSTING

② Display during error postponement Postponement code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection device.

Postponement code is displayed while error is being postponed.

The ones digit: Relay output

The ones aight.				
Display	Warming-up Compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	_	_	_	_
1	_	_	_	ON
2	_	_	ON	_
3	_	_	ON	ON
4	_	ON	_	_
5	_	ON	_	ON
6	_	ON	ON	_
7	_	ON	ON	ON
8	ON	_	_	_
Α	ON	_	ON	_

(3) When the display blinks

Check code is displayed when compressor stops due to the work of protection devices.

Display	Contents to be inspected (During operation)
U1	Abnormal high pressure (63H operated)
U2	Abnormal high discharging temperature, high comp. surface temperature, shortage of refrigerant
U3	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH4, TH34)
U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors (TH3, TH32, TH6, TH7 and TH8)
U5	Abnormal temperature of heat sink
U6	Abnormality of power module
U7	Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature
U8	Abnormality in outdoor fan motor
Ud	Overheat protection
UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When Comp. locked)
UH	Current sensor error
UL	Abnormal low pressure (63L operated)
UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption
P1-P9	Abnormality of Interface or FTC units

Display	Inspection unit
0	Outdoor unit
1	Interface or FTC

Display	Contents to be inspected (When power is turned on)
F3	63L connector (red) is open.
F5	63H connector(yellow) is open.
F9	2 connectors(63H/63L) are open.
E8	Interface or FTC/outdoor communication error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit)
E9	Interface or FTC/outdoor communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)
EA	Miswiring of Interface or FTC/outdoor unit connecting wire
Eb	Miswiring of Interface or FTC/outdoor unit connecting wire (reverse wiring or disconnection)
EC	Startup time over
E0-E6	Communication error except for outdoor unit

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		i ne black square (■) indicates a swit	
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid(TH3) −40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When -10°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →10 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →05 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Output step of outdoor FAN 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of ON / OFF times of compressor 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 42500 times (425 × 100 times); 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □4 →25 →□□	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor integrating operation times 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 2450 hours (245 × 10 hours); 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s 2 → 45 → □□	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating current 0 to 50	0 to 50 Note: Omit the figures after the decimal fractions.	А
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating frequency 0 to 225	0 to 255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 125 Hz; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →25 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns. (Example) When 150 pulse; $0.5 \text{ s} \qquad 0.5 \text{ s} \qquad 2 \text{ s}$ $1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (1) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation mode on error occurring	Operation mode of when operation stops due to error is displayed by setting SW2 like below. (SW2) ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) on error occurring -40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When -15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge temperature (TH4) on error occurring 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →30 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Compressor operating current on error occurring 0 to 20	0 to 20	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (1) (latest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (2) Alternate display of error unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "— —" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON The state of th	Thermo-ON time 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 245 minutes; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s 2 → 45 → □□	Minute
1 2 3 4 5 6	Test run elapsed time 0 to 120	0 to 120 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105 minutes; 0.5 s □1 →05 →□□	Minute

The black square (\blacksquare) indicates a switch position.

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of connected indoor units	0 to 3 (The number of connected indoor units is displayed.)	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity setting display	Displayed as an outdoor capacity code. Model Code SHW230 40	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor unit setting information	The tens digit (Total display for applied setting) Setting details Display details H·P / Cooling only 0 : H·P 1 : Cooling only Single phase / 3 phase 0 : Single phase 2 : 3 phase The ones digit Setting details	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2) -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Actual flow water temperature (TH1) 8 to 39	8 to 39	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pressure saturation temperature (T63Hs) –39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C

The black square (\blacksquare) indicates a switch position.

	1	The black square (■) Indicates a switch	-
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ambient temperature (TH7) -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) –40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat SHd 0 to 255 [Cooling = TH4-Te3Hs] Heating = TH4-Te3Hs]	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Number of defrost cycles 0 to FFFE	0 to FFFE (in hexadecimal notation) (When more than FF in hex (255 in decimal), the number is displayed in order of 16³'s and 16²'s, and 16¹'s and 16⁰'s places. (Example) When 5000 cycles; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s	2 cycles
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Input current of outdoor unit	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-B opening pulse 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	U9 error detail history (latest)	Description Display Normal 00 Overvoltage error 01 Undervoltage error 02 Input current sensor error L1-phase open error Abnormal power synchronous signal 08 Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03 Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	DC bus voltage 180 to 370	180 to 370 (When it is 100 V or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	V

		The black square (■) indicates a switc	
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Capacity save 0 to 255 When there is no setting of capacity save "100" is displayed.	0 to 255 (When the capacity is 100% hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 100%; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →00 →□□	%
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (2) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error postponement code history (3) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error history (3) (Oldest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, "0" and "" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Error thermistor display [When there is no error thermistor, "-" is displayed.	3: Liquid pipe thermistor (TH3) 4: Discharge pipe thermistor (TH4) 6: 2-phase pipe thermistor (TH6) 7: Ambient temp. thermistor (TH7) 8: Heat sink thermistor (TH8) 32: Suction pipe thermistor (TH32) 34: Comp. surface thermistor (TH34)	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Operation frequency on error occurring 0 to 255	0 to 255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 125 Hz; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →25 →□□	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Fan step on error occurring 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-A opening pulse on error occurring 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 130 pulse; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →30 →□□	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Actual water temperature (TH1) on error occurring 8 to 39	8 to 39	°C

		The black square (■) indicates a switc	-
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pressure saturation temperature (T _{63HS}) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor pipe temperature/2-phase. (TH6) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor outside temperature (TH7) on error occurring -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□ t	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) on error occurring -40 to 200	-40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Discharge superheat on error occurring SHd 0 to 255 [Cooling = TH4-T _{63HS}] Heating = TH4-T _{63HS}]	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 150°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s 1 →50 → □□	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Sub cool on error occurring SC 0 to 130 [Cooling = Te3HS-TH3] Heating = Te3HS-TH2]	0 to 130 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 115°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →15 →□□	င
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Thermo-ON time until error stops 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 415 minutes; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □4 →15 →□□	Minute

-	The black square (■) indicates a switch position			
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	Ĉ	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Controlling status of compressor operating frequency	The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit. *The tens digit Display Compressor operating frequency control 1	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Outdoor suction pipe temperature (TH32) –39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (Example) When −15°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ →15 →□□	°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	LEV-C opening pulse 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Comp. surface thermistor (TH34) –52 to 221	-52 to 221 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s □1 →05 →□□	°C	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	U9 error details (To be shown while error call is deferred.)	Description Normal O0 Overvoltage error Undervoltage error L1-phase open error Abnormal power synchronous signal Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03 Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A	Code display	

8-9. Request code list

Certain indoor/outdoor combinations do not have the request code function; therefore, no request codes are displayed. Refer to indoor unit service manual for how to use the controllers and request codes for indoor unit.

	er to indoor unit service manual for now to u			
Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
0	Operation state	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
1	Compressor-Operating current (rms)	0–50	A	
2	Compressor-Accumulated operating time	0–9999	10 hours	
3	Compressor-Number of operation times	0–9999	100 times	
4	Discharge temperature (TH4)	3–217	°C	
5	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3)	-40-90	°C	
6	Outdoor driit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (1 H3)	-40-90	C	
	Outdoor unit 2 phase pine temperature (TLIG)	-39-88	°C	
7	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) Outdoor unit-Suction pipe temperature (TH32)	-39-88	°C	
8				
9	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7)	-39-88	℃	
10	Outdoor unit-Heatsink temperature (TH8)	-40-200	℃	
11			0.5	
12	Discharge superheat (SHd)	0–255	°C	
13	Sub-cool (SC)	0–130	℃	
14	Condensing temperature (T _{63HS})	-39-88	°C	
15				
16	Compressor-Operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
17	Compressor-Target operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
18	Outdoor unit-Fan output step	0–10	Step	
19	Outdoor unit-Fan 1 speed	0–9999	rpm	
13	(Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0 3333	ipini	
20	Outdoor unit-Fan 2 speed	0.000	rnm	"0" is displayed if the air conditioner is a single-fan
20	(Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0–9999	rpm	type.
21				
22	LEV (A) opening	0–500	Pulses	
23		0–500	Pulses	
	LEV (B) opening		Pulses Pulses	
23	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening	0–500	Pulses	
23 24	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500		
23 24 25 26	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current DC bus voltage	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current	0–500 0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	LEV (B) opening LEV (C) opening Primary current DC bus voltage	0-500 0-500 180-370	Pulses A V	

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
50			_	
51	Outdoor unit-Control state	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
52	Compressor-Frequency control state	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
53	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.		
_		·	_	
54	Actuator output state	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
55	Error content (U9)	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
56				
57				
58				
59				
60				
61				
62				
63				
64				
65				
66				
67				
68				
69				
	Outdoor unit Congoity potting display	Refer to 0.0.4 Retail Contents in Resulent Code		
70	Outdoor unit-Capacity setting display	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
71	Outdoor unit-Setting information	Refer to 8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	_	
72				
73				
74				
75				
76				
77				
78				
79				
80				
81				
82				
83				
84				
85				
86				
87				
88				
89				
90	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information	Examples) Ver 5.01 → "0501"	Ver	
-	,	Auxiliary information (displayed after	-	
91	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information (sub No.)	version information)	_	
		Examples) Ver 5.01 A000 → "A000"		
92				
93				
94				
95				
96				
97				
98				
99				
		Displays postponement code. (" " is		
100	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 1 (latest)		Code	
	, , , ,	displayed if no postponement code is present)		
101	Outdoor with Forman and an action of the Control of	Displays postponement code. (" " is	On the	
101	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 2 (previous)	displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	
		Displays postponement code. (" " is		
102	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 3 (last but one)		Code	
1		displayed if no postponement code is present)		

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
103	Error history 1 (latest)	Displays error history. (" " is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
104	Error history 2 (second to last)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
105	Error history 3 (third to last)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
106	Abnormal thermistor display (TH3/TH6/TH7/TH8/TH32)	3 : TH3, TH32 6 : TH6 7 : TH7 8 : TH8 0 : No thermistor error	Sensor number	
107	Operation mode at time of error	Displayed in the same way as request code "0".	-	
108	Compressor-Operating current at time of error	0–50	Α	
109	Compressor-Accumulated operating time at time of error	0–9999	10 hours	
110	Compressor-Number of operation times at time of error	0–9999	100 times	
111	Discharge temperature at time of error	3–217	°C	
112	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3) at time of error	-40-90	$^{\circ}$ C	
113				
114	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) at time of error	-39-88	°C	
115	Outdoor unit-Suction pipe temperature (TH32) at time of error	-39–88	°C	
116	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7) at time of error	-39–88	°C	
117	Outdoor unit-Heatsink temperature (TH8) at time of error	-40-200	°C	
118	Discharge superheat (SHd) at time of error	0–255	°C	
119	Sub-cool (SC) at time of error	0–130	°C	
120	Compressor-Operating frequency at time of error	0–255	Hz	
121	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan output step	0–10	Step	
122	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	
123	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	"0"is displayed if the air conditioner is a single- fan type.
124				
125	LEV (A) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
126	LEV (B) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
127	LEV (C) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
128				
129	Condensing temperature (TH _{63HS}) at time of error			
130	Thermostat ON time until operation stops due to error	0–999	Minutes	

8-9-1. Detail Contents in Request Code

[Operation state] (Request code :"0")

Data display C 4 Relay output state Operation mode

Operation mode

Display	Operation mode
0	STOP • FAN
С	COOL • DRY
Н	HEAT
d	DEFROST

Relay output state

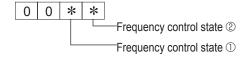
Display	Power currently supplied to compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	_	_	_	_
1				ON
2			ON	
3			ON	ON
4		ON		
5		ON		ON
6		ON	ON	
7		ON	ON	ON
8	ON			
Α	ON		ON	

[Outdoor unit - Control state] (Request code :" 51")

Data display			ıy	State
0	0	0	0	Normal
0	0	0	1	Preparing for heat operation
0	0	0	2	Defrost

[Compressor - Frequency control state] (Request code: "52")

Data display



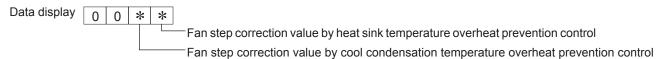
Frequency control state ①

Display	Current limit control	
0	No current limit	
1	Primary current limit control is ON.	
2	Secondary current limit control is ON.	

Frequency control state ②

Display	Discharge temperature	Condensation temperature	Anti-freeze	Heat sink temperature
Display	overheat prevention	overheat prevention	protection control	overheat prevention
0				
1	Controlled			
2		Controlled		
3	Controlled	Controlled		
4			Controlled	
5	Controlled		Controlled	
6		Controlled	Controlled	
7	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	
8				Controlled
9	Controlled			Controlled
Α		Controlled		Controlled
b	Controlled	Controlled		Controlled
С			Controlled	Controlled
d	Controlled		Controlled	Controlled
Е		Controlled	Controlled	Controlled
F	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled

[Fan control state] (Request code: "53")



Display	Correction value	
- (minus)	-1	
0	0	
1	+1	
2	+2	

[Actuator output state] (Request code :"54")

Data display 0 0 * * -Actuator output state ① -Actuator output state ②

Actuator output state ①

Display	SV1	4-valve	Compressor	Compressor is
				warming up
0				
1	ON			
2		ON		
3	ON	ON		
4			ON	
5	ON		ON	
6		ON	ON	
7	ON	ON	ON	
8				ON
9	ON			ON
Α		ON		ON
b	ON	ON		ON
С			ON	ON
d	ON		ON	ON
Е		ON	ON	ON
F	ON	ON	ON	ON

Actuator output state ②

Display	52C	SV2	SS
0			
1	ON		
2		ON	
3	ON	ON	
4			ON
5	ON		ON
6		ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON

[Error content (U9)] (Request code:"55")



Error content ①

Error conte	nt ①			: Detected
Dianley	Overvoltage	Undervoltage	L ₁ -phase	Power synchronizing
Display	error	error	open error	signal error
0				
1	•			
2		•		
3	•	•		
4			•	
5	•		•	
6		•	•	
7	•	•	•	
8				•
9	•			•
Α		•		•
b	•	•		•
С			•	•
d	•		•	•
Е		•	•	•
F	•	•	•	•

Error content ② Converter F

error

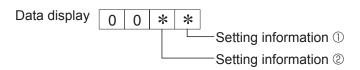
Display

: Detected				
PAM error				
•				

[Outdoor unit - Capacity setting display] (Request code: "70")

D (); (0 ''
Data display	Capacity
9	35
10	50
11	60
14	71
20	100
25	125
28	140
40	200
50	250

[Outdoor unit - Setting information] (Request code : "71")



Setting information ①

Display	Defrost mode
0	Standard
1	For high humidity

Setting information ②

Display	Single-/	Heat pump/	
Display	3-phase	cooling only	
0	Single-phase	Heat pump	
1	Sirigle-priase	Cooling only	
2	3-phase	Heat pump	
3	3-phase	Cooling only	

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R1

PUHZ-SHW230YKA2R2

→: Indicates the visible parts in the photos/figures.

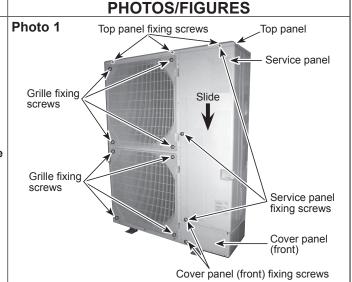
OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Removing the service panel and top panel

- Remove 3 service panel fixing screws (5 x 12) and slide the hook on the right downward to remove the service panel
- (2) Remove screws (3 for front, 3 for rear/5 × 12) of the top panel and remove it.

Note: There is a screw fixing both the service panel and the top panel.

Hence, the number of screws of either panel is one less than that mentioned above when both panels are removed.



2. Removing the fan motor (MF1, MF2)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove cover panel (front) fixing screws (2 for front/5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front). (See Photo 1)
- (4) Remove front panel fixing screws (2 for front/4 × 10, 5 for front/5 × 12) to remove the front panel and the grille together.
- (5) Remove the propeller. (See Photo 2-1) (Upper and lower)
- (6) Disconnect the connectors, CNF1 (white) and CNF2 (white), on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (7) Release the lead wires from the clamps on the motor support and the separator.
- (8) Release the lead wires from the hole on the separator.
- (9) Remove fan motor fixing screws (4 for front/5 × 20) to detach the fan motor. (Upper and lower)
- (10) When installing the fan motor, fit the lead wire into the hook under the fan motor and fix it with clamps firmly.
- (11) When fixing with the clamps, route and fix the lead wires as indicated in the Figure 2.

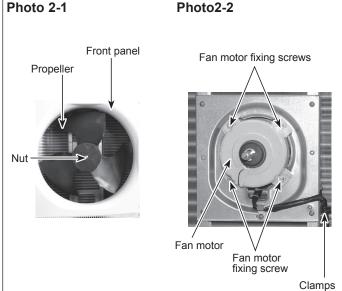


Photo 2-3

Figure 1

Front panel fixing screws

Figure 2

Lead wire of upper fan motor

Clamp

Lead wire of lower fan motor

Front panel fixing screws

3. Removing the electrical parts box

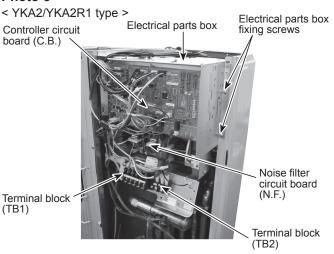
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the indoor/outdoor connecting wires from terminal block
- (4) Disconnect the connectors of CNF1, CNF2, LEV-A, LEV-B and LEV-C on the controller circuit board. <Symbols on the board>
 - · CNF1, CNF2 : Fan motor
 - LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C : LEV

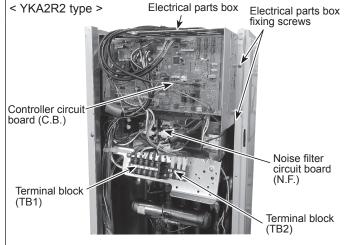
Release the lead wires of LEV from the clamps on top of the electrical parts box.

- (5) Disconnect the pipe-side connections of the following parts.
 - Thermistor <Liquid>(TH3)
 - Thermistor < Discharge > (TH4)
 - Thermistor <2-phase pipe>(TH6)
 - Thermistor < Ambient > (TH7)
 - Thermistor <Suction> (TH32)
 - Thermistor < Comp. surface > (TH34)
 - High pressure switch (63H)
 - Low pressure switch (63L)
 - High pressure sensor (63HS)
 - 4-way valve coil (21S4)
- (6) Remove the terminal cover and disconnect the compressor lead wire.
- (7) Remove the sensor holder from the rear guard on back of the unit.
- (8) Remove 2 electrical parts box fixing screws (4 × 10) and detach the electrical parts box by pulling it upward. The electrical parts box is fixed with 2 hooks on the left and 1 hook on the right.

PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 3





4. Removing the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connectors of TH6 and TH7 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <2-phase pipe>
(TH6), replace it together with thermistor <Ambient>
(TH7) since they are combined together.

Refer to No.5 to remove thermistor <Ambient>.

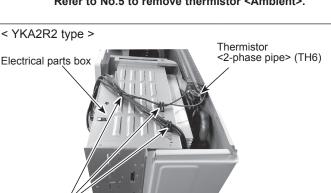


Photo 4

< YKA2/YKA2R1 type >

Electrical parts box

Clamps

<2-phase pipe> (TH6)

Thermistor

Clamps

5. Removing the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)

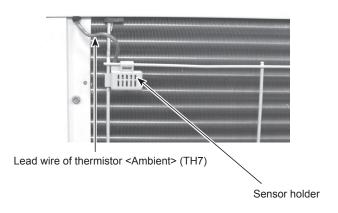
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Disconnect the connectors of TH6 and TH7 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4)
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Ambient> (TH7) from the sensor holder.

Note: In case of replacing thermistor <Ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), since they are combined together.

Refer to No.4 to remove thermistor <2-phase pipe>.

PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 5



Removing the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3), thermistor <Discharge> (TH4), thermistor <Suction> (TH32) and thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH34)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Disconnect the connectors of TH3 (white), TH4 (white), TH32 (black) and TH34 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box.
- (3) Release the lead wires from the cable strap on the electrical parts box.
 - Cut the cable tie bundling TH3, TH4 and TH34 to release the lead wires.
- (4) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire on separator.

[Removing the thermistor<Liquid pipe>(TH3)]

(4) Pull out the thermistor <Liquid> (TH3) from the sensor holder.

[Removing the thermistor<Discharge>(TH4)]

(4) Pull out the thermistor <Discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.

[Removing the thermistor<Suction pipe>(TH32)]

(4) Pull out the thermistor <Suction> (TH32) from the thermoholder.

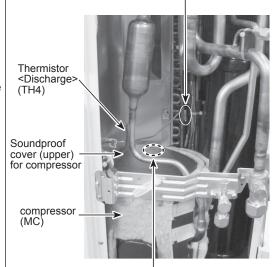
(TH32 : See Figure 5)

[Removing the thermistor<Comp. surface>(TH34)]

- (4) Remove the sound proof cover (upper) for compressor.
- (5) Pull out the thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH34) from the holder of the compressor shell.

Photo 6

Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)



Thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH34)

Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4) and linear expansion valve coil (LEV-A, LEV-B, LEV-C)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)

[Removing the 4-way valve coil]

- (3) Disconnect the connector of 21S4 on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. Release the lead wire of the 4-way valve from the fastener and the cable strap in the electrical parts box.
- (4) Remove 4-way valve coil fixing screw (M4 × 6).
- (5) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you.

[Removing the linear expansion valve coil]

- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (4) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit then remove the right side panel.
- (5) Cut the cable tie for fall-off prevention of LEV coils to release the lead wires.
- (6) Remove the linear expansion valve coil by sliding the coil upward.

8. Removing the 4-way valve

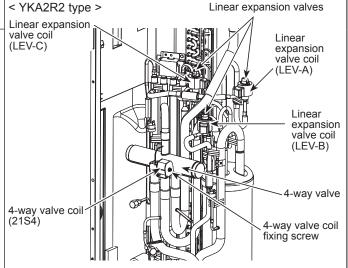
- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (4) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10), 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16) then remove the valve bed.
- (5) Remove cover panel (front) fixing screws (2 for front/5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front).
- (6) Remove right side panel fixing screws (3 for heat exchanger/5 × 12) and 2 cover panel (rear) fixing screws (5 × 12) in the side and rear of the unit (both of them are fixed in the base) then remove the right side panel and the cover panel together. (See Figure 4)
- (7) Remove the 4-way valve coil.
- (8) Recover refrigerant.
- (9) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.

9. Removing the linear expansion valve

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10), 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16) then remove the valve bed.
- (4) Remove cover panel (front) fixing screws (2 for front/5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front).
- (5) Remove right side panel fixing screws (3 for heat exchanger/5 × 12) and 2 cover panel (rear) fixing screws (5 × 12) in the side and rear of the unit (both of them are fixed in the base) then remove the right side panel and the cover panel together. (See Figure 4)
- (6) Remove the linear expansion valve coil.
- (7) Recover refrigerant.
- (8) Remove the welded part of linear expansion valve.

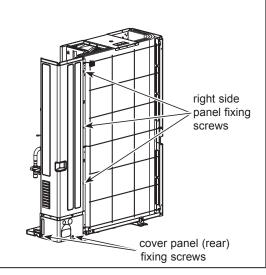
PHOTOS/FIGURES

Figure 3 < YKA2/YKA2R1 type > Linear expansion valves expansion Linear expansion valve coil valve coil (LEV-A) (LEV-C) Linear expansion valve coil (LEV-B) 4-way valve 4-way valve coil (21S4) 4-way valve coil fixing screw



- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the parts of refrigerant circuit, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

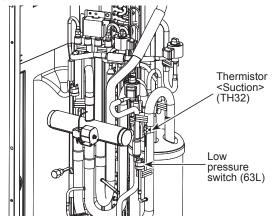
Figure 4



10. Removing the high pressure switch (63H) and low pressure switch (63L)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (4) Remove the valve bed. (See Photo 9)
- (5) Remove cover panel (front) fixing screws (2 for front/5 × 12) to remove the cover panel (front).
- (6) Remove right side panel fixing screws (3 for heat exchanger/5 × 12) and 2 cover panel (rear) fixing screws (5 × 12) in the side and rear of the unit (both of them are fixed in the base) then remove the right side panel and the cover panel together. (See Figure 4)
- (7) Disconnect the lead wire of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- (8) Recover refrigerant.
- (9) Remove the welded part of high pressure switch and low pressure switch.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the side panel (R).
- Note 3: When installing the parts of refrigerant circuit, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.

< YKA2R2 type >



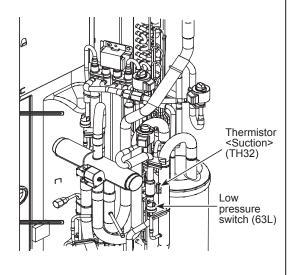
PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 7



High pressure switch

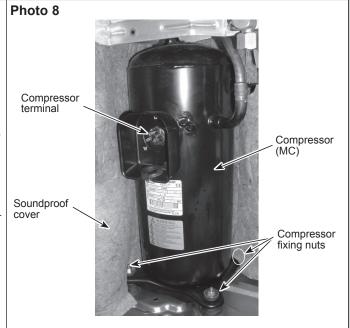
Figure 5 < YKA2/YKA2R1 type >



11. Removing the compressor (MC)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 × 12) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove 4 back cover panel fixing screws (5 × 12) and remove the back cover panel.
- (5) Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (6) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10), 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16), then remove the valve bed.
- (7) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and remove the right side panel.
- (8) Remove front panel fixing screws (2 for front/4 × 10, 5 for front/5 × 12) to remove the front panel.
- (9) Remove the soundproof cover for compressor.
- (10) Remove the terminal cover and remove the compressor lead wire.
- (11) Recover refrigerant.
- (12) Remove the welded pipe of compressor inlet, outlet and injection pipe.
- (13) Remove the 3 points of the compressor fixing nut using a spanner or a adjustable wrench.
- (14) Remove the compressor.

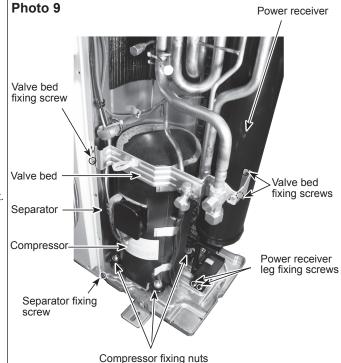
Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.



12. Removing the power receiver

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- (3) Remove 2 front cover panel fixing screws (5 × 12) and remove the front cover panel.
- (4) Remove 4 back cover panel fixing screws (5 × 12) and remove the back cover panel.
- Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)
- (6) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16) and then remove the valve bed.
- (7) Remove 3 right side panel fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit and then remove the right side panel.
- (8) Recover refrigerant.
- (9) Remove 4 welded pipes of power receiver inlet and outlet.
- (10) Remove 2 receiver leg fixing screws (4 × 10).

Note: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air.



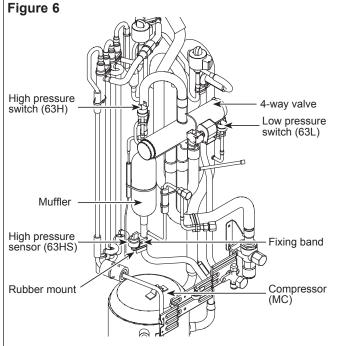
PHOTOS/FIGURES

Photo 10



13. Removing the high pressure sensor (63HS)

- (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)
- Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1)
- Pull out the lead wire of high pressure sensor.
- Remove the band that is fixing the rubber mount and the
- Recover refrigerant.
- (6) Remove the welded part of high pressure sensor.
- Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the
- Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel.
- Note 3: When installing the high pressure sensor, make sure to cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.



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